ABANDONED UNDERGROUND COAL MINES OF DES MOINES, IOWA AND VICINITY

Technical Paper No. 8





Iowa Department of Natural Resources Larry J. Wilson, Director

December 1989



ABANDONED UNDERGROUND COAL MINES OF DES MOINES, IOWA AND VICINITY

Technical Paper No. 8

Prepared by Mary R. Howes Matthew A. Culp Helene Greenburg

Energy and Geological Resources Division Geological Survey Bureau

December 1989

Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Division of Soil Conservation and the U.S. Department of Interior, Office of Mining and Land Reclamation provided financial support for the research which is presented in this report.

> Iowa Department of Natural Resources Larry J. Wilson, Director

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page

PART I.	COAL N IOWA A			ND C	COAL	MIN	TES I	N TH	IE DI	ES M	OINI	E S,					1
INTRODUC	TION	•	•	•				•	•		•	•		•			3
SOURCES (OF INFO	RMA'	TIO	N AN	D RE	ELA	FED	WOF	RK.	•	•			•	•		4
COAL MIN	ING IN 7	THE D	ES I	MOI	NES A	ARE	Α.										4
Mining H							•	-	•	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	4
Mining M	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	5
ABANDON	ED COA	L MI	NES	IN T	HE D	ES N	MOIN	IES									
AREA	• •	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	8
PART II.	GEOLO AREA	OGY O	F TI	HE D	ES M	OIN	ES								•		11
INTRODUC	CTION					•	•	•			•	•	•	•	•	•	13
GEOLOGIO	SETTIN	NG OF	F TH	E DI	ES MO	DINE	ES AI	REA							•		13
DEPOSITIC IN IOWA		NVIRO	DNM	IENT	OF 7	ГНЕ	CHE	EROF	KEE (GRO	UP S	TRA	TA				13
STRATIGR STRATA)F TH	E DI	ES M	OINE	ES AI	REA	PEN	NSY	LVA	NIAI	۲	•	•	•	•	15
GEOLOGY DISTRIC		E NOR	TH	DES	MOI	NES	•		•	•		•	•	•			17
GEOLOGY	OFSUR	FICIA	AL M	ÍATE	ERIA	LS	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	19
ACKNOWL	EDGEM	ENTS	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•		•	21
GLOSSARY TERMIN			IC A	ND N	AININ	NG	•										23
REFERENC	ES.		•						•	•		•		•			25

LIST OF FIGURES

Page

Figure 1.	Map showing study area included in this report
Figure 2.	Features of a room-and-pillar mine, the most common method of mining in the Des Moines area
Figure 3.	Features of a longwall mine, a method used by a few mines in the Des Moines area where the coal was thin and the roof rock was
	stable
Figure 4.	Bedrock geologic map of Iowa showing distribution of Pennsylvanian-age rocks
F: 6	
Figure 5.	Depositional model of a peat-forming environment on a river delta in a coastal region
Figure 6.	Generalized stratigraphic section of the Cherokee Group in Iowa. Laddsdale, Cliffland, and Blackoak coals were
	mined in the study area
Figure 7.	Composite geologic section prepared from nine cores
	drilled in southeast Des Moines
Figure 8.	Map of the North Des Moines District showing mines,
	locations of Pennsylvanian channels, and probable limits of coal deposits .

LIST OF TABLES

Table 1.	Summary of mine site locations															
	and extents	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	8

LIST OF PLATES

Plate I.	Underground coal mines of Des Moines, Iowa															
	and vicinity	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	pocket

LIST OF APPENDICES

Page

APPENDIX I.	LIST OF MINES
APPENDIX II.	ALPHABETIC LIST OF MINE NAMES
APPENDIX III.	UNLOCATED MINES IN POLK COUNTY
APPENDIX IV.	PREPARATION OF UNDERGROUND COAL MINES OF
	DES MOINES, IOWA AND VICINITY
APPENDIX V.	SOURCES OF MINE DATA
	IOWA MINED LANDS DATA SYSTEM
	RESTORATION OF COAL MINE MAPS AND DATA
	COLLECTION
	STATE MINE INSPECTORS' MAPS AND FILES 91
	PUBLISHED DESCRIPTIONS OF COAL MINING AND GEOLOGY 92

PART I.

Coal Mining and Coal Mines in the Des Moines, Iowa Area

INTRODUCTION

Des Moines, Iowa, the state's capital city, is situated within a portion of the state underlain by abundant coal resources. Early in the city's history, local deposits of coal were a readily available source of fuel for homes, industries, and railroads. Eventually, an underground mining industry arose in the Des Moines area and persisted for over 100 years (1840 to 1947). Recorded production totalled 50,965,427 tons from original reserves estimated at 750 million tons in Polk County (Landis and Van Eck, 1965).

Little direct evidence of the once thriving coal industry is visible in the present-day Des Moines area. However, the underground openings left by mining operations continue to cause problems long after mining ceased. Undermined areas remain subject to subsidence (collapse) of the land surface until the mining opening has become stable. Subsidence in an urban area poses varying degrees of risk to people and property affected by the collapse. Incidents of mine-related subsidence have occurred in the Des Moines area and will probably persist.

Documentation of the coal industry survives in the form of surveyed mine maps, published records, and files accumulated by agencies responsible for monitoring and regulating the industry. Although these records are incomplete, partial delineation of the undermined areas and inferences about the local geology can be made from them.

The purpose of this study is to compile information on past coal-mining activity in the city of Des Moines and the surrounding urbanized area. Greatest emphasis is placed on delineating undermined areas and summarizing documentation from the available records. The limits of the study area encompass the most densely populated portion of the Des Moines area affected by undermining and includes all known underground mines in Polk County. Figure 1 shows the location of the study area and identifies the included communities. Surface mines, not included in the study area, were developed in the southeastern part of the county and produced a small amount of coal during the mid-1950s.

This report consists of five sections: 1) a discussion of coal mines and mining in the Des Moines area; 2) a map which shows locations and extents of identified mines superimposed on a map of Des Moines-area streets; 3) a discussion of local geology; 4) a glossary which explains geologic and mining terminology; 5) appendices which list data for each mine and describe sources and compilation of data.

This report comprises the best currently available information on underground coal mines in

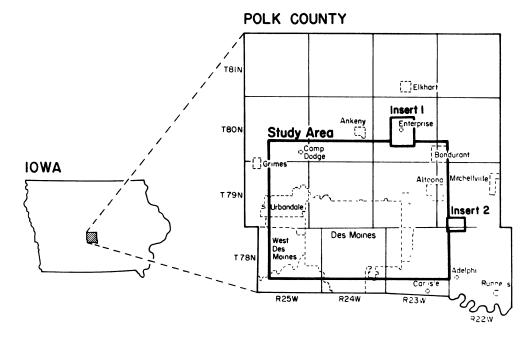


Figure 1. Map showing study area included in this report. Inserts 1 and 2 show the correct locations of portions of the area which were inset to make Plate 1.

the Des Moines area. It includes numerous revisions and additions to the report issued by the Iowa Geological Survey (IGS) in 1979. These refinements were achieved by careful study of a large number of restored mine maps including many which were not previously available. Additionally, use of computer-aided design techniques to prepare the map (Plate I) allowed more accurate transfer of information from mine maps. Caution is advised, however, in using the current report because part of the undermined area cannot yet be delineated due to incomplete or conflicting information.

Documentation of abandoned underground mines, especially in urban areas, is essential for evaluation of potential and existing mine subsidence problems. This report is meant to serve as a reference to known abandoned coal mines, but does not replace mine maps and detailed subsurface geologic data where more specific information is needed. This report serves, secondarily, as a historical reference for what was once an important industry in Des Moines.

SOURCES OF INFORMATION AND RELATED WORK

Preparation of this report was facilitated by results of a number of previous projects. The Des Moines area was included in an inventory of mine-related problems compiled by the Iowa Geological Survey (IGS) from 1979 through 1981 as part of the Abandoned Mine Lands Inventory under contract with the U.S. Department of Interior, Office of Surface Mining. Data for all mines which operated in Iowa were compiled as part of the Mineral Industry Location System under an Iowa Geological Survey contract with the U.S. Bureau of Mines in 1982. Coal mine names, locations, and dates of operation form a large portion of the data. Documentation of abandoned coal mines in Iowa was compiled and organized to create the Iowa Mined Lands Data System as part of a contract with the Iowa Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Division of Soil Conservation, from 1986 to 1988. This compilation of mine-related data and maps provided the information presented in the appendices and Plate I. It is described in further detail in Appendix V.

Recent episodes of mine-related subsidence in southeastern Des Moines were reported by Avcin

(1978, 1979) which prompted renewed interest in the abandoned mines underlying the area. In response, Lancaster and Avcin (1979) prepared a map of the Des Moines area published on a limited basis showing outlines of abandoned mines and a compilation of related data. The Des Moines City Engineer's Office modified the map by adding a city street base map and released it in that form.

COAL MINING IN THE DES MOINES AREA

MINING HISTORY

Soldiers stationed at Fort Des Moines about 1840 were the first to mine coal in the area from outcrops along the Des Moines River valley. One of these early mines was located near the Center Street dam on the Des Moines River (Sec. 4, T78N, R24W). However, coal mining did not become an important industry until about 25 years later. The development of coal resources in Des Moines was slowed by an abundant wood supply, unavailability of effective mining techniques, and inadequate transportation (Lees, 1908).

The organization of the Des Moines Coal Company by Wesley Redhead in 1865 marked the beginning of coal mining on a commercial scale. He opened a slope mine north of the city on the west side of the Des Moines River named the Des Moines Coal Co. Mine, indicated as #50 on Plate I. The fledgling coal-mining industry grew steadily and by 1876, 500 men were employed in the mines producing 150,000 bushels (approximately 8,000 tons) of coal annually (Lees, 1908). In 1893, records show there were twenty-three mines operating in Polk County. Twenty supplied coal for the "shipping" market, which implies they were large mining operations. Eighteen were equipped with the latest (for the time) models of steam-powered hoisting engines (Lees, 1908). Most mining activity at this time centered around the community of Sevastapol immediately south of the confluence of the Des Moines and Raccoon rivers. The Pioneer (#92 on Plate I) and Eclipse (#97 on Plate I) mines were major producers at this time.

Des Moines benefitted from the growth of its mining industry. Coal mines provided employment as well as fuel for homes, industries, and railroads. The railroad system expanded in response to the increased availability of fuel and the demand for transportation of the coal to other locations. Railroad spurs were commonly extended to the hoisting shafts of many of the larger mines so that coal could be loaded directly onto rail cars. These large "shipping" mines made Polk County a leading coal producer in Iowa.

Coal production continued to increase with the adoption of more efficient mining methods and the opening of new mines. From 1895 to 1905, over seven million tons were produced in Polk County. From 1906 to 1915, production doubled to over 14 million tons. Unfortunately, the rapid growth of the coal industry was accompanied by increasing numbers of mine-related injuries and fatalities. Early reports (until about 1915) of the State Mine Inspectors' Office include long lists of mining casualties.

Polk County ranked second (Monroe County ranked first) in total coal production during the height of the coal-mining industry. Coal production reached its peak in Polk County (and throughout Iowa) in 1917, when Polk County mines produced 1,880,812 tons of coal and employed nearly 3,000 mine workers. Total coal production for the state was 9,049,806 tons that year (State Mine Inspectors' Report, 1917). United States involvement in World War I was the primary cause for increased coal production. The coal mined in Iowa was shipped to Illinois and Kentucky to replace coal shipped from those states to industrial areas further east for the production of war materials.

Iowa coal production declined sharply with the loss of out-of-state markets after World War I. During World War II, labor shortages and development of new energy sources such as petroleum, hydroelectric, and nuclear power caused the further decline of the coal industry. By 1945, only four underground coal mines remained in operation in Polk County, employing 218 people and producing 128,311 tons of coal. The last underground coal mine in Polk County was the Central Service Mine No. 6 (#45 on Plate I) which closed in 1947.

Hinds (1908), Bain (1896), and Keyes (1894) used data collected from coal mines, coal exploration drilling, water wells, and outcrops to describe three coal seams which reached mineable thickness in the Des Moines area. They were referred to, in descending order, by the informal designations "first vein," "second vein," and "third vein." Some local names such as "Swanwood vein" or "Hastie vein" were used as well. Using this terminology, the historical descriptions suggest that the "first vein" was the smallest producer, probably because it was thin or sporadic in occurrence. The bulk of coal was produced from the "second vein" and "third vein," with the latter most often identified as the mined seam. The informal stratigraphic nomenclature used at the time did not imply that the coal seams were continuous or could be traced across the Des Moines area.

Mining was complicated by discontinuities and irregularities ("faults" in miner's jargon) characteristic of coal seams in the Cherokee Group. "Faults" often limited the extent of mineable coal and contributed to poor roof conditions or intractable flooding problems in the mines. Notes about these problems were commonly added to the mine maps and records as they were prepared.

Multiple-level mining was a common practice where two coal seams in vertical succession reached mineable thicknesses. Upper and lower levels of the mine were usually connected by a shaft or slope, although in some cases they may not have been operated by the same mining company. The Norwood-White mines No. 4 and No. 5 (#8 and #7 respectively, on Plate I) each operated in a different coal seam. A connecting shaft is shown on the maps for these mines.

MINING METHODS

The earliest mines were small drift mines located along streams and river banks and consisted of tunnels dug into an outcropping coal seam. These mines were operated by a few individuals and production was generally low. They were eventually replaced by larger, more efficient operations.

Room-and-pillar mining was the most common method used in the Des Moines area (figure 2). In this method of coal mining, a series of elongate, rectangular rooms were created as the coal was mined. The rooms were separated by pillars of coal left behind to support the roof (overlying rock). Typically, the rooms were arranged at right angles to two parallel corridors which served as haulageways. The parallel haulageways were used to direct movement of miners and coal and as a ventilation system for the mine. This method allowed removal of 40 to 50% of the coal. It was common practice to mine ("rob") the pillars just prior to abandonment to extract the last available coal from the mine. Consequently, less than 50 to

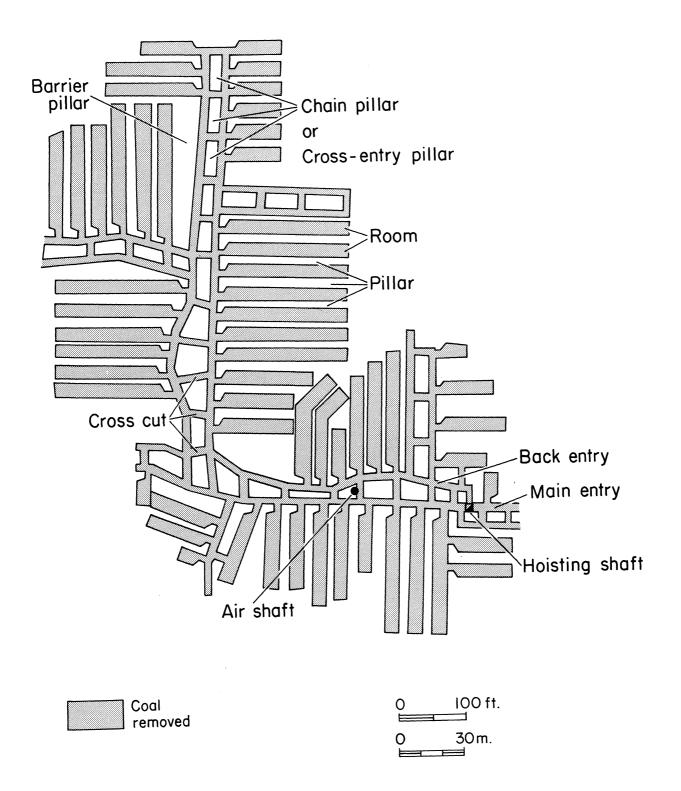


Figure 2. Features of a room-and-pillar mine, the most common method of mining in the Des Moines area. Fifty to sixty percent of the roof area is left supported by coal pillars, although pillar "robbing" decreased the percentage of roof support substantially in some mines.

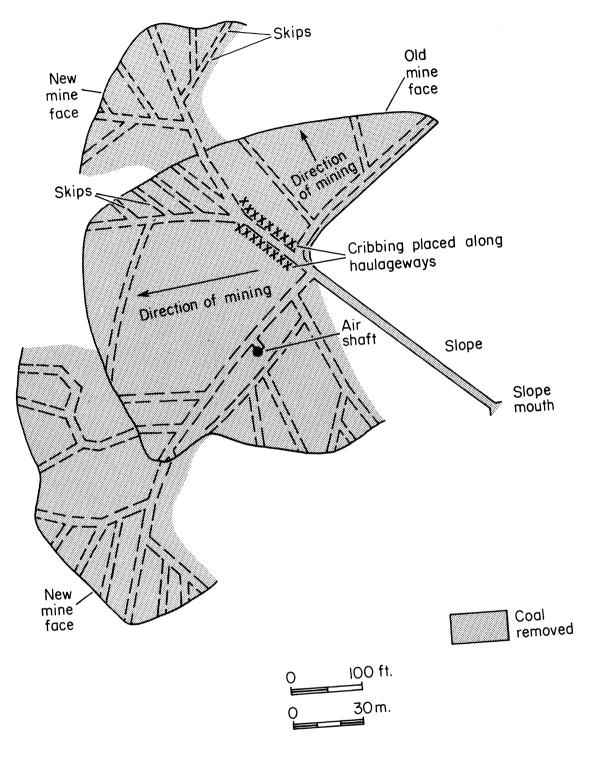


Figure 3. Features of a longwall mine, a method used by a few mines in the Des Moines area where the coal righte J. realures of a longwan mine, a method used by a rew mines in the Des Montes area where the coar was thin and the roof rock was stable. Nearly 100% of the coal was removed allowing the mine roof to collapse was than and the root rock was stable. Incarry 100 % of the coal was removed anowing the nume root to compse-soon after mining. Cribbing (artificial roof support) was installed along the main haulageways to keep them open.

