

## INTRODUCTION

Within the Consultative Group on International Agricultural Research (CGIAR), there is an enormous volume of agriculture-related information that is generated. In the past six or seven decades the CGIAR has accumulated historic crop datasets that are related to phenotype, breeding, germplasm, pedigree, traits, etc. However, available data is not systematically formatted and annotated which complicates data management, retrieval, and accessibility. Therefore, the Generation Challenge Programme (GCP) is deploying crop ontology to semantically characterize these datasets. The GCP crop ontology and associated open source software framework is described on the GCP "Pantheon" project web site (<http://www.pantheon.generationcp.org>).

Decomposing complex trait names into several simple terms and allocating these terms into various ontology domains (Figure 4) is necessary to properly annotate available data related to crop phenotypes.

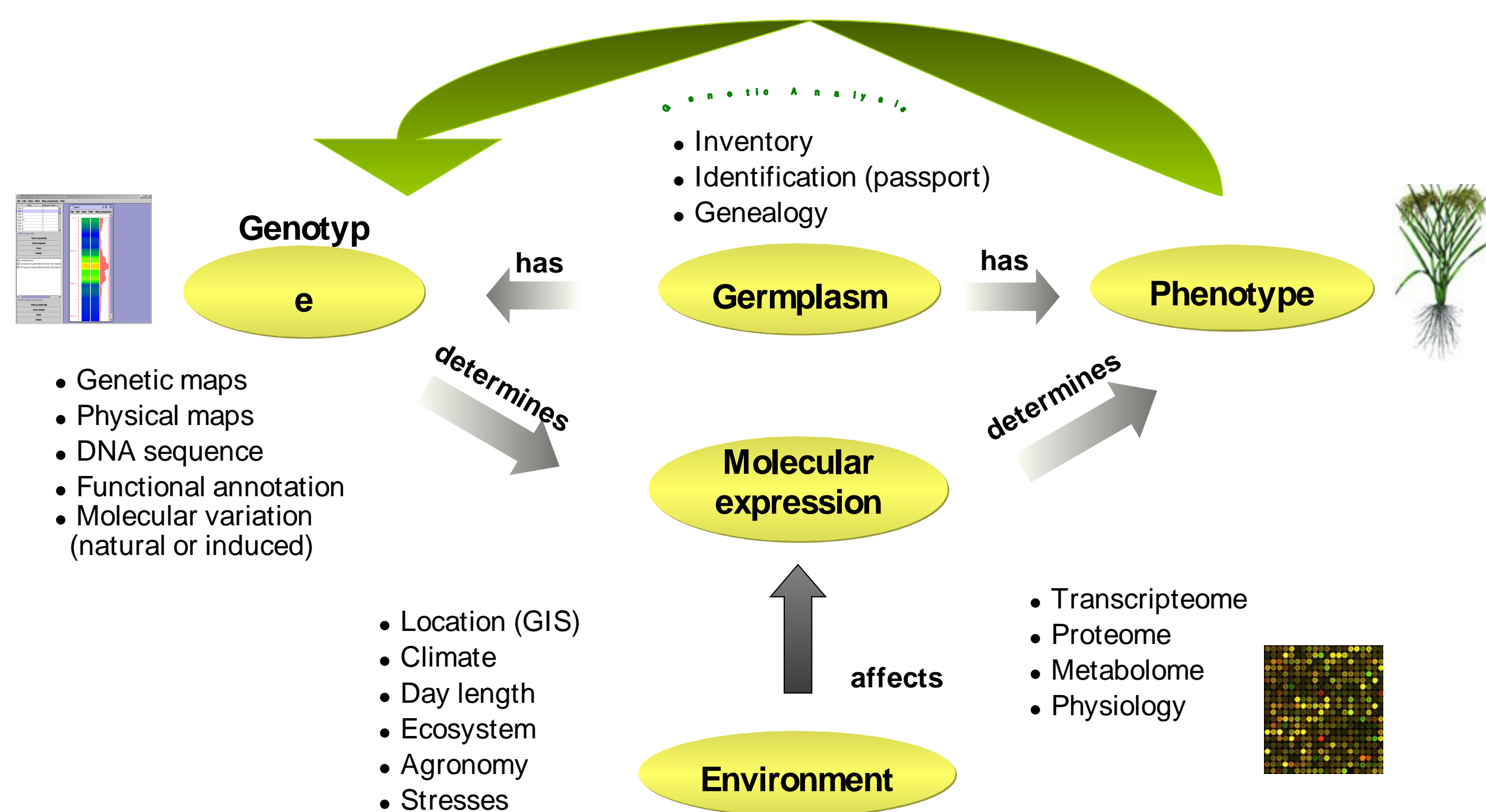


Figure 1. Integration needs across diverse crop data

## I. GCP crop ontology

The GCP ontology consolidates and adds to existing public ontology by indexing each ontology within the model in a consistent fashion.

The GCP ontology focuses on crop-specific anatomy, development, and trait ontology for the GCP mandate crops (Figure 2) and provides the exact meaning of terms related to phenotypes described by crop physiologists, plant breeders, and other crop scientists.

