## Bio-inspired functionalised magnetic nanomaterials as energy storage devices

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Hemoglobin and magnetic nanoparticles were employed to obtain a bio-modified nanomaterial using a simple solventless mechanochemical milling process. Dopamine was used as a robust anchoring agent to design stable nanostructures. The XPS spectrum show the band (400 eV) corresponding to nitrogen which confirms the presence of Hb in the obtained nanostructure. In addition, the amide I and amide II bands at 1654 cm<sup>-1</sup> and 1545 cm<sup>-1</sup> in the FT-IR spectrum indicate that Hb does not undergo changes in its secondary structure. This supposition was verified by Resonance Raman spectroscopy. TEM images display a homogeneous distribution of the Hb-DP-MNP, with a particle diameter of 10.1±0.2 nm.

Functionalized materials exhibited a significant magnetism, preserved upon functionalization. The functionalized Hb-DP-MNP nanocomposite was successfully employed in the design of a supercapacitor (specific capacitance: 115 Fg<sup>-1</sup>) with excellent cycling durability, over 94% specific capacitance retained after 1000 cycles.



## References:

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