Type of Information	Number of Mines	Located on Plate I
Mines with known extents	126	
Source of information		
Mine maps	101	yes
State Mine Inspectors' Maps	15	yes
Lease blocks from Annual Reports	10	yes
Mines with unknown extents	96	
Source of information		
Various, location known,		
extent unknown	34	yes
State Mine Inspector's files,		•
locations, extents unknown	62	no
TOTAL NUMBER OF MINES, ALL TYPES	222	

Table 1. Summary of mine site locations and extents.

60% of the roof area was supported when the mine was abandoned, increasing the possibility of roof collapse (Olin, 1965).

Longwall mining was used less often in the Des Moines area, usually as an adjunct to room-and-pillar mining. This method was typically resorted to where the coal seam was too thin to be economically mined by room-and-pillar methods or where the roof rock was exceptionally competent and immediate collapse was unlikely. Longwall mining was much more common in other areas of Iowa such as Centerville in Appanoose County (Howes et al., 1986). In longwall mining, entries were dug outward in a branching pattern into the coal seam and artificial support (usually wood), called "cribbing," was installed along the entries. Then the coal was mined outward from the entries in a fan-shaped pattern (figure 3). Longwall mining allowed removal of 90% or more of the coal.

Most of the mine entrances in the Des Moines area were vertical hoisting shafts, though a few slope entries were dug for shallow coal seams or coal outcrops along the river-valley bluffs. Air shafts were dug in most mines for air circulation and emergency exits.

Coal was mined largely by hand labor when the industry flourished in the Des Moines area. At the working face the coal seam was drilled and the holes were loaded with blasting powder to produce a controlled "shot" (a blast to fracture and loosen the coal). It was then further broken-up using picks and other hand tools. Small coal cars which were pulled by ponies or pushed by men ("pushers") over tracks that ran along the haulageways carried the coal to a central shaft. From there it was hoisted to the surface where it was loaded onto railroad cars or piled for storage. The hoists were powered by steam engines or "horse gins" (Jervis et al., 1951).

ABANDONED COAL MINES IN THE DES MOINES AREA

A total of 222 coal mines operated in the Des Moines area during the period of active coal production. The data available for each mine vary greatly in both quantity and accuracy (Table 1). This study located 160 (shown on Plate I) of the 222 mines and delineated the mined-out extents for 126. Detailed surveyors' mine maps are available for 101 of the locatable mines and are considered the most accurate source of mine locations and extents. Where more than one mine map was available for a mine, the most recent or most extensive was used for mapping. Ideally, this map was drafted after the mine was abandoned, insuring that the outline on Plate I represents the maximum extent of the mine. When these maps were not available, the most recent revisions were used to obtain the mine outline. Measurements from mine maps showed that an area totalling 12,366 acres (19.3 sq. mi.) is undermined by these well-documented mines.

Approximate extents for fifteen mines were obtained from State Mine Inspectors' maps. Comparisons of outlines on these maps with detailed mine maps show that some of the State Mine Inspectors' maps are inaccurate. Therefore, the outlines (Plate I) for these fifteen mines should be viewed as approximate and for this reason they are not included in the total acreage of undermined area. The Western Coal Co. Saylor Mine (#10) is notable because part of its outline was taken from a mine map and part from the State Mine Inspectors' maps. The portion outlined from the mine map was included in the total acreage of undermined land, but the portion obtained from the State Mine Inspectors' maps was not.

The tracts leased by coal companies (lease blocks) outlined in some IGS Annual Reports (e.g., Hinds, 1908; Lees, 1908) were used to show the approximate extents of ten mines. It was not possible to determine how closely the mined areas agreed with the lease blocks; therefore, these outlines should also be viewed as approximations of the actual undermined areas and are not included in the total acreage affected by underground mines.

Thirty-four mines were located for which no extent could be determined. The sources for these included IGS Annual Reports, State Mine Inspectors' Reports, and other unpublished documents. These mines are shown on Plate I as numbered triangles and are included in Appendices I and II. Many of these mines operated before reporting requirements were implemented so it is probable that no maps were filed with the State Mine Inspectors' office. Some of these mines may have been quite large, but their impact on the Des Moines area is difficult to assess because so little is known about them.

Sixty-two additional mines which could not be located were documented for Polk County (Appendix III). The records for these mines lacked location data or contained only vague references such as a post office address. Some of these may represent alternate names for mines which have already been located. Because little is known about them, any assessment of the area they undermined is presently impossible. As the preceding discussion indicates, the undermined area shown on Plate I is known to be incomplete. The number of mines comprising the well-documented undermined area is 44% of the total number of mines known to have operated in the Des Moines area. The remaining 56% of the total number includes all mines with poorly documented or unknown extents. The total acreage affected by these poorly documented mines is potentially large and their impacts are difficult to assess because so little is known about them.

PART II.

Geology of the Des Moines Area

INTRODUCTION

The geologic setting dictates the location of coal mines, the methods used in mining, and the impact of coal mines on the environment. The following discussion of coal geology is included to further explain the distribution of mining and consequent potential problems related to abandoned mines. An understanding of geologic conditions and processes is not essential to using the abandoned mine map and related information, but is included to provide further information about the area and the mines. A glossary of geologic and mining terms is included at the end of this report to aid the reader.

An economically mineable coal deposit results from a favorable sequence of geologic environments and processes: production and accumulation of peat, burial of the peat to sufficient depth for an adequate period of time to convert it to coal, and uplift of the coal and erosional downcutting of overlying materials bringing it close enough to the surface to be reached by current mining techniques.

Geologic conditions can also affect environmental problems caused by coal mining either during mining or for a period of time following completion of mining. Mine-related subsidence can be delayed or aggravated by physical characteristics of the overburden. Properties of consolidated and nonconsolidated overburden such as permeability, water-table elevation, crushing and shear properties, are complexly interrelated making mine subsidence difficult to characterize. Settling of structures caused by inappropriate construction techniques or instability of surficial material may mimic the subtler effects of mine subsidence in unmined areas or aggravate damage caused by mine subsidence. Under these circumstances, it is often virtually impossible to determine the cause of settling.

GEOLOGIC SETTING OF THE DES MOINES AREA

The bedrock over most of the Des Moines area is assigned to the Cherokee Group of the Pennsylvanian System (figure 4). Small areas of younger Marmaton Group strata are present in the southern and southwestern parts of Polk County (figure 4). In the study area the Pennsylvanian-age strata are separated from underlying Mississippianage carbonate rocks (e.g. limestone, dolomite) by a major unconformity (Ravn et al., 1984). The Pennsylvanian-age rocks are overlain by Pleistocene glacial tills, loess, and alluvium.

Des Moines and the surrounding area are situated near the northern edge of the Forest City Basin, a shallow Pennsylvanian-age structural basin centered in northwestern Missouri. The result is a gentle regional dip in the strata southwestward toward the center of the basin with gradual thickening of the Pennsylvanian-age rocks to a maximum of approximately 1700 ft. in the southwestern part of Iowa. The maximum thickness of Pennsylvanian-age rocks in the Des Moines area is approximately 450 ft. with the greatest thickness present in the southwestern corner of the county.

DEPOSITIONAL ENVIRONMENT OF THE CHEROKEE GROUP STRATA IN IOWA

The Cherokee Group strata of Iowa were deposited on the shoreline of an ancient sea situated near the equator during Pennsylvanian time (280-310 million years ago). In general terms, deposition occurred on large river-delta complexes. The dominant process in this environment is transport and deposition of sediment by fresh-water streams draining from the continental landmass into relatively shallow seas creating an environment favorable for establishment of coastal swamps. Deposits formed in this fluvial-deltaic environment are typically nonmarine clastic sediments (e.g. mud, sand) derived from the landmass. The deposits are usually lenticular and exhibit rapid lateral variations both in lithology and thickness. The nonmarine deposits are interbedded with sparse, lenticular marginal marine sediments, deposited in brackish water, gradational to marine shales and limestones, deposited in seawater. A tropical climate provided an ideal environment for lush plant growth while the depositional environment determined the type and amount of peat which accumulated as well as the impurities incorporated with the plant matter. Topographic relief was very low and the water table was at or near the land surface during deposition. Eustatic (region-wide) sea level changes exerted a strong influence on deposition in this environment by raising and lowering stream base levels and the

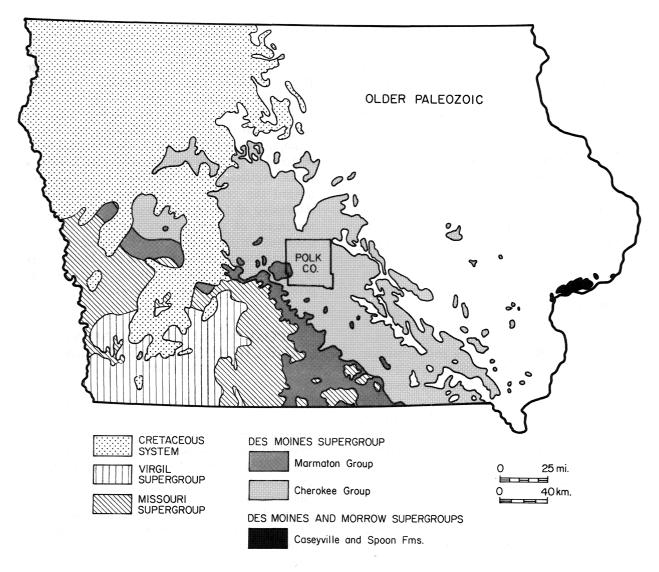


Figure 4. Bedrock geologic map of Iowa showing distribution of Pennsylvanian-age rocks. Pennsylvanian strata are absent in the area marked "Older Paleozoics" which combines all older strata. The Cretaceous overlies and obscures the Pennsylvanian in western and northwestern Iowa. Unconsolidated Pleistocene deposits cover the bedrock throughout the state.

water table. The high water table and poor water circulation provided favorable conditions for the preservation and conversion of the plant material to peat. Later a large influx of sediment buried the peat initiating the changes that ultimately produce coal. Conversion to coal proceeded over a period of time as depth of burial increased. The cumulative effects of burial depth and time determined the coal rank. Circulating groundwater precipitated additional impurities in coal fractures during burial including pyrite, sphalerite, calcite, quartz, and clay. Horne et al. (1978) suggested a model for depositional environments of coal in fluvial-deltaic settings based on extensive studies of drill hole data and outcrops in the eastern United States. Figure 5, adapted from that work, illustrates the type of setting which may have produced many of the Cherokee Group coals. Note the lenticular coal beds which are limited in extent by channels filled with clastic sediments (mud, silt, and sand). The small embayments between the channels would allow the development of small amounts of

AREA INFLUENCED BY MARINE TO BRACKISH WATER

AREA INFLUENCED BY FRESH WATER

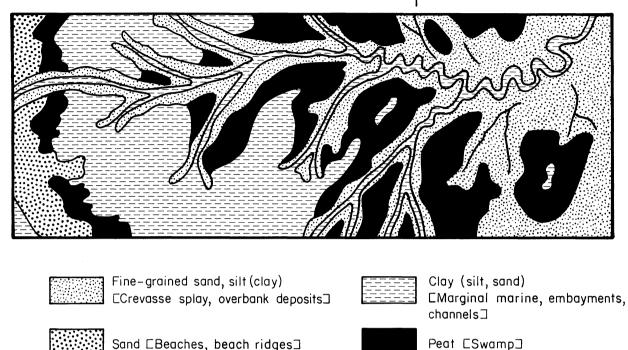
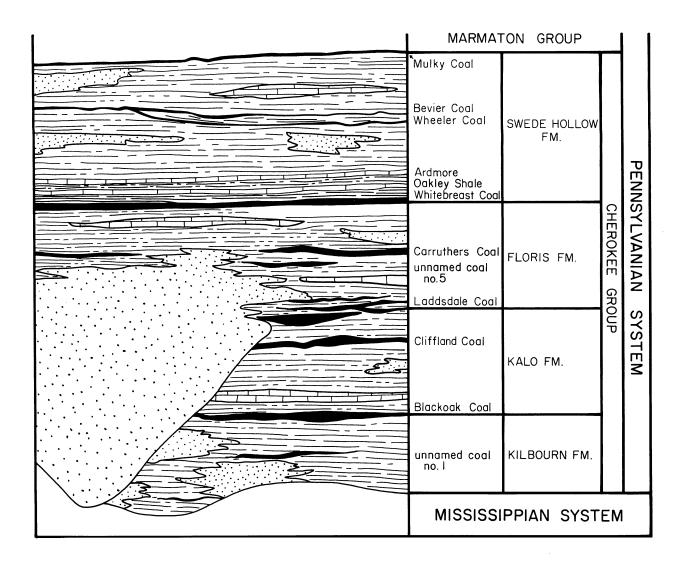


Figure 5. Depositional model of a peat-forming environment on a river delta in a coastal region. Sediments are predominantly nonmarine clastics, although small deposits of impure marine limestone may form in areas away from stream mouths (after Horne et al., 1978). Iowa coal deposits formed in similar environments.

marginal marine grading to marine sediments. Evidence of marine deposition in the Des Moines area is preserved as fossiliferous shales and limestone in outcrop and other subsurface.

STRATIGRAPHY OF THE DES MOINES AREA PENNSYLVANIAN STRATA

Comparisons of the descriptions in Hinds (1908), Bain (1896), and Keyes (1894) with recently obtained geologic and palynologic evidence suggest possible equivalences between the informal designations used in the past and currently accepted stratigraphic nomenclature. All coal seams known to occur in the Des Moines area can be assigned to the Cherokee Group of the Pennsylvanian System (figure 6). In the Des Moines area, and over most of the Midcontinent Region, the Cherokee Group consists predominantly of nonmarine shales, siltstones, and sandstones interbedded with coal seams and thin. discontinuous marine shales and limestones. The marine strata form a progressively larger, although still minor, component of the Cherokee Group strata from base to top. The coals typically become thinner upward and also become more persistent laterally and more uniform both in thickness and quality. Marmaton Group strata, which overlie the Cherokee Group, have been identified in western Polk County. These younger strata include a larger marine component than the Cherokee Group and elsewhere in Iowa include significant coal resources (the Mystic Coal). No significant reserves of this coal have been identified in Polk County. Ravn et al. (1984) and Ravn (1986) provided detailed discussions of Pennsylvanian stratigraphy and geology in Iowa. Swade (1985) discussed the geology and depositional environments of upper



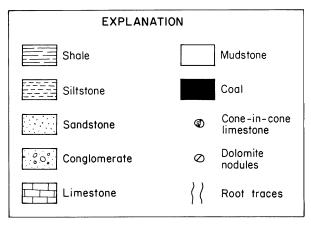


Figure 6. Generalized stratigraphic section of the Cherokee Group in Iowa. Laddsdale, Cliffland, Blackoak coals were mined in the study area. The complexity of the Cherokee Group strata cannot be adequately shown at this scale.

Cherokee and Marmaton for more details on Pennsylvanian geology of the Group strata. The reader is referred to these works state.

A series of cores were drilled in southeast Des Moines to investigate mine subsidence which occurred in 1978 and 1979 (Avcin, 1978, 1979). The geologic descriptions from these cores were combined to produce the composite geologic section for the study area shown in figure 7. Palynological analysis of coals obtained from these cores was used to assign current stratigraphic designations to the coal beds (Ravn, pers. comm., 1987). The "first vein" is probably equivalent to the coal which has now been identified as Laddsdale. Little coal was produced from this seam within the Des Moines area. It was probably much more productive immediately to the southeast in Marion and Warren counties. The mines in the area where the cores were drilled were believed to have operated in the "second vein" and "third vein" (Avcin, 1978, 1979). The "second vein" is probably equivalent to the Cliffland Coal and the "third vein" is probably equivalent to the Blackoak Coal. Based on this analysis, the major coal-producing seams in the Des Moines area were the Cliffland and Blackoak. The coal seam shown below the Blackoak seam in figure 7 is tentatively correlated with the unnamed coal beds of the Kilbourn Formation. Thin coal seams, also assumed to correlate with the unnamed coal beds in the Kilbourn Formation, were noted elsewhere in Des Moines below the "third vein" by Hinds (1908), Bain (1896), and Keyes (1894). These beds apparently did not reach mineable thickness within the area and therefore were not included in the informal stratigraphic designations of the time.