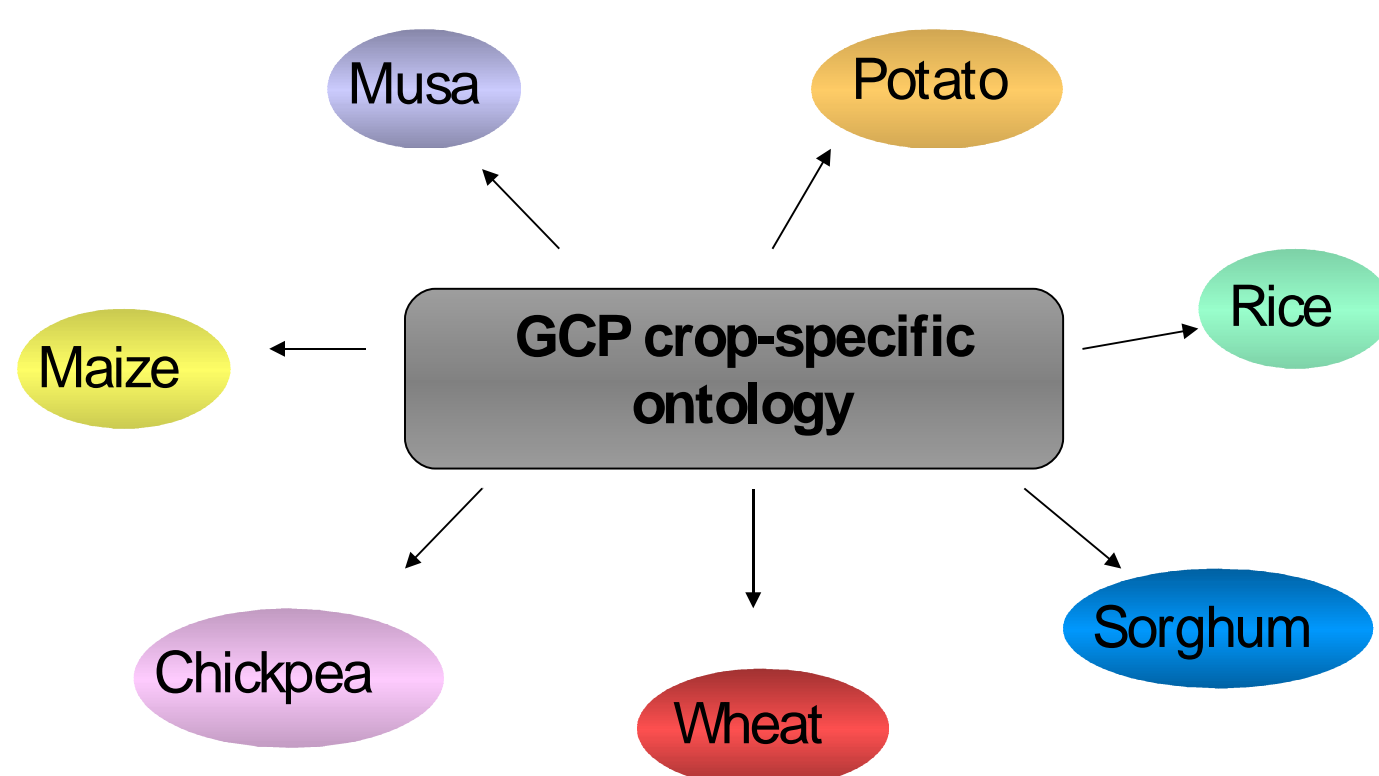


Figure 2. GCP mandate crops for developing crop-specific ontology.

## II. Importance of deploying the GCP crop ontology

Data related to phenotype and genotype available in CGIAR databases cannot be annotated by current ontologies because necessary terms are missing.

Free text is used for complex descriptions of phenotypes and trait names which is almost impossible to index and search in a meaningful way (Figure 3).

a. Osmotic pressure	c. Helminthosporium sativum blotch disease resistance
Osmotic pressure morning	Hsativum on leaf (0-5)
Osmotic pressure morning well water	% Hsativum on node
Osmotic pressure morning intermediate stress	% Hsativum_Flag
Osmotic pressure morning stressed	% Hsativum_Flag1
	% Hsativum_Flag2
Osmotic pressure afternoon	
Osmotic pressure afternoon well water	% Hsativum_Tiller1_Flag
Osmotic pressure afternoon intermediate stress	% Hsativum_Tiller1_Flag1
Osmotic pressure afternoon stressed	% Hsativum_Tiller1_Flag2
<b>b. Grain yield</b>	
Grain yield Kg	% Hsativum_Tiller2_Flag
Grain yield Kg_FieldWt	% Hsativum_Tiller2_Flag1
Grain yield Kg_GrainWt	% Hsativum_Tiller2_Flag2
Grain yield tons	
Grain yield tons_FieldWt	
Grain yield tons_GrainWt	

Figure 3. An example of complex trait names and variations in measurement encountered during the ontology development process.