Palynological data are sparse outside of southeast Des Moines making area-wide correlations difficult. Lithologic correlations are problematic at best, but the available data suggest that the equivalencies between the old, informal nomenclature and current stratigraphic nomenclature determined for the southeast Des Moines remain valid over the rest of the study area. Research on regional coal stratigraphy in central Iowa suggests that the Cliffland and Blackoak coals were the most likely to have reached mineable thicknesses, with the Laddsdale reaching mineable thickness locally (Geological Survey Bureau, Iowa Department of Natural Resouces, unpub. files).

GEOLOGY OF THE NORTH DES MOINES DISTRICT

A portion of the North Des Moines District (as it was called ca. 1900) provides an interesting illustration of the relationship between the distribution of coal mines and ancient depositional environments. This area, shown in figure 8, is located along the Des Moines River and Harding Road and extends south from Interstate 80 to about 1/2 mile south of Hickman Road. The outlined mines were all in the "third vein" (probably equivalent to the Blackoak Coal) and are well documented by maps and descriptions. The triangles indicate mines which could be located but not outlined, since no mine maps are known to exist for them.

Notations on mine maps and descriptions of the mines for the area were used to map the original areal extent of workable coal (figure 8). Hinds (1908) described features which limited the extent of the coal as "faults" and identified them as two distinct types of channels. Contemporaneous channels (i.e., those which existed at the same time peat deposition occurred) were the most common and are marked by rapid thinning of the coal from several feet to a few inches where it pinches out against the edge of the channel deposit. The coal is commonly interbedded with clastic rocks (e.g. sandstone, shale) at the thinned edges suggesting overbank or crevasse splay deposits. In this situation the extent of the mine would be limited by the original depositional extent of the peat body. Post-depositional erosional channels (i.e., those which formed after peat deposition ended) which cut out the coal seam are less common. The channel cut-outs are also filled with clastic sediments, but the coal seam terminates abruptly against the channel-filling deposits without any change in thickness. The channel-filling sediment in this case is likely to include fragments of coal and other strata older than the channel. Hinds (1908) believed these to be at least pre-Pleistocene, and possibly as early as Pennsylvanian, in age.

Mine maps and descriptions include numerous references to channels which limit the extent of workable coal (figure 8). The eastern edge of the Flint Brick Company Shaft No. 2 and No. 3, the southern margins of the Madison Coal Company and Eagle No. 2 mines, and the northeastern

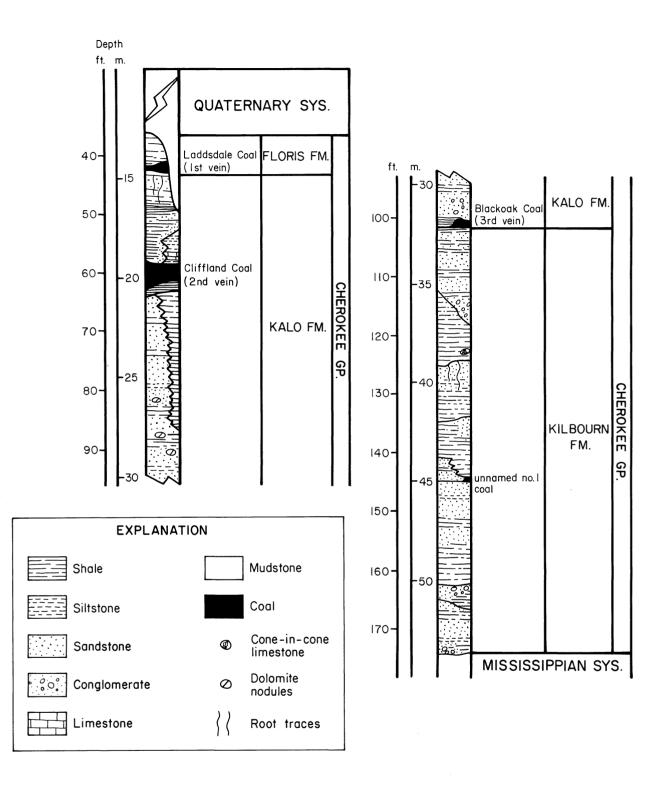


Figure 7. Composite geologic section prepared from cores drilled in southeast Des Moines. Informal stratigraphic designation used by Hinds (1908), Bain (1892), and Keyes (1894) are in brackets following the current coal bed names. The Cliffland Coal was mined in the area where the cores were drilled.

margin of the O.K. Coal Company mine were limited by thinning of the coal seam. The thinning probably occurred adjacent to a contemporaneous stream channel. Erosional channel cut-outs are described between the West Riverside and Flint Brick No. 2 and No. 3 mines and across the Blount and Evans mine and east of the Eagle No. 2 mine. Hinds (1908) suggested that these might be portions of a continuous channel and described it as 400 to 500 feet wide and filled with sandstone, "slate," and "fireclay" based on exposures in the haulageway across it in the Blount and Evans mine. The West Riverside mine also has a haulageway across the channel.

Additional channels were inferred from indirect evidence (figure 8). Maps of the American Coal Company and Eagle No. 2 mines note rapid thinning of the coal along their southern limits. The thinning of the coal appears to represent the edge of a contemporaneous channel. Long haulageways with no attached rooms may represent an attempt to cross a "fault" in the hope of reaching mineable coal on the other side (e.g., the West Riverside Mine). This pattern of mine development is seen on the southwest side of the Bloomfield No. 2 mine where a channel has been described (Hinds, 1908). A "fault" or channel is inferred between the Blount and Evans Mine and the Flint Brick No. 1 mine where a similar pattern is visible.

Figure 8 shows the positions of the channels as pairs of lines if both sides of the feature could be located or as a single line if only one side could be located. The locations of the channels were then used to delineate the possible extents of the bodies of coal in the area, shown as stippled areas. Thus, figure 8 is a geologic map assembled from historic records of coal mining using a current model of depositional processes in a coal-producing environment. The resemblance to the sketch in figure 5 is striking, suggesting that deposition occurred in similar environments by similar processes.

GEOLOGY OF SURFICIAL MATERIALS

Pleistocene-age sediments, overlying the Pennsylvanian-age rocks, comprise the surficial materials in the study area. They consist predominantly of glacial till and loess, and alluvium which range from a few feet to nearly 300 feet in total thickness. The till is typically somewhat sandy and includes lenses of gravel locally at the contact with the underlying Pennsylvanian-age rock.

Characteristic of the Pleistocene deposits are a number of large river-channel systems which resemble those of the Pennsylvanian. These channels also probably account for the greatest thickness of Pleistocene deposits in some areas. Although these channels developed long after coal formation was complete, they restrict the distribution and extents of coal mines in the study area. The channels locally cut out the coal or leave it too weathered near the channel edge to be usable. For example, the Beaver Channel is mapped by GSB (Bettis, pers. comm., 1989) in northeast Des Moines. The Des Moines Coal Co. Marquisville Mine (#11, Plate I), Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No. 3 (#18), and Western Coal Co. (#29) lie northeast of the northwest-southeast trending channel and were apparently prevented from further development to the southwest by this feature.

Physical characteristics of the Pleistocene-age materials, such as permeability and structural competence, affected the coal mines during their operation and influence the effects of the mined-out areas on the land surface. For example, localized gravel deposits probably contributed to flooding problems which some of the mines experienced. Coal mines with thin roof rock overlain by thick Pleistocene deposits were more prone to roof collapses and required more roof support to be operated safely. Following mining, these same characteristics probably contribute to subsidence problems. Avcin (1979) noted an episode of subsidence which was probably exacerbated by water-saturated gravel lenses at the contact between Pleistocene and Pennsylvanian strata.

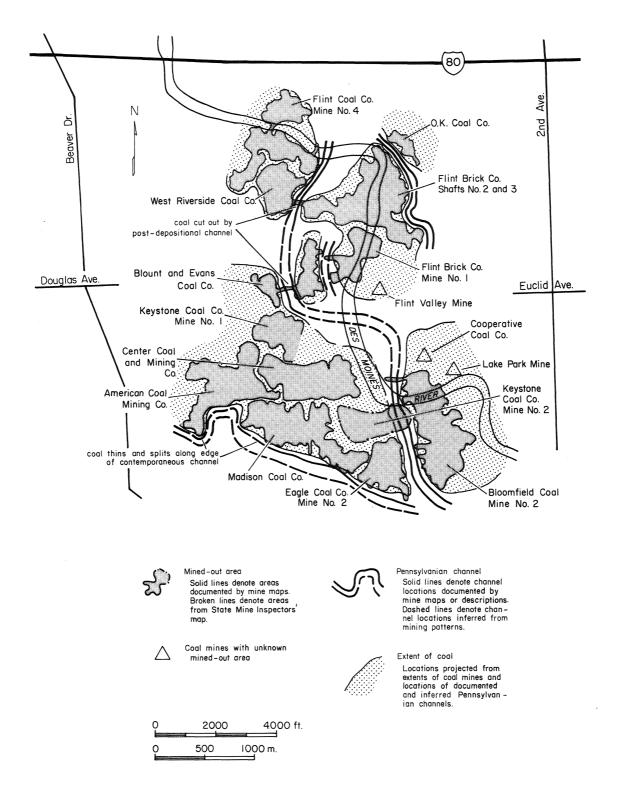


Figure 8. Map of the North Des Moines District showing mines, locations of Pennsylvanian channels, and probable limits of coal deposits. Some major streets are shown for geographic reference. The distribution of coal and documented and inferred channels suggest deposition in an environment like that proposed for the depositional model in figure 5.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We would like to express our sincerest gratitude to the Des Moines Historical Society for the loan of their collection of Des Moines-area mine maps. These maps were extremely valuable in the preparation of this report as they provided mine locations and mined-out areas that were previously unknown. This information will continue to be of great value to the community. In addition, we extend thanks to Mr. James Gulliford, Mr. Kenneth Tow, and Ms. Erica Berrier of the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Division of Soil Conservation, for their interest in, support of, and funding for this project. We also extend thanks to Tim Kemmis, Brian Witzke, Eve Watson, and Bernie Hoyer for editorial review and to graphics artists Pat Lohmann and Kay Irelan for preparing the illustrations, and to Mary Pat Heitman for her patient work on formatting this document for publication.

GLOSSARY OF GEOLOGIC AND MINING TERMINOLOGY

Alluvium, alluvial--general term for detrital deposits made by streams; process of deposition by streams.

Base level--lowest potential level of erosion. This is the lowest elevation which a stream may reach. As a stream approaches this level its rate of flow and hence erosive and sediment-carrying power decrease.

Basin--circular or elliptical sediment-filled depression in the earth's crust characteristic of continental interiors.

Bowlder--(var. of boulder) in coal mining, a mass of rock within a coal seam typically composed of partly decomposed peat which has been permineralized or impregnated with calcite and some pyrite. Fragments of plants are visible in some of these.

Brackish--water whose salinity is intermediate between seawater and streams.

Clastic--refers to particulate sediment without reference to particle size or origin (e.g. quartz sand, clay, etc.)

Consolidated--loose earth materials which have become firm and coherent.

Cretaceous--the span of geologic time from 135 to 65 million years ago and the rocks deposited during that time.

Crevasse splay--a deposit of sediment which forms when a stream breaches its levee due to flooding.

Delta, deltaic--accumulation of sediment at a river mouth, or referring to the delta or processes related to delta formation. Deltas may form wherever a stream empties into another body of water.

Dip--the angle, measured from horizontal, of rock strata which may be described on a regional or local scale.

Eustatic--pertaining to worldwide sea-level changes that affect all oceans, believed to be caused by addition or removal of water from continental icecaps.

Fault--a fracture in rock strata along which there has been displacement ranging from inches to miles.

Fault--(miner's term; see Bowlder) any defect in the coal seam which hinders mining. Faults, in this sense may include actual structural faults (see previous definition), folds, bowlders, channel cut-outs, etc.

Fireclay--(var. of underclay) clay found below coal seams. Fireclays are refractory (ceramic), underclays are not necessarily so.

Fluvial--pertaining to rivers or geologic processes related to rivers.

Fold--bend in rock strata produced by deformation of rock strata.

Formation--a subdivision used in classifying rock units by their composition, characterized by some degree of compositional homogeneity.

Group--a subdivision used in classifying rock units by their composition, i.e., a rock-stratigraphic unit, made up of two or more formations.

Holocene--the period of geologic time from approximately 8,000 years ago to the present. The Holocene is classified as a Stage within the Pleistocene Series in Iowa.

Horse "gin"--a machine powered by draft horses or mules, commonly used to power the hoisting gear in a coal mine.

Lithology--the description of the physical characteristics of a rock.

Loess--wind-deposited silt derived from Pleistocene river valleys.

Marginal marine--refers to deposits or processes which occur at the shoreline or in shallow water near the shore. Conditions such as salinity and temperature are variable and influenced by open ocean and on-shore processes.

Marine--refers to open ocean, with normal salinity, stable temperature, and oxygenation.

Member--stratigraphic subdivision of group, see stratigraphy.

Mississippian--a period of geologic time spanning the interval from 345 to 320 million years ago and the rocks which formed within this time. Mississippian is at the System level in the stratigraphic classification.

Nonconsolidated--any loose earth materials.

Nonmarine--refers to deposits or processes which occur in fresh water bodies such as streams or lakes.

Overbank deposit--fine-grained sediment deposited from suspension on a flood plain by floodwaters that cannot be contained within the stream channel.

Overburden--consolidated or nonconsolidated material which overlies a coal seam.

Palynology, palynostratigraphy--study of fossil spores and pollen and their use in determining correlation and subdivision of lithologic units.

Pennsylvanian--a period of geologic time thought to have covered the span of time from 280 to 320 million years ago. Also refers to the rocks formed during this period. The Pennsylvanian is at System level in the stratigraphic classification.

Pleistocene--the period of geologic time ranging from two to three million years to eight thousand years ago and the deposits formed during this period. The Pleistocene occupies the rank of Series within the Quaternary System. Several periods of continental glaciation during the Pleistocene prompted the informal name "ice age" for this period of time.

Quaternary--the period of geologic time

spanning two to three million years ago to the present time and the rocks and nonconsolidated deposited formed during that time. The Quaternary is at the rank of System in the stratigraphic classification in use in Iowa.

Rank--measure of the thermal maturation or degree of metamorphism of coal.

Series--see stratigraphy.

Shipping mine--a coal mine with railroad connections, usually a spur or siding. Shipping mines usually produced more coal than those which produced coal for local markets.

Strata--layers of rock.

Stratigraphy--the study of the arrangement of rock strata, especially geographic position and chronological order of sequence. A hierarchical system of nomenclature is used to describe rock strata. Rock stratigraphic classifications are based on similarities in physical characteristics of the rock layers. Rock stratigraphic terms used in this report are (in ascending order) bed, member, formation, group, supergroup, series, and system. Time stratigraphic classifications are based on time indicators, such as fossils, found in the rocks. Time stratigrahic terms, in ascending order, are era, period, system, series, stage, age, and epoch. The rock stratigraphic terms system and series are approximately equivalent to the time stratigraphic terms period and epoch, respectively.

Subsidence--sinking of land surface, in the context of this report, caused by collapse into an underlying opening such as a mine.

System--see stratigraphy.

Till--unsorted and unstratified mixture of clay, sand, gravel, and boulders deposited directly by a glacier.

Unconformity--a break in the orderly chronological succession of rock strata. An unconformity represents a period of erosion or non-deposition and delimits stratigraphic units.

- Abandoned Mine Lands Inventory: Geological Survey Bureau, Iowa Department of Natural Resources, open file.
- Avcin, M. J., 1978, Report of investigations on land subsidence in east Des Moines: Iowa Geological Survey unpub. man., 33 pp.
- Avcin, M. J., 1979, Report of investigations on land subsidence in east Des Moines No. 2: Iowa Geological Survey unpub. man., 25 pp.
- Bain, H. F., 1896, Geology of Polk County: Iowa Geological Survey Annual Report Vol. VII, p. 361-438.
- Hinds, H., 1908, Coal deposits of Iowa: Iowa Geological Survey Annual Report Vol. XIX., p. 21-396.
- Horne, J. L., Ferm, J. C., Caruccio, F. T. and Baganz, B. P., 1978, Depositional models in coal exploration and mine planning in Appalachian Region: American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin, v. 62, p. 2379-2411.
- Howes, M. R., Culp, M. A., Greenberg, H., and VanDorpe, P. E., 1986, Underground coal mines of Centerville, Iowa and vicinity: Iowa Department of Natural Resources Geological Survey Bureau Open File Report 86-2, 93 pp.
- Jervis, W., Chapman, T. C., and Jensen, A., 1951, Report for biennial period ending December 31, 1951: State Mine Inspector, 72 pp.
- Lancaster, R. P. and Avcin, M. J., 1979, Underground mines of metropolitan Des Moines: Iowa Geological Survey unpub. man., 29 pp.
- Keyes, C. R., 1894, Coal deposits of Iowa: Iowa Geological Survey Annual Report Vol. II, p. 406-424.
- Landis, E. R. and Van Eck, O. J, 1965, Coal resources of Iowa: Iowa Geological Survey Technical Paper No. 4, 141 pp.

- Lees, J. H., 1908, History of coal mining in Iowa: Iowa Geological Survey Annual Report Vol. XIX, p. 521-588.
- Olin, H. L., 1965, Coal mining in Iowa: State Mining Board, Iowa Department of Mines and Minerals, 96 pp.
- Owen, D. D., 1852, Description of the Carboniferous rocks of Iowa in Report of a geological survey of Wisconsin, Iowa and Minnesota and incidentally a portion of Nebraska Territory: Lippincott, Brambo and Co., Philadelphia, p. 90-140.
- Ravn, R. L., Swade, J. W., Howes, M. R., Gregory, J. L., Anderson, R. R., and VanDorpe, P. E., 1984, Stratigraphy of the Cherokee Group and revision of Pennsylvanian stratigraphic nomenclature in Iowa: Iowa Geological Survey Technical Information Series No. 12, 76 pp.
- Ravn, R. L., 1986, Palynostratigraphy of the lower and middle Pennsylvanian Coals of Iowa: Iowa Geological Survey Technical Paper No. 7, 245 pp.
- Swade, J. W., ed. Heckel, P. H., 1985, Conodont distribution, paleoecology, and preliminary biostratigraphy of the upper Cherokee and Marmaton Groups (Upper Desmoinesian, Middle Pennsylvanian) from two cores in south-central Iowa: Iowa Geological Survey Technical Information Series No. 14, 71 pp.
- VanDorpe, P. E., Howes, M. R., Miller, M. J., and Lenker, S. J., 1984, Underground mines and related subsidence potential, What Cheer, Iowa: Iowa Geological Survey Open File Report 84-3, 62 pp.
- White, C. A., 1870, Report on the Geological Survey of the State of Iowa, to the 13th General Assembly, January 1870, Vol. I, 381 pp.

APPENDIX I.

List of Mines

Appendix I lists the mines shown on Plate I. It is arranged in order by map number. The list of mine names for each site includes all known names used for a mine and the years of operation under that name. They are arranged in chronological order with the most recent listed first. This years-of-operation column is blank where this information is not available.

Entries in the "Map Date" column indicate the availability of mine maps. A year or "unkn" is entered if a mine map is available. The year indicates the date of last revision of the mine map. If this couldn't be determined "unkn" appears in this column. "None" appears in the "Map Date" column if no mine map is available. Outlines on Plate I for some of these unmapped mines were obtained from sources other than mine maps. For these mines, the source is noted in the Comments section.

The list of mine names given in Appendix I is arranged in Appendix II in alphabetical order with the corresponding map number and dates of operation. It is intended to be a cross-reference to Appendix I so that a mine may be located by name.

NO. ON PLATE I: 1	MINE NAME(S): Enterprise Coal Mining Co. Mine No LOCATION: NW SE NE 16 T80N R23W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 0. 1 1903-1917 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE	MAP DATE: 1917
	607 COMMENTS FOR MINE Enterprise This mine was opened by the Des Mo	bines Coal and Mining Co. in 1903. It was prise Mine No. 2 and mined the "2nd ve	
NO. ON PLATE I: 2	MINE NAME(S): Enterprise Coal Mining Co. Mine No LOCATION: NE NW SE 21 T80N R23W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 0. 2 1907-1917 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE	MAP DATE: 1917
	ACREAGE: ENTR 406 COMMENTS FOR MINE Enterpri The Des Moines Coal and Mining Co underground to the Enterprise Mine	ANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	s probably
NO. ON PLATE I: 3	MINE NAME(S): Wright Coal Co. LOCATION: SW SE NE 25 T80N R24W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1910-1924 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE	MAP DATE: 1924
	ACREAGE: ENTE 708 COMMENTS FOR MINE Wright C	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn koak
NO. ON PLATE I: 4	MINE NAME(S): Anderson Coal Co. LOCATION: NE 25 T80N R24W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1907- TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE	MAP DATE: none
	ACREAGE: ENTE unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Anderso No map is available for this mine so t shown was obtained from maps main mining company had 700 acres leased	ANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown n Coal Co.: he exact extent is unknown. The extent tained by the State Mine Inspectors' Of 1 and this was a shipping mine suggestin d by it. Four coal seams ranging from 6	fice. The g that a

NO. ON PLATE I: 5	MINE NAME(S): Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No. LOCATION: SW NW SW 27 T80N R25W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 8 1922-1943 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Grimes	MAP DATE: 1942
	ACREAGE: ENTI 770 COMMENTS FOR MINE Norwood	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p d-White Coal Co. Mine No. 8: from 1 to 3 ft. at elevations ranging from	SHAFT DEPTH: 210 ft. m 660 to
NO. ON PLATE I: 6	MINE NAME(S): Saylor Coal Co. Mine No. 2 LOCATION: NE SW SW 36 T80N R24W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1906-1928 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE	MAP DATE: 1928
	872 COMMENTS FOR MINE Saylor C The map shows old works west of thi	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p Coal Co. Mine No. 2: is mine which may be part of this mine o perated in the "3rd vein" or Blackoak Cos	
NO. ON PLATE I: 7	230 COMMENTS FOR MINE Norwoo The workings of this mine overlap th	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p d-White Coal Co. Mine No. 5: nose of the Norwood-White Mine No. 4 is one level at this site. This mine operated	
NO. ON PLATE I: 8	490 COMMENTS FOR MINE Norwoo Another coal seam, with poor roof r worked in this mine. The coal was c Swanwood Mine shaft and with one	1906-1911 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	the
NO. ON PLATE I: 9	MINE NAME(S): Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisville M Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisville M Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisville M	line 1906-	MAP DATE: 1927 1927 1927

Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisvill	e Mine -	1927
Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisvill	e Mine 1914-1922	1922
Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisvill	e Mine -	unkn
Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisvill	e Mine -	1914
Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisvill	le Mine -	unkn
Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisvill	le Mine -	unkn
Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisvill		unkn
LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
SE SW SW 1 T79N R24	W Des Moines NE	
ACREAGE: E	NTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
383	vertical/lw & r&p	271 ft.
COMMENTS FOR MINE Bloc	omfield Coal Co. Marquisville Mine:	
	omfield Coal Co. Marquisville Mine: ons which were combined. Maps of this mi	ne indicate
The mine map is in several section		
The mine map is in several section that it was worked on two levels.	ons which were combined. Maps of this mi	ver vein.
The mine map is in several section that it was worked on two levels. The upper, "2nd vein" (Cliffland	ons which were combined. Maps of this mi A slope existed from the upper to the low	ver vein. 71 ft. The
The mine map is in several section that it was worked on two levels. The upper, "2nd vein" (Cliffland lower, "3rd vein" (Blackoak Coal	ons which were combined. Maps of this mi A slope existed from the upper to the low Coal), was 4 to 4.5 ft. thick at a depth of 2	ver vein. 71 ft. The The slope

between the levels was located in the NW, SW, SW, Sec. 1, T79N, R24W. This mine may have also been known as the Marquisville Mine. Additional mine workings labelled Marquisville Mine 3rd Vein and Saylor Coal Co. Mine No. 1 are shown on the map.

NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Western Coal Co. Saylor Mine	1898-1910	1927
10	Saylor Coal Co. Mine No.1	-1898	none
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	NW SW 11 T79N R24W	Des Moines NE	
	ACREAGE: EN	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	90	vertical/r & p	216 ft .
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Weste		
		sources. The eastern part is from a mi	
		Mines Inspectors' maps. Part of the pil	
	removed in 1908. A partial outline	e is shown on the Bloomfield Coal Co. n	nap (#9).
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Des Moines Coal Co. Marquisville		1907
11	Des Moines Coal Co. Marquisville		1907
	Des Moines Coal Co. Marquisville		1907
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	NW SE NW NW 13 T79N R24W	Des Moines NE	
	ACREAGE: EN	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	506	vertical/r & p	180 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Des M	Ioines Coal Co. Marquisville Mine:	
	The map for this mine is in section	s which were combined for Plate I. This	s mine
	underlies the county home. It ope	rated in the "3rd vein" which is probably	y equivalent
	to the Blackoak Coal.		

NO. ON PLATE I: 12	43 COMMENTS FOR MINE Swanwoo A partial extent only was available for Norwood-White No. 4 map. The Swa	r the Swanwood Mine. It is shown on the anwood shaft section shows that the min is seam was correlated with the "3rd ver	ne worked
NO. ON PLATE I: 13	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Norwood No map is available for this mine. It	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1901-1903 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p Coal and Mining Co. No.1: was located six miles northeast of Des I d. The location was obtained from IGS	
NO. ON PLATE I: 14	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Altoona	YEARS OF OPERATION: TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Altoona RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: slope/unknown Mine: this mine is 1894. Its extent was obtained	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: 215 ft. ed from the
NO. ON PLATE I: 15	3 COMMENTS FOR MINE Interurb	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1919-1920 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p an Coal Co.: as Des Moines Ice and Fuel Co., Inter	MAP DATE: 1920 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn urban
NO. ON PLATE I: 16	MINE NAME(S): Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No. LOCATION: SW SE NW 17 T79N R23W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 2 1908-1912 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE	MAP DATE: 1912

	103 COMMENTS FOR MINE Norwo The coal seam at this mine was said	d to have been the same as the coal at the h was correlated with the "3rd vein" or Bla	
NO. ON PLATE I: 17	MINE NAME(S): Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No LOCATION: NW NE SE 18 T79N R23W	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: 1911
	ACREAGE: EN 318 COMMENTS FOR MINE Norwo This mine undermines a section of Klondike Mine No. 1. The coal sea of the main shaft. To the east it wa	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	nile north
NO. ON PLATE I: 18	MINE NAME(S): Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No LOCATION: SE SE 12 T79N R24W	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: 1926
	ACREAGE: EN 400 COMMENTS FOR MINE Norwo	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p bod-White Coal Co. Mine No. 3: , however portions of the map have been 1	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn lost. This
NO. ON PLATE I: 19	MINE NAME(S): Rider Cooperative Coal Co. Rider Cooperative Coal Co. Rider Cooperative Coal Co. Rider Cooperative Coal Co. Rider Cooperative Coal Co. Rider-Heim Coal Co. Gibson Coal Co. (Mine No.1) Sayer Coal Co. LOCATION: NW NW NE 21 T79N R25W ACREAGE: 212	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1931-1939 - - 1929-1931 1925-1929 - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Grimes TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: 1937 1937 1936 1933 1933 none none none SHAFT DEPTH: 365 ft.
NO. ON PLATE I: 20	MINE NAME(S): Jonkers Mine LOCATION: NW SW NE 21 T79N R25W	YEARS OF OPERATION: TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Grimes	MAP DATE: unkn

ACREAGE:ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:10vertical/r & p

SHAFT DEPTH: unkn

COMMENTS FOR MINE Jonkers Mine

Available geologic data for this area indicated that the coal is variable in thickness ranging from 3.5 to 6.6 ft. at elevation ranging from 612 to 655 ft.

NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:		
PLATE I:	Merle Hay Coal Co.	1942-1947	1947		
21	Beck Coal Co. Mine	1940-1942	1947		
	Beck Coal Co. Mine	-	1941		
	Beck Coal Co.	-	1938		
	Beck Brothers Coal Co.	1937-1940	none		
	Beck Coal Co.	-	1937		
	Beck Coal Co.	•	1937		
	Beck Coal Co.	-	1936		
	Beck Coal Co.	-	1936		
	Beck Coal Co.	-	1931		
	Beck Coal Co.	-	1924		
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:			
	SE NE NE 24 T79N R25W Des Moines NW				
	ACREAGE: E	NTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:		
	90	vertical/r & p	200 ft.		
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Merle Hay Coal Co.:				
	This mine was also known as Beck Coal and Mining. Longwall and room and pillar				
	methods were used in this mine. This was one of the last three mines to operate in				
	Polk Co.				
NO ON	MINE NAME(S).	VEARS OF OPERATION.	MAP DATE:		

NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Flint Coal Co. Mine No. 4	1927-1928	1928
22	Flint Coal Co. Mine No. 4	1920-1927	1927
	Flint Coal Co. Mine No. 4	-	1926
	Liberty Coal and Mining Co.	-	1920
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	NE NW NW 21 T79N R2	4W Des Moines NW	
	ACREAGE:	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	70	vertical/r & p	unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 23	60 COMMENTS FOR MINE We This mine had a second hoisting surface was a 15 in. coal and mi	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	a 1 ft. coal.

have also been known as the Riverside Coal Co. The mine map shows other mined areas labelled "Old Oak Park workings" and "Old Flint workings".

NO. ON PLATE I: 24	45 COMMENTS FOR MINE Blount a The mine map (1913) shows old wor	ks for Keystone Mine No. 1 and Flint vein" or Blackoak Coal. The "2nd veir	
NO. ON PLATE I: 25	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Flint Br	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: unkn unkn unkn SHAFT DEPTH: 122 ft. ted with the
NO. ON PLATE I: 26	104 COMMENTS FOR MINE Flint Br The Flint Brick Co. mine, also know 3. The mine maps show a connection this mine was used in the company be the east and west by apparent erosion mine. The result was that the coal w	nd 3 - nd 3 - nd 3 - nd 3 - nd 3 - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NW 'RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	e coal from bordered on th of the ersection of

NO. ON PLATE I: 27		YEARS OF OPERATION: 1903-1906 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NW RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	MAP DATE: 1906 SHAFT DEPTH:
	and the O. K. mine. This mine also o	vertical/r & p al Co.: cosion channel between the Flint Brick (operated in the "3rd vein" which is proba e coal was 3.5 ft. thick. This mine was flo	ably
NO. ON PLATE I: 28	MINE NAME(S): Highland Park Mine LOCATION:	YEARS OF OPERATION: TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: none
	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Highland	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown J Park Mine: were obtained from maps maintained by	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn y the State
NO. ON PLATE I: 29	MINE NAME(S): Western Coal Co. LOCATION: SW NE SE NE 24 T79N R24W ACREAGE: ENTH	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1896-1902 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	MAP DATE: 1896 SHAFT DEPTH:
	3	vertical/r & p	unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 30	MINE NAME(S): Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No. LOCATION: SE SE NW NE 19 T79N R23W	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: 1924
	ACREAGE: ENTI 112 COMMENTS FOR MINE Norwood Maps indicate that two coal seams m the "top vein" and the "Swanwood Vein what was known as the "3rd vein" else nomenclature the Swanwood vein pri- the "top vein" to the Cliffland Coal. T	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	d with ent Coal and al mine
NO. ON PLATE I: 31	MINE NAME(S): Gibson Coal Co. Mine No. 4 LOCATION: SW NE 23 T79N R23W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1903-1909 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Altoona	MAP DATE: 1909

	ACREAGE: EN 105 COMMENTS FOR MINE Gibson	FRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p 1 Coal Co. Mine No. 4	SHAFT DEPTH: 190 ft.
		re given on the mine map. The location	was
NO. ON PLATE I:	MINE NAME(S): Maple Block Coal Co. Mine No. 1	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1906-1917	MAP DATE: 1915
32	Maple Block Coal Co. Mine No. 1 LOCATION: NE NW SE 28 T79N R23W	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE	1913
		TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: 168 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Maple The coal seam was slightly undulat too thin to mine. The coal mined be elongated northeast to southwest to the shaft. It was correlated with the		found to be o an it west of oak Coal in
NO. ON PLATE I: 33	65 COMMENTS FOR MINE Maple This mine was located 2 blocks sou	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p Block Coal Co. Mine No. 2: ith of Highway 6 near Four Mile Creek. " or Blackoak Coal. The map shows par	
NO. ON PLATE I: 34	MINE NAME(S): Union Mine LOCATION:	YEARS OF OPERATION: - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: none
	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Union	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown Mine: 1e of the Great Western mines. No map	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn is available
NO. ON PLATE I: 35	MINE NAME(S): Maple Grove Mine Shaft No. 2 Maple Grove Mine Shaft No. 2 LOCATION: SW NE NW 30 T79N R23W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1891-1903 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NE	MAP DATE: unkn unkn
		TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: 105 ft.

COMMENTS FOR MINE Maple Grove Mine Shaft No. 2: The mine shaft was located near the present Interstate 235 interchange with Douglas Avenue. The map for this mine is in two sections.