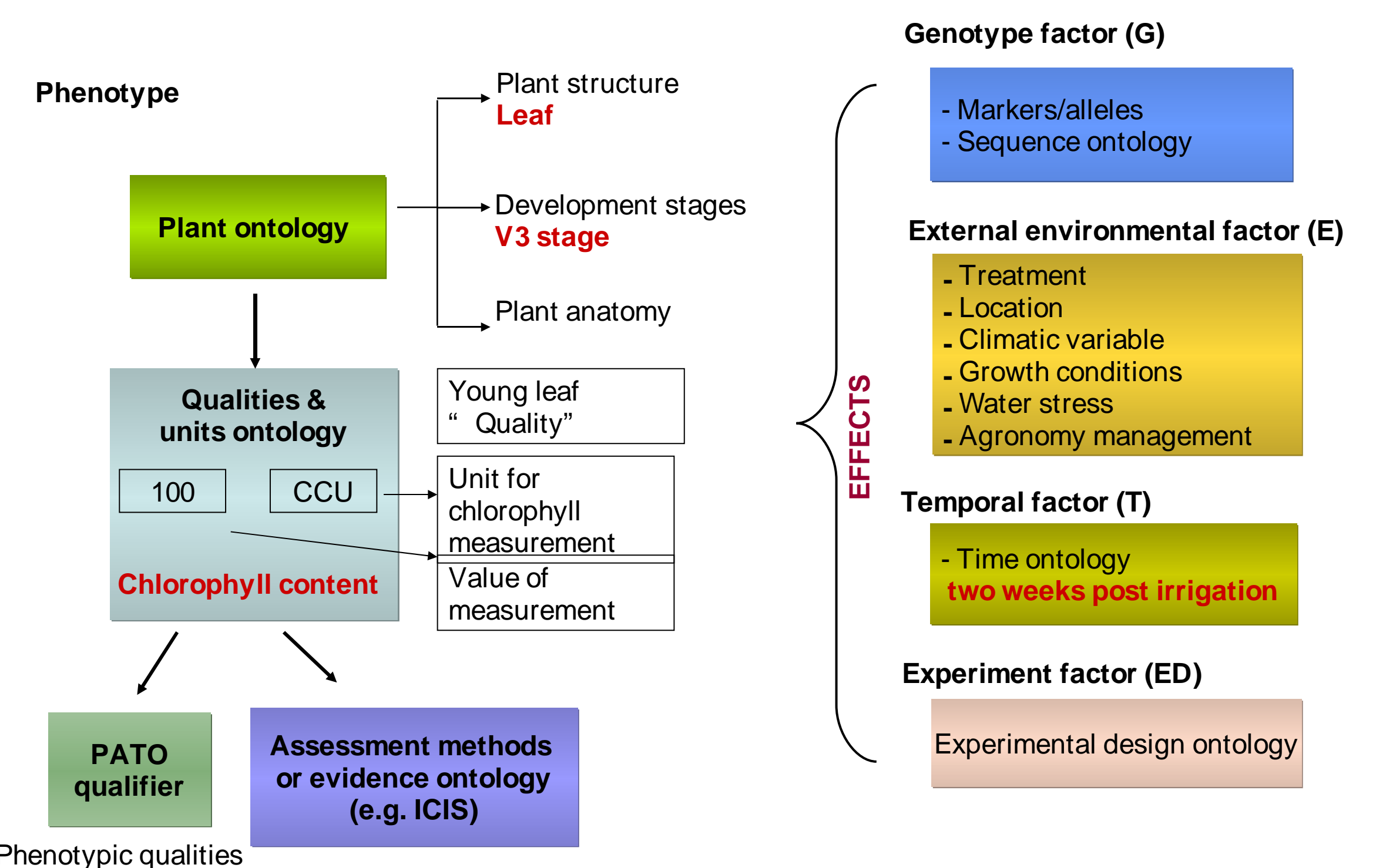


Figure 4. Schematic diagram representing the concept method for dissection of complex phenotyping trait terms and several factors that affect phenotyping of crops. Red fonts represent the ontology terms decomposed from the complex term "leaf chlorophyll content V3 stage two weeks after irrigation" that are embedded into respective ontology domains.

## AVAILABILITY

The GCP ontology and platform are described on the pantheon website (<http://pantheon.generationcp.org>) (Figure 5).

The CropForge software project management site (<http://cropforge.org/projects/gcpontology>) provides both the latest releases and previous versions of ontology flat files, which describe the terms, relationships, definitions, software tools, forums, and mailing lists for communication among collaborators.

Additional documentation for scientific end users of the GCP ontology is being established (<http://mcclintock.generationcp.org/>).