NO. ON PLATE I: 36	MINE NAME(S): Maple Grove Mine Shaft No. 1 Maple Grove Mine Shaft No. 1 Maple Grove Mine Shaft No. 1 LOCATION: NW SW 30 T79N R23W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1891-1903 	MAP DATE: unkn unkn unkn
			SHAFT DEPTH: 105 ft.
NO. ON PLATE I: 37	MINE NAME(S): Eagle Mine No. 3 Eagle Mine No. 3 LOCATION: NW NE SW 26 T79N R24W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1910-1919 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE	MAP DATE: 1919 1917
	ACREAGE: ENTI 83	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 38	MINE NAME(S): Lake Park Mine LOCATION: NW SW 27 T79N R24W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1895- TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW	MAP DATE: none
	ACREAGE: ENTI unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Lake Pa	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown rk Mine: ween known as the Lake Forest or the L	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn ake Front
NO. ON PLATE I: 39	MINE NAME(S): Cooperative Coal Co. LOCATION: NW 27 T79N R24W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1901-1903 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW	MAP DATE: none
	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Coopera	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown tive Coal Co.: The location was described as 3.5 miles	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
		et Railroad. It was probably a room & j	
NO. ON PLATE I: 40	MINE NAME(S): Flint Valley Mine LOCATION: NE NE 28 T79N R24W	YEARS OF OPERATION: - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines NW	MAP DATE: none

•

	ACREAGE: unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE F	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown int Valley Mine:	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
		ear the Flint Brick Coal Company and may h	ave been
NO. ON PLATE I: 41	MINE NAME(S): Keystone Coal Co. Mine No. LOCATION: SE 28 T79N F	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: none
	ACREAGE: unkn	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown Keystone Coal Co. Mine No. 2:	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
	No map is available for this n the State Mine Inspectors' of	nine. The location and extent are from maps fice. This mine probably mined the "3rd vein same coal mined in adjacent mines.	
NO. ON PLATE I: 42	MINE NAME(S): Center Coal and Mining Co. LOCATION: SW NE SW 28 T79N F	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1903-1908 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: R24W Des Moines SW	MAP DATE: 1908
	ACREAGE: 80 COMMENTS FOR MINE (This mine operated in the "3r Coal of current nomenclature	d vein" which can probably be assigned to the	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn e Blackoak
NO. ON PLATE I: 43	MINE NAME(S): Keystone Coal Co. Mine No. LOCATION: SE SW NW 28 T79N I	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: 1902
	ACREAGE: 40 COMMENTS FOR MINE I The map for this mine is inco	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p Keystone Coal Co. Mine No. 1: omplete showing only a partial outline for the Blackoak Coal of current nomenclature.	SHAFT DEPTH: 142 ft. e mine. This
NO. ON PLATE I: 44	MINE NAME(S): American Coal Mining Co. American Coal Mining Co. American Coal Mining Co. LOCATION: SW SW NE SE 29 T79N F		MAP DATE: 1919 1919 1917
		ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p American Coal Mining Co.: ably equivalent to the Blackoak Coal was min & Evans Coal Co. appears on the back of o	

maps for this mine suggesting that the mines may have been associated. Portions of Keystone and Center mines are also shown.

NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6		1947
45	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6		1942
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6	-	1941
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6		1941
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6		1939
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6		1938
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6	-	1937
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6	-	1936
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6	-	1936
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6	-	1935
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6	-	1934
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6	•	1933
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6	-	1932
	Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6	-	1931
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	SE NW NE 26 T79N R25W	Des Moines NW	
		RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	263	vertical/lw & r&p	225 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Central		
	This was the last underground mine		Coal was
	mined. The 1947 map shows abando	oned works of the Urbandale mine.	
NO ON		VEADO OF OPEDATION	
NO. ON PLATE I:	MINE NAME(S): Urbandale Coal Co.	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1920-1942	MAP DATE: 1942
PLATE I: 46	Urbandale Coal Co.	1920-1942	1942 1941
40	LOCATION:	-	1941
	SW SE 26 T79N R25W	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW	
			SHAFT DEPTH:
	122 ENTI	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: 180 ft.
	122	vertical/r & p	160 H.
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Madison Coal Co.	1908-1916	1916
47	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	NW SE SW 33 T79N R24W		
		RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	112	vertical/r & p	165 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Madison		
	This mine was in the same coal seam	as the Blount and Evans mine, proba	ably the "3rd
	vein" or Blackoak Coal. The coal sea	am thinned rapidly toward the south a	and was
	undulatory at this site with as much a	as a 4 ft. vertical distance between the	troughs and
	crests. Several thin seams were press	ent above the mine. Attempts to min	e one of
	them showed it was too variable in th	ickness to be economically producib	le.

NO. ON PLATE I: 48	45 COMMENTS FOR MINE Eagle Co The "3rd vein" or Blackoak Coal was	mine. It varied from 4.0 to 7.0 ft. thick dale Coal 69 ft. below the surface and t	
NO. ON PLATE I: 49	115 COMMENTS FOR MINE Bloomfi The "3rd vein", which is believed to b	e equivalent to the Blackoak Coal, was iven on the map. It was located by com	
NO. ON PLATE I: 50	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Des Mo	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1865-1873 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown ines Coal Co.: s Moines area, opened by Wesley Redh	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn mead. No
NO. ON PLATE I: 51	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Dahl Mi	Mine on the Des Moines River at "Tho	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn ompson's
NO. ON PLATE I: 52	MINE NAME(S): Miller Mine LOCATION: SE SW 25 T79N R24W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1882-1883 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE	MAP DATE: none

ACREAGE: unkn

ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown

SHAFT DEPTH: unkn

COMMENTS FOR MINE Miller Mine:

This mine operated for only eight months. The only known map is for the land leased for this mine; no mine map is available.

NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:		
PLATE I:	Eureka Coal Co. Mine No. 2	1896-	none		
53	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:			
	NW 36 T79N R24V	V Des Moines SE			
	ACREAGE: EN	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:		
	unkn	vertical/r & p	107 ft.		
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Eure	ka Coal Co. Mine No. 2:			
	This mine was also known as Euro	eka Coal & Mining. The shaft was locate	ed 2.5 mi.		
	north of the State Capitol building	g. Two coal seams are described from the	ne mine shaft.		
	The first averaged 4.5 ft. thick at	54 ft. below the surface and the second	was 3.5 ft.		
	thick at 71 ft. below the surface.	The coal which was mined was probably	the "3rd		
	vein" or Blackoak. It was known t	o thicken and dip toward the east from	this site. No		
	map is available for this mine; the	only known extent was for the leased an	rea.		
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:		
PLATE I:	Diamond Mine	-1884	none		
54	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:			
•••	SE NW 36 T79N R24V				
		TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:		
	unkn	unknown/unknown	unkn		
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Diam				
	The only known location and extent for this mine is from a lease block map. No mine				
	map is available. A small area was mined out before the Eureka No. 2 opened.				
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:		
PLATE I:	Atlas Mine	-	none		
55	Atlas Mine	-	none		
	Standard Coal Co.	-	none		
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:			
	NE 36 T79N R24W Des Moines SE				
		NTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:		
	unkn	shaft/unknown	100 ft.		
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Atlas				
		The Atlas Coal Co. formed in 1887 by reorganization of the Standard Coal Co. In			
		aggesting a large operation. No mine m			
		own about the extent of the mine is from			
		coal seams with the upper seam reache			
		ock of coal was available in the upper se	am and the		
	lower seam thinned to the east.				

NO. ON PLATE I: 56	MINE NAME(S): Extra Mine LOCATION: 36 T79N R24W ACREAGE: unkn	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1884- TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 57	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Campfie	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown eld Coal Co.: the outline shown is for a block of land	MAP DATE: none none SHAFT DEPTH: 118 ft. leased to
NO. ON PLATE I: 58	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Standard	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn e map is
NO. ON PLATE I: 59	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Giant C The extent of this mine was available The mine was opened by Garver and description of the mine shaft shows 4	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p oal Co. Mine No. 1: as a lease block only. No mine map is Walters and was abandoned before 19 4.0 ft. "1st vein" or Laddsdale Coal at 56 79.5 ft. depth, and 6.0 ft. "3rd vein" or 19	08. A 6 ft. depth,
NO. ON PLATE I: 60	MINE NAME(S): Glenwood Coal Co. Mine No. 2 LOCATION: NE SW SE SW 32 T79N R23W ACREAGE: 54	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1901-1914 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: 1913 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn

COMMENTS FOR MINE Glenwood Coal Co. Mine No. 2 Portions of this mine are also shown on the Economy No. 1, 2, and 3 maps.

NO. ON PLATE I: 61	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Glenwe The only known operating date for of the fairgrounds, but the exact loc available. By 1908 200 acres were le	FRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p ood Coal Co. Mine No. 3: this mine is 1908. It was located on the cation and extent are unknown since no cased but only 15 acres had been worke d to be the "3rd vein" or Blackoak. It w	o map is ed out. The
NO. ON PLATE I: 62	MINE NAME(S): Caleb Johns Mine LOCATION: SW 32 T79N R23W ACREAGE: ENT unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Caleb . No mine map is available.	FRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 63	234 COMMENTS FOR MINE Econo The only known year of operation we so the outline shown is a partial ext elevation as the coal in the nearby l or Blackoak Coal. Another coal se	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p my Coal Co. Mine No. 1: was 1908. A portion of the mine map h tent only. The coal was at approximate Maple Block Mine and was probably the am was known to occur about 20 ft. ab rently absent in a northeast-southwest	ly the same ne "3rd vein" ove the
NO. ON PLATE I: 64	MINE NAME(S): Four Mile Coal Co. Des Moines Ice and Fuel Co. Mine Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. Des Moines Ice and Fuel Co. Mine Sprague Coal Co. Sprague Coal Co.	.5 -	MAP DATE: 1931 1931 1928 1926 1923 1923

	104 COMMENTS FOR MINE Four Mi	s from a handwritten note on the Des N	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn Moines Ice
NO. ON PLATE I: 65	MINE NAME(S): Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 3 Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 3 Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 3 Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 3 LOCATION: SE SW SE 32 T79N R22W ACREAGE: 278 COMMENTS FOR MINE Econom This mine probably mined the "3rd v		MAP DATE: 1944 1944 1941 SHAFT DEPTH: 220 ft.
NO. ON PLATE I: 66	MINE NAME(S): Carbon Mining Co. Mine No. 9 Carbon Mining Co. Mine No. 9 Carbon Mining Co. Mine No. 9 LOCATION: SW SW NW 3 T78N R23W ACREAGE: 100 COMMENTS FOR MINE Carbon This mine may have been associated mined was correlated with the "3rd v	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1929-1941 - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Rising Sun RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	e currently
NO. ON PLATE I: 67	MINE NAME(S): Smith and Lowe Coal Co. Mine No. Carbondale Mine No. 3 LOCATION: NE NW 9 T78N R23W ACREAGE: 20 COMMENTS FOR MINE Smith ar This was a shipping mine.	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: 1940 1940 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 68	MINE NAME(S): Christy Coal Co. Mine No. 2 Christy Coal Co. Mine No. 2 LOCATION: SW NW SE NE 5 T78N R23W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1892-1901 	MAP DATE: 1901 1901

	210 COMMENTS FOR MINE Christ This mine probably operated in th	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p y Coal Co. Mine No. 2: e "3rd vein" or Blackoak Coal which ave a away so the outline shown represents of			
	extent of this mine.				
NO. ON PLATE I: 69	MINE NAME(S): Gibson Coal Mining Co. Mine No Gibson Coal Mining Co. Mine No LOCATION: SW NE NE 5 T78N R23W	.2 - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: 1899 1895		
	ACREAGE: EN 80 COMMENTS FOR MINE Gibso	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p n Coal Mining Co. Mine No. 2:	SHAFT DEPTH: 105 ft.		
	Christy Coal Co. Mine No. 2 (#68 Economy Coal Co. No. 2 (#71) m	east of the State Capitol and 1/4 mi. nort 8). This mine was connected undergroun ine. The coal was the same as that mine ably the "3rd vein" or Blackoak. It avera	nd to the d by the		
NO. ON PLATE I: 70	MINE NAME(S): Ramsey Mine No. 2 LOCATION: NE 5 T78N R23W	YEARS OF OPERATION: - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: / Des Moines SE	MAP DATE: none		
	ACREAGE: EN unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Rams	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn r this mine.		
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:		
PLATE I:	Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 2	1924-1935	1935		
71	Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 2	-	1935		
	Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 2 (lo	ower vein) -	1932		
	Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 2 (lo	wer vein) -	1932		
	Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 2	-	1932		
	Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 2	-	1931		
	Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 2	-	1931		
	Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 2 (lo	wervein) -	1927		
	Economy Coal Co.		1922		
	LOCATION: SW SE NE NW 5 T78N R23W				
	ACREAGE: EN 365	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn		
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Econo	-	-		
	The Economy No. 2 Mine mined t	two coal seams with a slope connecting			
		ps show only partial extents of the mine. he upper level was probably in the "2nd			

Cliffland Coal and the lower level was probably in the "3rd vein" or Blackoak Coal. Old works of Glenwood Mine No. 2 are shown on the map (1909 -1911) to the west.

NO. ON PLATE I: 72	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Coal Co	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: 145 ft. p is
NO. ON PLATE I: 73	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Giant C	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 74	MINE NAME(S): Caleb Johns Mine LOCATION: NW NE 2 T78N R24W ACREAGE: ENT unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Caleb Jo No map is available for this mine.	YEARS OF OPERATION: TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown ohns Mine:	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 75	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Gibson	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn e.
NO. ON PLATE I: 76	MINE NAME(S): Watson Mine LOCATION: SW SW 2 T78N R24W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1866-1876 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE	MAP DATE: none
		RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown	SHAFT DEPTH: 40 ft.

COMMENTS FOR MINE Watson Mine: This mine supplied coal for the railroad. No map is available.

NO. ON PLATE I: 77	MINE NAME(S): Reese Mine LOCATION: SW SE SE 3 T78N R24W ACREAGE: unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Reese M No map is available for this mine.	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: slope/unknown	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I: 78	Rawson Mine LOCATION: SW NE 4 T78N R24W	- TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW	none
	ACREAGE: ENTR unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Rawson This mine was located at the corner of	ANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown	
NO. ON PLATE I: 79	MINE NAME(S): Iowa Central Mine LOCATION: NW NW SW 4 T78N R24W		MAP DATE: none
	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Iowa Ce	treet between 5th and 6th streets. The	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn e only
NO. ON PLATE I: 80	123 COMMENTS FOR MINE Gibson (Coal prospect holes in the area show	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1918 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p Coal Mining Co. Mine No. 5: ed that the depth to the coal increased I seams were present east of the shaft	
		seams south of the shaft. The coal mi	

NO. ON PLATE I: 81	85 COMMENTS FOR MINE Des Mo	est Side Mine of the Des Moines Ice an	MAP DATE: 1925 unkn SHAFT DEPTH: unkn ad Fuel Co.
NO. ON PLATE I: 82	195 COMMENTS FOR MINE Keyston Three coal seams were encountered They were: a 7 in. coal at 44 ft., a 3 f the surface. The coal mined was 14'	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1922 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p the Coal Co. Mine: in the Keystone shaft above the seam t. coal at 77 ft. and a 4 ft. 4 in. coal at 12 7 ft. below the surface. It was restricted k 1 mile west of the shaft. This was a s	21 ft. below d in extent,
NO. ON PLATE I: 83	180 COMMENTS FOR MINE Coaldal This mine worked two levels. The le	ower coal ranged from 3.5 to 5.5 ft. and arated by 14 ft. They were probably th	
NO. ON PLATE I: 84	4 COMMENTS FOR MINE Walnut This mine was located at South Gre	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1905-1910 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p Creek Coal Co.: enwood Park. The coal thins toward the in the "3rd vein" or Blackoak Coal which	

4.0 ft. thick. It was described as the same coal seam mined by the Coaldale Fuel Co. Mine.

NO. ON PLATE I: 85	18 COMMENTS FOR MINE Walnut The coal worked in this mine thinned south. Longwall mining was used in	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/lw & r&p Creek Coal Mine: I rapidly to the northwest and thicken the northern part of the mine where t was used in the southern part where th	he coal was
NO. ON PLATE I: 86	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Two Riv	YEARS OF OPERATION: TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown vers Coal Co.: was obtained from maps prepared by	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 87	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Univers	was obtained from maps prepared by	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 88	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Rose H This mine was located three miles w	est of Des Moines on the Raccoon Ri om maps prepared by the Office of th	

NO. ON PLATE I: 89	MINE NAME(S): Union Mine Great Western Mine LOCATION: SW SW NE 17 T78N F ACREAGE: 18 COMMENTS FOR MINE U This mine was located on the location is given on the map f	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p Jnion Mine: Chicago-Great Western Railroad near Seva:	MAP DATE: unkn unkn SHAFT DEPTH: unkn stapol. No
NO. ON PLATE I: 90	Coal at 30 ft. depth, 4.0 ft. "2	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p Cliffton Heights Coal Co. ibed in the mine shaft: the 4.0 ft. "1st vein" or nd vein" or Cliffland Coal at 80 ft., and 4.0 to	7.0 ft. "3rd
NO. ON PLATE I: 91	MINE NAME(S): Johns Coal Co. Johns Coal Co. Johns Coal Co. LOCATION: NW NE NE NW 16 T78N F ACREAGE: 21 COMMENTS FOR MINE J This mine underlies McRae I Bennet Mine to the northeast probably equivalent to the Bl	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p ohns Coal Co.: Park. This mine operated in the same coal se t. The coal is correlated with the "3rd vein" w ackoak Coal. The coal averages 4.0 ft. thick.	MAP DATE: 1913 1912 unkn SHAFT DEPTH: unkn eam as the thich is
NO. ON PLATE I: 92		YEARS OF OPERATION: 1876-1896 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: R24W Des Moines SE ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vrt&slp/r & p	

located at the community known as Sevastapol. This mine was also known as the Redhead Shaft after Wesley Redhead who was president of the mining company which owned the mine.

NO. ON PLATE I: 93	MINE NAME(S): Capital Coal Co. Mine No. 1 Capital Coal Co. Mine No. 1 Capitol Coal Co. Mine No. 1 LOCATION: SE NE NE 16 T78N R24W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1903-1908 - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE	MAP DATE: 1908 1908 1908
	ACREAGE: ENT 15	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 94	MINE NAME(S): Eureka Coal Co. Mine No. 1 LOCATION: NE SW 15 T78N R24W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1874-1894 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE	MAP DATE: none
		RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	unkn	vertical/r & p	160 ft.
	to the Cliffland and Blackoak coals,	ein" and "3rd vein" which are probably respectively. The location and extent by the Office of the State Mine Inspect	of this mine
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Union Mine (3rd Vein)	1887-1894	unkn
95	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	SE NW NE 15 T78N R24W	Des Moines SE	
		RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	30 COMMENTS FOR MINE Union 1	vertical/r & p	150 ft.
		" and "3rd vein" probably equivalent to	the
		ctively. The Blackoak Coal averaged 4	
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Gibson Coal Co. Mine No.1	1889-1895	none
96	Polk County Mine No. 1	1874-1889	none
	Sypher Mine		none
	LOCATION: 10 T78N R24W	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE	
		TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	unkn	vertical/unknown	105 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Gibson	Coal Co. Mine No. 1	
	The "2nd vein" or Cliffland Coal and Thicknesses averaged 4.0 to 4.5 ft.	l "3rd vein" or Blackoak Coal were min	ed.
	-		

NO. ON PLATE I: 97	50 COMMENTS FOR MINE Eclipse This mine is shown on the map of th	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1873-1885 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p c Coal Co.: he Elko Coal Co. mine. The "2nd vein", s mined. A small amount of coal was m	
NO. ON PLATE I: 98	MINE NAME(S): Charles Reilley Mine LOCATION: SE SE SW 11 T78N R24W ACREAGE: ENT 5	YEARS OF OPERATION: TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE IRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: 1918 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Charles This mine is shown on the map of the	· 1	ebeen
NO. ON PLATE I: 99	5 COMMENTS FOR MINE small u This mine is shown on the map of the	FRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: slope/unknown	
NO. ON PLATE I: 100	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Clover	FRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn map of the
NO. ON PLATE I: 101	MINE NAME(S): Fuller and Coggshell Coal Co. LOCATION:	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1882-1885 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Meisses SE	MAP DATE: 1885
	SW SE 11 T78N R24W ACREAGE: EN1 17	Des Moines SE FRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: slope/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn

COMMENTS FOR MINE Fuller and Coggshell Coal Co.: This mine may have formerly been called an Eclipse Coal Co. mine.

NO. ON PLATE I:	MINE NAME(S): Wild Rose Mine	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1899-1899	MAP DATE: 1918	
102	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	1710	
	SE SW SW SE 11 T78N R24V			
	ACREAGE: E	NTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:	
	20	vertical/r & p	unkn	
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Wild			
		nap of the Elko Coal Co. It produced fro t to the Cliffland Coal of currently accept		
NO. ON PLATE I: 103	MINE NAME(S): Elko Coal Co. LOCATION:	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1901-1907 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: 1918	
	NE NW NE NE 14 T78N R24V	W Des Moines SE		
	40	NTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn	
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Elko Coal Co.:			
	the area. It reportedly operated Blackoak Coal. The surface area gravel. Several others mines are	ne outlines of several other mines which in the "2nd vein" coal, the probable equiv above this mine later was quarried for s shown on this map including Eclipse Co amed mine, Clover Leaf Shaft, Wild Ros	valent of the and and al Co.,	
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:	
PLATE I:	Scott Mine	1908-	none	
104	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:		
	NE NE 14 T78N R24	W Des Moines SE		
	ACREAGE: E	NTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:	
	unkn	slope/unknown	unkn	
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Scott Mine:			
	No mine map is available for this a previously mined area.	mine and the extent is unknown. May h	ave remined	
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:	
PLATE I:	Pennsylvania Mine	1869-1896	none	
105	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:		
	NE 14 T78N R24			
		NTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:	
	unkn	vertical/r & p	unkn	
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Penr No mine map is available. The e			

-

NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Beck Coal Co. (2nd vein)	1908-1942	1917
106	Beck Coal Co. 2nd Vein		1918
	Beck Coal Co. 2nd Vein	1908-1922	1918
	Beck Coal Co.	-	1912
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	SW SW NE 14 T78N R24W	Des Moines SE	
	ACREAGE: ENT	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	76	vertical/r & p	unkn
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Beck Co		
		ein" or Cliffland Coal. It is also shown	
		shows outline of old works of the Wild	
		(second vein) and the second vein wo	rkings of
	the Elko Coal Co. and Glenwood m	ines.	
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Beck Coal Co. (3rd vein)	1908-1922	1918
107	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	SE SE NW 14 T78N R24W		
		RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	27	unknown/unknown	unkn
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Beck Co	oal Co. (3rd vein):	
	The outline for this mine was obtain	ed from the map of the Elko Coal Co.	mine. It
	operated in the "3rd vein" which is b	elieved to be equivalent to the Blackoa	k Coal.
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Carbondale Coal Co. Mine No. 1	1896-1897	unkn
108	Iowa Fuel Co.	1893-1896	unkn
100	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	UIIKII
	SW NE NW 9 T78N R23W	Des Moines SE	
		TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	30	vertical/r & p	108 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Carbon		100 1(.
	The coal averaged 4.0 ft. thick.		
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Smith and Lowe Coal Co. Mine No.		1938
109	Carbondale Mine No. 2	-1902	none
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	SW SW SE NW 9 T78N R23W	Des Moines SE	
		RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	5	vertical/r & p	110 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Smith a		
		ick. This mine is shown on the map of	the
	Keating-Stanford mine. Only a part	al extent is shown.	

NO. ON PLATE I: 110	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Smit	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn ilable for this
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Keating - Stanford Coal Co.	1934-1938	1938
111	Keating - Stanford Coal Co.	-	1937
	Keating - Stanford Coal Co.	-	1936
	Keating - Stanford Coal Co.	-	1935
	Keating - Stanford Coal Co.	-	1934
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	NW SW NE 10 T78N R23V	6	
	ACREAGE: EI	NTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	26	vertical/r & p	unkn
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Keat	ing - Stanford Coal Co.	
	coal thickness varies from 4.8 to 5	tent for Smith and Lowe Coal Co. Mine 5.3 ft.	NO. 2. THE
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Pioneer Coal Co.	1940-1941	1941
112	Pioneer Coal Co.	•	1941
	Pioneer Coal Co.	•	1941
	Wolf Creek Mining Co.	1938-1939	1938
	Wolf Creek Mining Co.	-	1937
	Wolf Creek Mining Co.		1937
	Griffith Coal Co.	1934-1938	1935
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	1755
	SW NW SE 10 T78N R23V		
		NTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	40 E	vertical/r & p	100 ft.
	40	vertical/1 & p	100 π.
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Capital City Coal Co. Mine No. 1		1934
113	Capital City Coal Co. Mine No. 1		1932
115	Capital City Coal Co. Mine No. 1 Capital City Coal Co. Mine No. 1		1931
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	1731
	SW SW SE SE 13 T78N R23V		
		0	CHAPT DEDET.
		NTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	41	vertical/r & p	unkn

NO. ON PLATE I: 114	MINE NAME(S): J. M. Christy Mine LOCATION:	YEARS OF OPERATION: - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: none
	SE 14 T78N R23W ACREAGE ENT unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE J. M. Ch No map is available for this mine.	Rising Sun RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown misty Mine:	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 115	MINE NAME(S): M. Quinn Mine LOCATION: 14 T78N R23W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1893- TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Rising Sun	MAP DATE: none
	ACREAGE: ENT unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE M. Quir	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn ap is
NO. ON PLATE I: 116	MINE NAME(S): Woodlawn Mine LOCATION: SW 14 T78N R23W	YEARS OF OPERATION: - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Rising Sun	MAP DATE: none
		RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: slope/unknown wn Mine:	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 117	MINE NAME(S): Iowa Coal and Mining Co. LOCATION:	YEARS OF OPERATION: - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: none
,	NE SE 15 T78N R23W ACREAGE: ENT unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Iowa Co	Rising Sun RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown oal and Mining Co.: were obtained from maps prepared l	SHAFT DEPTH: 65 ft. by the Office
NO. ON PLATE I: 118	unkn	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1889- TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Rising Sun RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: none none SHAFT DEPTH: 100 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Adams No map is available for this mine. T ended when the mine flooded.	and Hastie Mine: The coal averaged 4.0 ft. thick. Opera	tions were

NO. ON PLATE I:	MINE NAME(S): Anderson Mine	YEARS OF OPERATION: -	MAP DATE: none		
119	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:			
		8N R23W Rising Sun			
	ACREAGE:	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:		
	unkn	unknown/unknown	unkn		
	COMMENTS FOR MIN				
	No map is available for the	his mine.			
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:		
PLATE I:	Wabash Mine No. 2	1886-	none		
120	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP			
		8N R23W Des Moines SE			
	ACREAGE:	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:		
	unkn	vertical/unknown	100 ft.		
	COMMENTS FOR MIN		1.01		
		of this mine were obtained from maps prepared l			
		tors. It was described as being located $1/2$ mi. we			
		ction) and about 300 yards east of the Wabash M	line No. 1.		
	The coal averages 4.0 ft.	tnick.			
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:		
PLATE I:	Wabash Mine No. 1	-	unkn		
121	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:			
	NW NE NE 16 T7	8N R23W Des Moines SE			
	ACREAGE:	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:		
	10	vertical/r & p	unkn		
	COMMENTS FOR MIN	E Wabash Mine No. 1:			
	The map for this mine is	untitled and no scale information is given. It sho	ws that the		
	railroad was undermined	1.			
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:		
PLATE I:	Kring Coal Co.	1937-1943	1937		
122	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	2707		
	SE SW 28 T7				
	ACREAGE:	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:		
	3	vertical/longwall	58 ft.		
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Kring Coal Co.				
	No location references are given on the mine map so location was taken from maps				
	prepared by the State M				
NO ON					
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:		
PLATE I:	Preston Coal Co.	1926-1929	1929		
123	Preston Coal Co.	-	1928		
	Preston Coal Co.	•	1928		
	Preston Coal Co.	-	1928		
	Preston Coal Co.	-	1928		
	Preston Coal Co.	-	1928		

•

58

	Preston Coal Co. Preston Coal Co.		1928
	LOCATION: SE NW 28 T78N R23	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: BW Des Moines SE	
	ACREAGE: H	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: slope/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Pre Maps for this mine indicate that	it may have operated in two coal seams.	
NO. ON PLATE I: 124	MINE NAME(S): Standard Coal Co. Mines LOCATION:	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1933-1936 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: 1933
	NW NW 28 T78N R23 ACREAGE: I 5	BW Des Moines SE ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Star		d from 1929
NO. ON PLATE I: 125	MINE NAME(S): Standard Coal Co. Mines LOCATION: NW NW 28 T78N R2	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1929-1933 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: 3W Des Moines SE	MAP DATE: 1931
	ACREAGE: 1 5	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: slope/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Star This mine is shown on the map 1933-1936 (#124).	ndard Coal Co. Mines: with the Standard Coal Co. mine which op	perated from
NO. ON PLATE I: 126	MINE NAME(S): Levey Coal Co. LOCATION: NE NW 28 T78N R2	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1936-1941 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: 3W Des Moines SE	MAP DATE: 1936
		ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: 90 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Lev	-	es.
NO. ON PLATE I: 127	MINE NAME(S): Avon Coal Co. LOCATION:	YEARS OF OPERATION: TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: none
	unkn	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown	SHAFT DEPTH: 34 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Ave The coal is correlated with the of thickness averaged 4.6 ft.	on Coal Co.: coal seam mined at the Coal Hill mine. Th	ie coal

NO. ON PLATE I: 128	MINE NAME(S): Levey Coal Co. LOCATION: NE NE 29 T78N R23W ACREAGE: ENT 5 COMMENTS FOR MINE Levey C This mine may have also been known		MAP DATE: 1941 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 129	MINE NAME(S): Gross Coal Mine Gross Coal Mine LOCATION: NE NE 29 T78N R23W ACREAGE: 6	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1928-1936 - - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: 1935 1933 1931 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 130	6 COMMENTS FOR MINE Moore	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/longwall	MAP DATE: 1926 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn for only one
NO. ON PLATE I: 131	28 COMMENTS FOR MINE Clover I	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/lw & r&p	MAP DATE: 1934 1931 1929 1929 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 132	MINE NAME(S): Old Clover Leaf Mine LOCATION: SE NW NW SW 20 T78N R23W ACREAGE: ENT 7	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1923-1925 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: 1923 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn

COMMENTS FOR MINE Old Clover Leaf Mine:

This mine was shown as the Old Clover Leaf Mine on Clover Leaf Mine map (1934 revision, #131).

NO. ON PLATE I: 133	MINE NAME(S): Coal Hill Coal And Mining Co. Coal Valley Coal Co. Manbeck Coal Co. Mine Manbeck Mine Coon Valley Coal Co. Mine No. 2 LOCATION: NE SE 19 T78N R23W		MAP DATE: none none unkn unkn none
	ACREAGE: ENT 60	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vrt & sl/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: 45 ft.
	00	in a bir a p	4 <i>5</i> I.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Coal Hi This mine may have worked "2nd ve	ill Coal And Mining Co.: in" or Cliffland Coal which averaged 3	.5 ft. thick.
NO. ON PLATE I:	MINE NAME(S): Beck Mine	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE: none
134	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	19 T78N R23W	Des Moines SE	
	ACREAGE: ENT	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/unknown	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Beck M	-	ипкп
		It was located on a map showing coal	leases along
	with the X-L mine.		6
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Independant Coal Co.	1927-1945	1945
135	Independant Coal Co.	-	1945
	Independent Coal Co.	-	1945
	Independent Coal Co.	-	1939
	Independent Coal Co.	-	1937
	Independent Coal Co.	-	1937
	Independent Coal Co.	-	1935
	Independent Coal Co.	-	1934 1933
	Independent Coal Co.	-	1933
	Independent Coal Co.	-	1932
	Independent Coal Co. X-L Coal Co.	1918-1927	
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	none
	NE SE NW 30 T78N R23W	Des Moines SE	
		`RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	90	vertical/r & p	60 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Indepen		00 10.
		tions. This mine underlies Lake East	er.

NO. ON PLATE I: 136	MINE NAME(S): Evergreen Coal Co. LOCATION: SE NW SE 25 T78N R24W ACREAGE: ENTI 6	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1934-1936 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SE RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: 1936 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
NO. ON PLATE I: 137	11 COMMENTS FOR MINE Glenwoo	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: 1917 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn e details of
NO. ON PLATE I: 138	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Pleasant This was a small shaft mine in the blu	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown	
NO. ON PLATE I: 139	MINE NAME(S): Des Moines Coal Co. Mine No. 1. LOCATION: NW 14 T78N R24W ACREAGE: ENT unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Des Mo No map is available for this mine and	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown ines Coal Co. Mine No. 1:	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: 105 ft.
NO. ON PLATE I: 140	MINE NAME(S): Pittsburg Mine LOCATION: SE SE 15 T78N R24W ACREAGE: unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Pittsbur No map is available for this mine and		MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn

NO. ON PLATE I: 141	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Coop	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: / Des Moines SE TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: 125 ft. berated in
NO. ON PLATE I: 142	30 COMMENTS FOR MINE Van (This mine used a second shaft loc	TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p Ginkel Mine (2nd vein): ated in NE, SW, SE, Sec. 15, T78N, R24	
		'2nd vein" or what is now known as Cliffl ine map is in sections which are not date	
NO. ON PLATE I: 143	MINE NAME(S): Blount and Evans Coal Co. LOCATION: NE 27 T78N R24V	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908- TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: V Des Moines SE	MAP DATE: none
	ACREAGE: EN unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Blour	NTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown nt and Evans Coal Co.: ne were obtained from maps prepared b	SHAFT DEPTH: 218 ft. by the Office
NO. ON PLATE I: 144	MINE NAME(S): South Des Moines Coal Co. South Des Moines Coal Co. LOCATION: NE SE NW SE 21 T78N R24W		MAP DATE: 1922 1917 1917 1917 unkn unkn
	ACREAGE: EN 223	vertical/lw & r&p	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn

NO. ON PLATE I: 145	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Fort De	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/r & p	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: unkn by the Office
NO. ON PLATE I: 146	unkn COMMENTS FOR MINE Proctor	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown Coal Company: were obtained from maps of lease pro-	MAP DATE: none SHAFT DEPTH: 197 ft. operties.
NO. ON PLATE I: 147	58 COMMENTS FOR MINE Bloomf The Carlston and Lund Mine which which is probably equivalent to the 1	RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p ield Coal Co. Mine No. 6: operated from 1887 to 1889 mined "1 Laddsdale Coal at a depth of 65 ft. Th shaft to reach the "3rd vein" which is p	he
NO. ON PLATE I: 148	71 COMMENTS FOR MINE Bennet	 b. 1 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW TRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p t Brothers Coal Co. Mine No. 1: s mined. This mine was connected with 	MAP DATE: 1916 1916 SHAFT DEPTH: 125 ft. th the