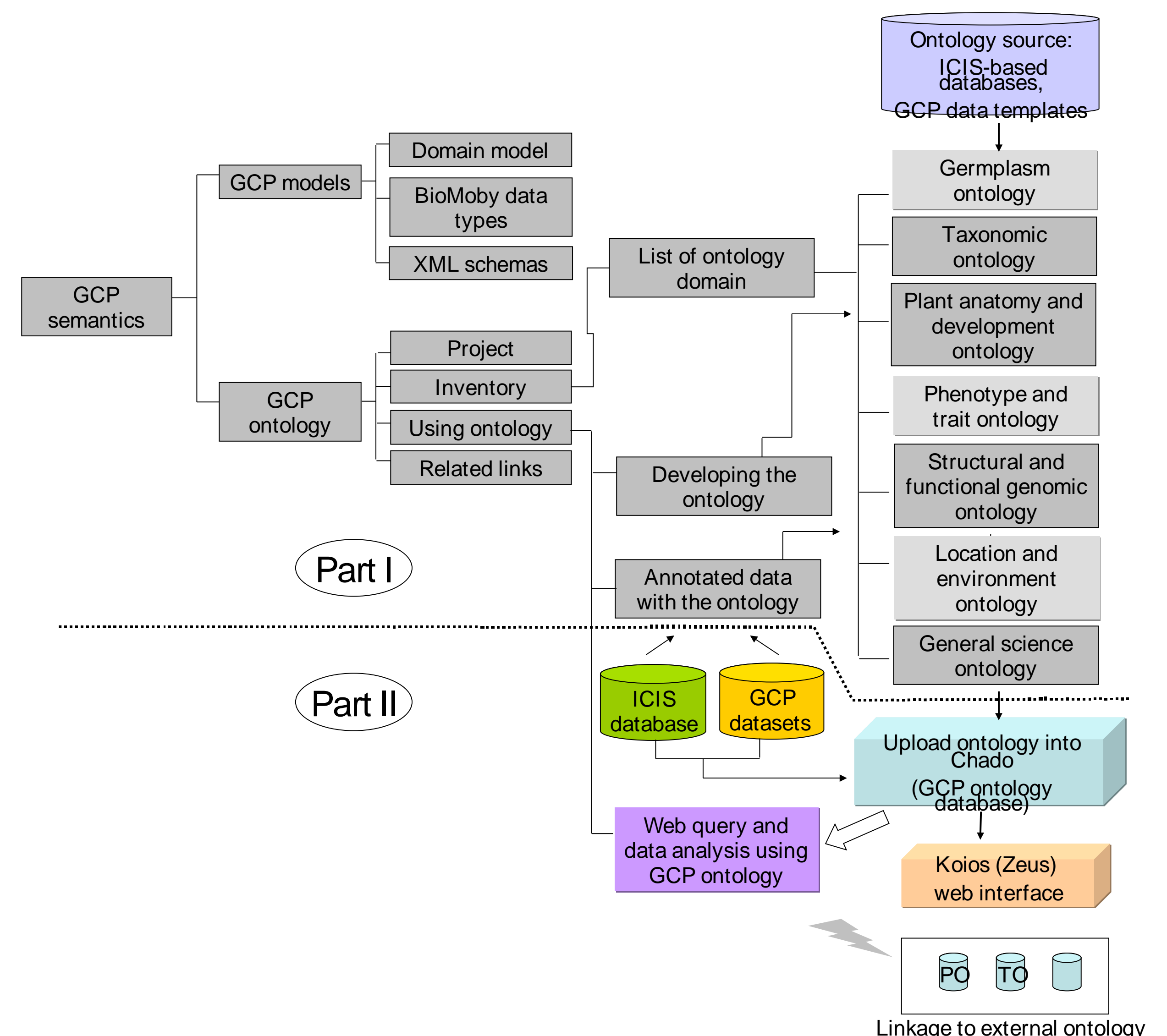


Figure 5. Overview of the GCP semantics. Part I indicates submenus under the main menu GCP semantics (<http://pantheon.generationcp.org/index.php>). Part II indicates an overview of the application part of crop ontology which is ongoing at present. The light rectangular box represents the major GCP target ontology domains.

## FUTURE STRATEGY

Develop a validation process for ontology terms involving a community of crop experts and botanists.

Apply the GCP ontology in the GCP phenotyping templates for annotation of representative data sets by researchers and integrate it into crop databases, e.g. the International Crop Information System (ICIS).

To provide a browser interface for searching ontology terms or specific ontology hierarchy and an annotation page for annotating GCP datasets with GCP ontology.

To integrate ontology management into the GCP platform for distributed integration of data across the Internet.

Integration with plant ontology (PO) and gramene trait ontology (GTO), to develop a common, internationally-shared crop trait and anatomy ontology.