/

NO. ON		YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Bennett Brothers Coal Co. Mine No. 2		1936
149	Bennett Brothers Coal Co. Mine No. 2		1924
	Bennett Brothers Coal Co. Mine No. 2		1917
	Bennett Brothers Coal Co. Mine No.		unkn
	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
		Des Moines SW	
		ANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
		vertical/r & p	125 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Bennett H This mine was in the "3rd vein" or Blac Bros. No. 1 (#148) underground.		Bennett
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Midway Coal Co. Shaw Mine	-	none
150	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
	NE NE 19 T78N R24W	Des Moines SW	
	ACREAGE: ENTR	ANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	unkn	vertical/unknown	140 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Midway	Coal Co. Shaw Mine:	
	No map is available for this mine and	the extent is unknown. The mine pr	roduced for
	local sales only so it was probably sma	all. It was probably a room and pilla	r mine.
NO. ON	MINE NAME(S):	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	Acme Coal Mine	1918-1926	1926
151	LOCATION:	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	
		Des Moines SW	
	ACREAGE: ENTR	ANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE:	SHAFT DEPTH:
	40	vertical/r & p	unkn
	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co	vertical/r & p bal Mine:	unkn
	40	vertical/r & p oal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at t was correlated with the "2nd vein" v	unkn he Bennett
	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine wa Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland C MINE NAME(S):	vertical/r & p oal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at t was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION:	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE:
PLATE I:	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine wa Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland C MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein)	vertical/r & p oal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at t was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn
	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine wa Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland C MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein)	vertical/r & p oal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at t was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn unkn
PLATE I:	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine wa Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland C MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein)	vertical/r & p oal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at t was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn unkn unkn unkn
PLATE I:	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine wa Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland C MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein)	vertical/r & p oal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at t was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn unkn unkn 1916
PLATE I:	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine wa Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland C MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein)	vertical/r & p pal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at the was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn unkn unkn 1916 1916
PLATE I:	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine wa Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland C MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein)	vertical/r & p pal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at the was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914 - - -	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn unkn 1916 1916 1916 1916
	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine wa Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland C MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein)	vertical/r & p pal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at t was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914 - - - - -	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn unkn unkn 1916 1916
PLATE I:	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine was Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland C MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein)	vertical/r & p pal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at the was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn unkn 1916 1916 1916 1916
PLATE I:	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine wa Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland C MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein)	vertical/r & p pal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at the was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn unkn 1916 1916 1916 1916 1916
PLATE I:	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine was Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland Co MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal	vertical/r & p pal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at the was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn unkn unkn 1916 1916 1916 1916 1916 1916
PLATE I:	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine was Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland Co MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal	vertical/r & p pal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at the was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914 - - - - - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW CANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn unkn unkn 1916 1916 1916 1916
PLATE I:	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Acme Co The coal seam worked at this mine was Brothers mine (map #152). The coal probably equivalent to the Cliffland Co MINE NAME(S): Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein) Bennett Brothers Coal	vertical/r & p pal Mine: as at a higher level than the coal at the was correlated with the "2nd vein" v Coal. YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908-1914 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	unkn he Bennett which is MAP DATE: unkn unkn unkn 1916 1916 1916 1916 1916 1916 1916

Brothers Coal Co. Mine No. 2. The coal mined was correlated with the "3rd vein" or Blackoak Coal. Some maps are partial views only.

NO. ON PLATE I: 153	109 COMMENTS FOR MINE Des Mo	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1920-1936 - - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p ines Coal Co. Mine No. 4 f Des Moines Coal Co. Mine No. 5 (#	MAP DATE: 1936 1936 1935 1924 SHAFT DEPTH: unkn 154).
NO. ON PLATE I: 154	MINE NAME(S): Stanford Coal Co. Mine No. 1 Des Moines Coal Co Mine No. 5 Des Moines Coal Co. Mine No. 5 LOCATION: NW NE NE 24 T78N R25W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1931-1932 1924-1931 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW	MAP DATE: unkn 1931 1924
	40 COMMENTS FOR MINE Stanford	n two levels and an apparent connection	SHAFT DEPTH: unkn on. Some
NO. ON PLATE I: 155	MINE NAME(S): Des Moines Coal Co. Iowa Mine Des Moines Coal Co. Iowa Mine LOCATION: NE SW NE NW 24 T78N R25W ACREAGE: 210	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1913-1916 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: Des Moines SW RANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	MAP DATE: 1916 1913 SHAFT DEPTH: 150 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINE Des Mo This mine worked an upper and low		e Iowa Coal
NO. ON PLATE I: 156	MINE NAME(S): Hollingsworth Coal Co. Hollingsworth Coal Co. Hollingsworth Coal Co. Hollingsworth Coal Co. Hollingsworth Coal Co. LOCATION: SW SW SW 13 T78N R25W	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1905-1912 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	MAP DATE: unkn unkn unkn unkn unkn

	ACREAGE: 21	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: 156 ft.
NO. ON PLATE I: 157	MINE NAME(S): Valley-Union Coal Co. Valley-Union Coal Co. Valley-Union Coal Co.	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1906-1912 -	MAP DATE: unkn unkn unkn
	LOCATION: SW NE NE SW 14 T78N F ACREAGE: 5	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: 25W Des Moines SW ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/r & p	SHAFT DEPTH: 150 ft.
	COMMENTS FOR MINI The coal produced was corre		quivalent to
NO. ON PLATE I:	MINE NAME(S): Hulme Mine	YEARS OF OPERATION:	MAP DATE:
158	LOCATION: NE NE 29 T78N F	TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: 25W Commerce	none
	ACREAGE: unkn	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: unknown/longwall	SHAFT DEPTH: 95 ft.
	the shaft at 25 ft. depth which	2nd vein" or Cliffland Coal. A 10 in. coal wa is tentatively correlated with the Laddsdale dipping toward the northwest.	
NO. ON PLATE I: 159	MINE NAME(S): Samuel Dale Mine LOCATION: 29 T78N F	YEARS OF OPERATION: 1889-1893 TOPOGRAPHIC MAP: 825W Commerce	MAP DATE: none
	ACREAGE: unkn	ENTRANCE TYPE/MINING TYPE: vertical/unknown	SHAFT DEPTH: 100 ft.
		amuel Dale Mine: is mine were obtained from maps prepared b No mine map is available. The coal average	
NO. ON PLATE I: 160	MINE NAME(S): Merchants Mine LOCATION:	YEARS OF OPERATION: - TOPOGRAPHIC MAP:	MAP DATE: none
100	NW 29 T78N F ACREAGE: unkn		SHAFT DEPTH: unkn
	COMMENTS FOR MINE N		

of the State Mine Inspectors. No mine map is available. Forty acres were leased by the company.

APPENDIX II.

Alphabetical List of Mines

Apendix II is an alphabetical listing of mine names used for the mines on Plate I and in Appendix I. Map numbers and dates of operation are included. Appendix II is intended as a cross-reference to use with Appendix I.

MINE NAME	MAP NO.	YEARS OF OPERATIONS	
Acme Coal Mine	151	1918	1926
Adams and Hastie Mine	118		
Altoona Mine	14		
American Coal Mining Co.	44	1912	1919
Anderson Coal Co.	4	1907	
Anderson Mine	119		
Atlas Mine	55		
Avon Coal Co.	127		
Beck Brothers Coal Co.	21	1937	1940
Beck Coal Co.	106		
Beck Coal Co. (2nd vein)	106	1908	1942
Beck Coal Co. (3rd vein)	107	1908	1922
Beck Coal Co. 2nd Vein	106	1908	1922
Beck Coal Co. Mine	21	1940	1942
Beck Mine	134		
Bennett Brothers Coal Co. (3rd vein)	152	1908	1914
Bennett Brothers Coal Co. Mine No. 1	148	1903	1916
Bennett Brothers Coal Co. Mine No. 2	149	1917	1936
Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisville Mine	9	1914	1922
Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisville Mine	9	1906	
Bloomfield Coal Co. Marquisville Mine	9	1914	1927
Bloomfield Coal Co. Mine No. 2	49	1896	1905
Bloomfield Coal Co. Mine No. 6	147	1889	1895
Blount and Evans Coal Co.	24	1908	1913
Blount and Evans Coal Co.	143	1908	
Caleb Johns Mine	74		
Caleb Johns Mine	62		
Campfield Coal Co.	57		1895
Capital City Coal Co. Mine No. 1	113	1930	1936
Capital Coal Co. Mine No. 1	93	1903	1908
Carbon Mining Co. Mine No. 9	66	1929	1941
Carbondale Coal Co. Mine No. 1	108	1896	1897
Carbondale Mine No. 2	109	1070	1902
Carbondale Mine No. 3	67		
Carlston And Lund Mine	147	1887	1889
Center Coal and Mining Co.	42	1903	1908
Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 5	64		
Central Service Coal Co. Mine No. 6	45	1930	1947
Charles Reilley Mine	4 3 98		
Christy Coal Co. Mine No. 2	68	1892	1901
Cliffton Heights Coal Co.	90	1892	
Clover Leaf Mine			1934
	131	1929	
Clover Leaf Mine Shaft	100	1911	1913
Coal Hill Coal And Mining Co.	133	1901	
Coal Valley Coal Co.	133	1896	1901
Coaldale Fuel Co.	83	1904	1910
Coon Valley Coal Co. Mine No. 2	133	1887	1890
Coon Valley Coal Mine	90	1885	1895
Cooperative Coal Co.	39	1901	1903

MINE NAME	MAP NO.	YEA OPERA	RS OF
Cooperative Coal Co. Mine No. 1	141	****	
Dahl Mine	51		
Delaware Coal Co.	8	1906	191
Des Moines Coal Co Mine No. 5	154	1924	193
Des Moines Coal Co.	50	1865	187
Des Moines Coal Co. Iowa Mine	155	1913	191
Des Moines Coal Co. Marquisville Mine	11	1894	190
Des Moines Coal Co. Mine No. 1	139		189
Des Moines Coal Co. Mine No. 4	153	1920	193
Des Moines Coal Co. Mine No. 5	154		
Des Moines Ice and Fuel Co.	81	1917	192
Des Moines Ice and Fuel Co. Mine No. 5	64	1922	192
Diamond Mine	54		188
Eagle Coal Co. Mine No. 2	48	1908	191
Eagle Mine No. 3	37	1910	191
Eclipse Coal Co.	97	1873	188
Economy Coal Co.	71		
Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 1	63		
Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 2	71	1924	193
Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 2 (lower vein)	71		
Economy Coal Co. Mine No. 3	65	1932	194
Elko Coal Co.	103	1901	190
Enterprise Coal Mining Co. Mine No. 1	105	1903	19:
Enterprise Coal Mining Co. Mine No. 2	2	1907	19
Eureka Coal Co. Mine No. 1	2 94	1874	189
Eureka Coal Co. Mine No. 2	53	1896	
Evans Brothers Coal Co.	13		
Evergreen Coal Co.	136	1934	19.
Extra Mine	56	1884	
Flint Brick Co. Mine No. 1	25	1894	19
Flint Brick Co. Mine Shafts No. 2 and 3	25 26		
Flint Coal Co. Mine No. 4	20 22	1920	
Flint Coal Co. Mine No. 4			192
	22	1927	192
Flint Valley Mine	40 145		
Fort Des Moines Mine	145		
Four Mile Coal Co.	64	1928	193
Fuller and Coggshell Coal Co.	101	1882	18
Garver Mine	57		
Giant Coal Co. Mine No. 1	59		18
Giant Coal Co. Mine No. 2	72		
Giant Coal Co. Mine No. 3	73	1885	
Gibson Coal Co. (Mine No.1)	19	1925	192
Gibson Coal Co. Mine No. 4	31	1903	19
Gibson Coal Co. Mine No.1	96	1889	189
Gibson Coal Mining Co. Mine No. 2	69	1895	18
Gibson Coal Mining Co. Mine No. 5	80	1908	19
Gibson Mine No. 3	75	1901	19
Glenwood Coal Co. Mine No. 2	60	1901	19
Glenwood Coal Co. Mine No. 3	61		

MINE NAME	MAP NO.	YEA OPERA	RS OF TIONS
Glenwood Mine	137	1899	1901
Great Western Mine	89		1894
Griffith Coal Co.	112	1934	1938
Gross Coal Mine	129	1928	1936
Hastie Mine	118	1889	
Highland Park Mine	28		
Hollingsworth Coal Co.	156	1905	1912
Hulme Mine	158		
Independant Coal Co.	135	1927	1945
Interurban Coal Co.	15	1919	1920
Iowa Central Mine	79		
Iowa Coal and Mining Co.	117		
Iowa Fuel Co.	108	1893	1896
J. M. Christy Mine	114		
Johns Coal Co.	91	1907	1913
Jonkers Mine	20		
Keating - Stanford Coal Co.	111	1934	1938
Keystone Coal Co. Mine	82	1908	1922
Keystone Coal Co. Mine No. 1	43	1894	1908
Keystone Coal Co. Mine No. 2	41	1894	1908
Kring Coal Co.	122	1937	1943
Lake Park Mine	38	1895	
Levey Coal Co.	126	1936	1941
Levey Coal Co.	128	1941	1941
Liberty Coal and Mining Co.	22		
M. Quinn Mine	115	1893	
Madison Coal Co.	47	1908	1916
Manbeck Coal Co. Mine	133	1889	1893
Manbeck Mine	133		
Maple Block Coal Co. Mine No. 1	32	1906	1917
Maple Block Coal Co. Mine No. 2	33	1905	1922
Maple Grove Mine Shaft No. 1	36	1891	1903
Maple Grove Mine Shaft No. 2	35	1891	1903
Merchants Mine	160		
Merle Hay Coal Co.	21	1942	1947
Midway Coal Co. Shaw Mine	150		
Miller Mine	52	1882	1883
Moore Coal Co.	130		1926
Norwood Coal Co. Mine No. 2	83	1903	1904
Norwood Coal and Mining Co. No. 1	13	1901	1903
Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No. 1	17	1908	1911
Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No. 2	16	1908	1912
Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No. 3	18	1919	1926
Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No. 4	8	1911	1918
Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No. 5	7	1914 1010	1920
Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No. 6	30	1919	1924
Norwood-White Coal Co. Mine No. 8	5	1922	1943
O. K. Coal Co.	27	1903	1906
Old Clover Leaf Mine	132	1923	1925

MINE NAME	MAP NO.	YEA OPERA	RS OF
Pennsylvania Mine	105	1869	1896
Pioneer Coal Co.	92	1876	1896
Pioneer Coal Co.	112	1940	1941
Pittsburg Mine	140		1885
Pleasant Hill Coal Co.	138		
Polk County Mine No. 1	96	1874	1889
Preston Coal Co.	123	1926	1929
Proctor Coal Company	146		
Ramsey Mine No. 2	70		
Rawson Mine	78		
Redhead Shaft	92		
Reese Mine	77		
Rider Cooperative Coal Co.	19	1931	1939
Rider-Heim Coal Co.	19	1929	1931
Rose Hill Mine	88	1889	1896
Samuel Dale Mine	159	1889	1893
Sayer Coal Co.	19		
Saylor Coal Co. Mine No. 2	6	1906	1928
Saylor Coal Co. Mine No.	10		1898
Scott Mine	104	1908	
small unnamed mine	99		
Smith And Lowe Coal Co. Mine No. 2	109	1902	1908
Smith And Lowe Coal Co. Mine No. 4	110	1903	1905
Smith and Lowe Coal Co. Mine No. 3	67	1902	1908
South Des Moines Coal Co.	144	1912	1922
Sprague Coal Co.	64		
Standard Coal Co.	55		
Standard Coal Co.	58		
Standard Coal Co. Mines	124	1933	1936
Standard Coal Co. Mines	125	1929	1933
Stanford Coal Co. Mine No. 1	154	1931	1932
Swanwood Coal Co.	12	1908	1910
Sypher Mine	96		
Two Rivers Coal Co.	86		
Union Mine	89	1894	
Union Mine	34		
Union Mine (3rd vein)	95	1887	1894
University Coal Co.	87	÷	
Urbandale Coal Co.	46	1920	1942
Valley-Union Coal Co.	157	1906	1912
Van Ginkel Mine (2nd vein)	142	1885	1897
Wabash Mine No. 1	121		
Wabash Mine No. 2	120	1886	
Walnut Creek Coal Co.	84	1905	1910
Walnut Creek Coal Mine	85	1885	1894
Watson Mine	76	1866	1876
West Riverside Coal Co.	23	1894	1911
West Side Coal Co.	81		1917
Western Coal Co.	29	1896	1902

MINE NAME	MAP NO.		RS OF
Western Coal Co. Saylor Mine	10	189	1910
Wild Rose Mine	102	1899	1899
Wolf Creek Mining Co.	112	1938	1939
Woodlawn Mine	116		
Wright Coal Co.	3	1910	1924
X-L Coal Co.	135	1918	1927

APPENDIX III.

~

Unlocated Mines in Polk County

Appendix III is a list of coal mines from Polk County which could not be located due to inadequate information. Most of the locations are given only as post office addresses. It is probable that some of these names refer to the mines listed in Appendices I and II but cannot be traced back to the mine site with any certainty. Year of operation and any additional information has been included.

Ĺ

- 1) MINE NAME: A. McKiney Slope Mine LOCATION: P.O. Runnells
- 2) MINE NAME: Aetna Coal Co. Mine No. 1 LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines **OTHER INFORMATION:** May have been known as Etna
- 3) MINE NAME: Avon Coal Co. LOCATION: 5 miles east of Capitol **OTHER INFORMATION:** Coal production 961 tons
- 4) MINE NAME: Balzar Coal Co. **LOCATION:** P.O. Des Moines
- 5) MINE NAME: Beck Coal & Mining Co. **LOCATION:** 3.5 miles sw Des Moines on C.R.I.P. R.R.
- MINE NAME: 6) Bee Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. East Des Moines
- 7) MINE NAME: Bertands & Tilton Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Commerce
- **MINE NAME:** 8) Bloomfield Coal Co. No. 3 LOCATION: none given
- MINE NAME: 9) Bloomfield Coal Mining Co. No. 4 LOCATION: Northeast of Des Moines on C. & N.W. R.R.
- 10) MINE NAME: Blount & Evans Mine

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1901-1903

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1885

ENTRANCE TYPE:

ENTRANCE TYPE:

slope

unkn

shaft

- **ENTRANCE TYPE:** MINE TYPE: r&p YEARS OF OPERATION: 1938-1940
- MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1901

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1899-1901

ENTRANCE TYPE: shaft

ENTRANCE TYPE: shaft

ENTRANCE TYPE:

slope

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1934

MINE TYPE:

MINE TYPE:

unkn

ENTRANCE TYPE: shaft

YEARS OF OPERATION: 1903

ENTRANCE TYPE:

unkn

unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1904-1906

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1906-1924

ENTRANCE TYPE: unkn

MINE TYPE: unkn

ENTRANCE TYPE: unkn

LOCATION: West Schoolhouse and Lone Tree

- 11) MINE NAME: Capitol City Coal Co. LOCATION: South Des Moines
- 12) MINE NAME: Caponegro Mine LOCATION: Same district as the Independent Mine
- 13) MINE NAME: Carney Mine LOCATION: East 14th St.& north limits of Carney
- 14) MINE NAME: Carpenter Coal Co. No. 1 LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 15) MINE NAME: Coalfield Fuel Co. LOCATION: P.O. Coalfield, Iowa
- 16) MINE NAME: Commerce Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Commerce OTHER INFORMATION: There may have been more than one Commerce Coal Co. mine, also known as the Commerce Mine.
- 17) MINE NAME: Cruikshank Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 18) MINE NAME: Deer Creek Coal Co. LOCATION:
 1.5 Miles From Enterprise Mine
- 19) MINE NAME: Des Moines Coal Co. LOCATION: North Of Acme Mine By 1/2 Mile

unkn MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1903-1908 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1910 **ENTRANCE TYPE:** MINE TYPE: unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1908 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn slope YEARS OF OPERATION: 1936 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1905-1906 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn

YEARS OF OPERATION:

- 20) MINE NAME: Des Moines Coal Co. No. 3 LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 21) MINE NAME: Diamond Block Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 22) MINE NAME: Etna Mine LOCATION: East Of Des Moines
- 23) MINE NAME: Evans Coal & Mining Co. LOCATION: East of Saylorville **OTHER INFORMATION:** Also known as Evans Coal Mine.
- 24) MINE NAME: Fudge Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. East Des Moines
- 25) MINE NAME: Gibson Coal Co. No. 1 LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 26) MINE NAME: **Gibsons Mine** LOCATION: 13th & R Street
- 27) MINE NAME: Gibson's Mine LOCATION: 1/2 mile west of Youngstown bridge
- 28) MINE NAME: Great Western Coal & Mining Co. LOCATION: On the Interurban Line
- 29) MINE NAME: Hastie Coal Co. **LOCATION:** P.O. Runnells, R.F.D.

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1914, 1915, 1922

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1924-1926

unkn

1883

MINE TYPE:

1928-1930

r&p

ENTRANCE TYPE:

shaft

ENTRANCE TYPE:

shaft

ENTRANCE TYPE: MINE TYPE: YEARS OF OPERATION:

ENTRANCE TYPE:

shaft

unkn

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1898-1899

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1934

ENTRANCE TYPE: slope

ENTRANCE TYPE: shaft YEARS OF OPERATION:

MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn

MINE TYPE: ENTRANCE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1924

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1932-1936

ENTRANCE TYPE: shaft

unkn

unkn

ENTRANCE TYPE: slope

- 30) MINE NAME: Hendrickson Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Runnells
- 31) MINE NAME: Hillside Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 32) MINE NAME: Holland Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 33) MINE NAME: Homestead Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 34) MINE NAME: Indian Bloss Mine LOCATION: West and north of Hartford
- 35) MINE NAME: Iowa Cooperative Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 36) MINE NAME: James Stiles Commerce Mine LOCATION: P.O. Commerce
- 37) MINE NAME: Joseph Raplinger Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Runnells
- 38) MINE NAME: Joshua Chambers Mine No. 1 LOCATION: Avon
- 39) MINE NAME: L. D. Lang Mine No. 1 LOCATION: P.O. Avon
- 40) MINE NAME:

MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** shaft unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1936 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1934 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn slope YEARS OF OPERATION: 1936 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** shaft unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1934 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1938 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1897 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** shaft unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1915 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn slope YEARS OF OPERATION: 1885 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn slope YEARS OF OPERATION: 1885 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** Likes Brick & Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines

- 41) MINE NAME: McCall & Joplin Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Runnells OTHER INFORMATION: Name may have been McCall and Jopling Coal Co.
- 42) MINE NAME: Midwest Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. 1102 12th Street, Des Moines OTHER INFORMATION: Coal production: 2,142 tons in 1939
- 43) MINE NAME: N Riverside Coal & Mng Co. Ramsey Mine LOCATION:
 2 miles northwest of Des Moines River OTHER INFORMATION: Also known as Ramsey Mine
- 44) MINE NAME: Newman Coal & Brick Co. LOCATION: P.O. Hastie
- 45) MINE NAME: Oralabor Mine LOCATION: 2 miles southeast of Ankeny
- 46) MINE NAME: R. Dale Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Commerce
- 47) MINE NAME: Rees Griffith's Mine LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 48) MINE NAME: Ridgeway Mine LOCATION: Hastie Area
- 49) MINE NAME:

unkn slope YEARS OF OPERATION: 1901 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1920 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1938-1940 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1893-1897 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn slope YEARS OF OPERATION: 1901-1903 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn **ENTRANCE TYPE:** MINE TYPE: unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1895 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1895-1897 **MINE TYPE: ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:**

Runnells Coop Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Runnells

- 50) MINE NAME: S & N Mine LOCATION: Southwest of Iowa Power & Light 1.5 mi.
- 51) MINE NAME: Schultz Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. East Grand Des Moines
- 52) MINE NAME: Scotch Ridge Mines LOCATION: Two miles from Bennett
- 53) MINE NAME: Simpson Mine LOCATION: Southwest of Des Moines Coal Co.
- 54) MINE NAME: South Park Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 55) MINE NAME: Spring Creek Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 56) MINE NAME: Spring Valley Coal Co. LOCATION: P.O. Des Moines
- 57) MINE NAME: Standard Mine LOCATION: East of Beck Mine, close to Iowa Power OTHER INFORMATION: Also located southeast of Rock Island R.R. on Hwy. 60.
- 58) MINE NAME: Stanford Brothers Coal Co. LOCATION: 3 miles east of McCoy farm OTHER INFORMATION:

unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1936-1938 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** slope unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1926-1928 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn **ENTRANCE TYPE:** MINE TYPE: unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1901 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** shaft unkn **YEARS OF OPERATION:** 1932 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1926-1932 MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: unkn MINE TYPE: **ENTRANCE TYPE:** unkn shaft YEARS OF OPERATION: 1939

Coal production 267 tons

- 59) MINE NAME: Van Pit Mine LOCATION: South Of Raccoon River **OTHER INFORMATION:** Located near the Sypher-Polk County mine
- 60) MINE NAME: White Hollow Coal Co. **LOCATION:** P.O. Adelphi
- 61) MINE NAME: William Dawson Mine No. 1 LOCATION: **Rising Sun**
- 62) MINE NAME: William Leid Mine No. 1 LOCATION: P.O. Avon

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1894

ENTRANCE TYPE: unkn

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1934

MINE TYPE:

unkn

1885

ENTRANCE TYPE: slope

ENTRANCE TYPE:

shaft

MINE TYPE: unkn YEARS OF OPERATION: 1885

YEARS OF OPERATION:

ENTRANCE TYPE: shalt

APPENDIX IV.

Preparation of Underground Coal Mines of Des Moines, Iowa and Vicinity

Preparation of the map (Plate I) required rescaling the mine maps to the scale of the (Des Moines) base map, locating the mine on the base map, and combining the outlines and the base map.

Outlines of mined areas were digitized from photographs of the mine maps using computer aided design software (AutoCAD). Shaft or slope locations were digitized when available and references for scaling, location, and orientation were also digitized. Digitized base maps were prepared from eight 7.5' U.S. Geological Survey topographic quadrangle maps. The mine outline drawings were added to the topographic base map using reference data collected with the outlines. Placement and scale changes were accomplished with CAD software.

The resulting maps were composited with a 1:100,000 scale base map which shows streets, rivers, and Public Land system grids of Polk County. Plate I is reproduced at approximately 65% of the base map.

APPENDIX V. Sources of Mine Data

IOWA MINED LANDS DATA SYSTEM

Preparation of this report was greatly aided by the Iowa Mined Lands Data System (IMLDS) created to organize and manage the large, diverse collection of abandoned mine data for Iowa. IMLDS was created as part of a contract with the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Division of Soil Conservation, funded by the U.S. Department of Interior Office of Surface Mining under the Abandoned Mine Lands program.

IMLDS consists of a computerized database and the collection of documents which contributed to it. The computerized database includes records for 2,967 mine sites from thirty-two Iowa counties. The documents include mine maps for 860 mine sites, published descriptions of mines and local geology, and other related data on file at the Geological Survey Bureau. The database was prepared by analyzing the information from these materials including names under which the mines operated, locations, dates of operation, availability of mine maps, type of entrance, and method of mining. Depth, coal thickness, and coal bed name were added if possible. All mines which could be located with some degree of accuracy were included. A second database was created to store information for mines with inadequate location information. Typically, the only location given for these was a county name and post office address.

The mine-related data for the Des Moines area used in the text of this report and the list of data included as appendices I, II, and III were obtained from the Iowa Mined Lands Data System. Reporting formats were designed within the system to produce the appendices from the database.

RESTORATION OF COAL MINE MAPS AND DATA COLLECTION

The Geological Survey Bureau (GSB) is the repository for coal mine maps which were in the State Mine Inspectors' Office when it closed in 1972. Most of the maps are in the form of blueprint copies. The condition of the maps varied from very good to severely deteriorating (the blueprint process produces chemical residues which render the paper unstable over time.) In 1986, GSB (then Iowa Geological Survey) and the Department of Agriculture and Land Stewardship, Division of Soil Conservation, initiated a project to preserve the coal mine maps in 1986. The restoration project was part of a contract funded by the U.S. Department of Interior Office of Surface Mining. Its primary goals were to slow the deterioration of the maps, repair the most severely damaged maps, and preserve the maps in such a way that they could be handled for study with little risk of damage. The State Historical Department carried out the restoration project under contract with GSB during 1986, 1987, and 1988. The restoration project included cleaning to remove soil, cellophane tape, and acid residue, repair of torn maps, and encapsulation in polyester film. Following restoration, the maps were photographed, catalogued, and placed in storage at GSB.

The restored maps were studied in detail to collect data including mine names, locations, extents, types of mining, and locations of mine entrances. Some maps also included information about coal thickness, defects in the coal seam, and outlines of adjacent mines or surface features. Published and file data were used to corroborate and supplement the information gathered from the mine maps. Information obtained from mine maps was given precedence where conflicts between the mine maps and other data arose.

STATE MINE INSPECTORS' MAPS AND FILES

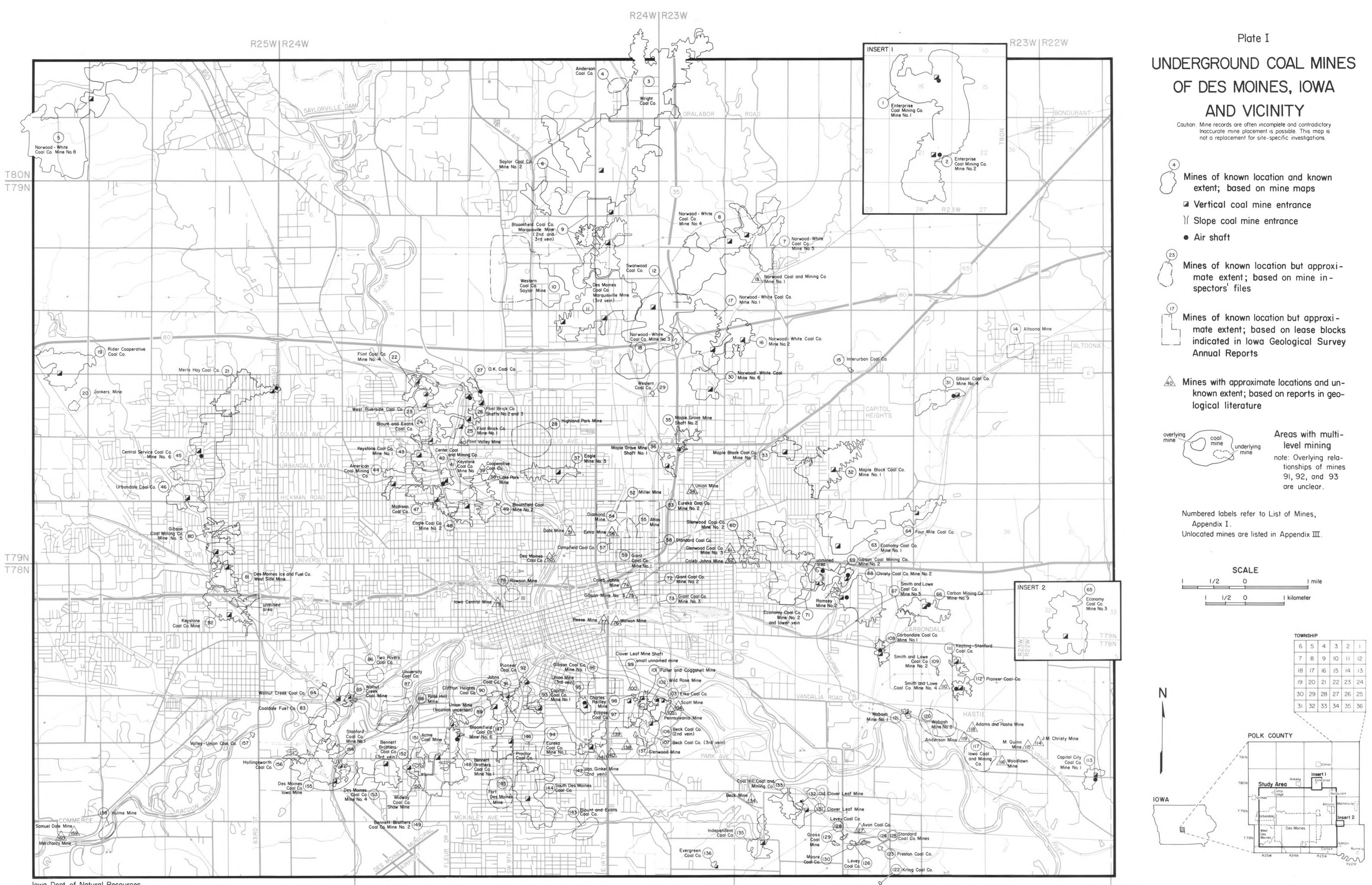
The earliest mining records, kept beginning about 1865, were too general and incomplete

to be very useful. With the creation of the State Mine Inspectors' Office in 1880, reporting requirements were increased and the quantity and quality of available data improved. Surveyed mine maps were periodically filed with the Office during the operating life of a mine and at the time of abandonment to meet part of the requirements. The State Mine Inspectors' Office also maintained extensive data files and published biennial reports of its activities from 1880 to 1972. The reports include county-by-county lists of mines operating during the reporting period and serve as important sources for documenting dates of mine operation. Summaries of inspections in these reports often provide information about physical characteristics of the mines. The State Mine Inspectors' files include township maps for each coal-producing county that outlined coal mine areas. These maps supply locations and extents of mines for which no surveyors' maps are available.

PUBLISHED DESCRIPTIONS OF COAL MINING AND GEOLOGY

The Iowa Geological Survey Annual Reports include accounts of the geology and mineral production of most Iowa counties. A few of the county reports include outlines of coal mine lease properties for which no maps could be found. Although these did not represent the actual extent of mining activity, they did provide location data and probable maximum extents of mining. In addition, reports by Keyes (1894), Hinds (1908), and Lees (1908) included extensive descriptions of coal mining in Iowa. The descriptions of individual mines in these reports proved to be important sources for supplementing data obtained from maps and files as well as providing general information about the local coal industry and geology. Discussions of coal geology are found in earlier works including White (1870) and Owens (1852).

Iowa Department of Natural Resources Geological Survey 109 Trowbridge Hall Iowa City, Iowa 52242-1319 (319) 335-1575



lowa Dept. of Natural Resources GSB Tech. Paper No. 8 1989

R25W R24W

R24W R23W

R23W R22W