

Bedrock Geology of the Waverly (Iowa) 7.5' Quadrangle

BEDROCK GEOLOGY OF THE WAVERLY 7.5' QUADRANGLE, BREMER AND BLACK HAWK COUNTIES, IOWA

Iowa Geological Survey
Open File Map OFM-09-02
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prepared by

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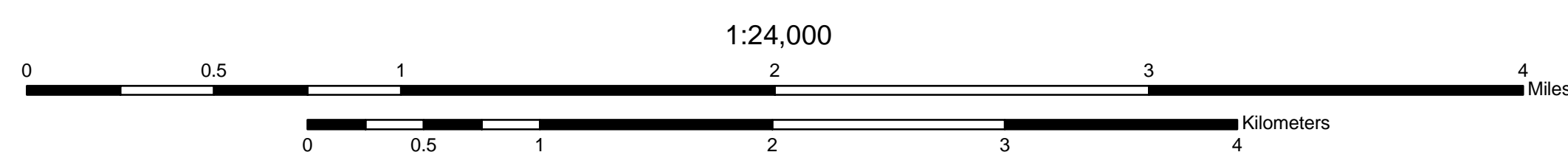
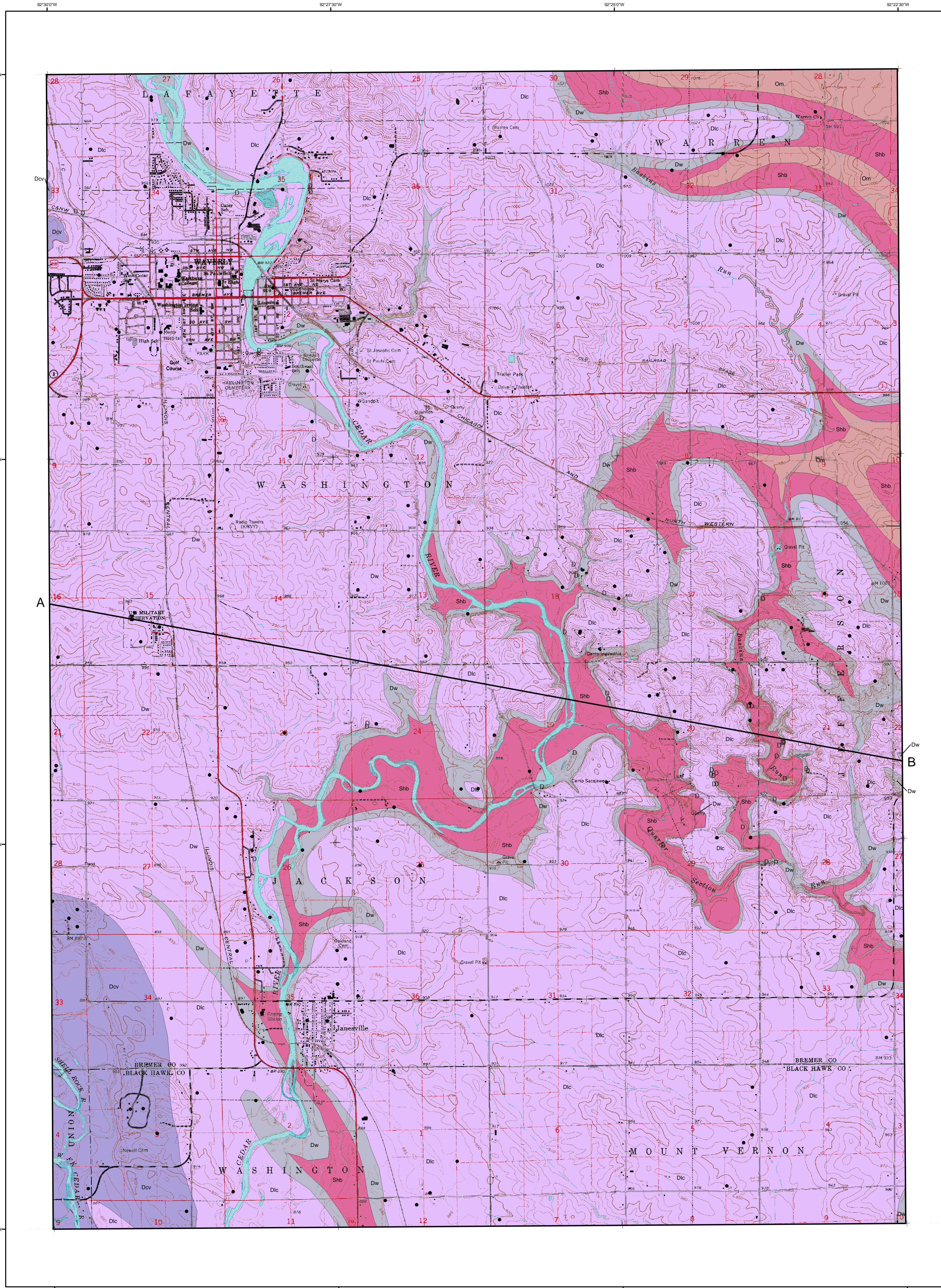


Iowa Department of Natural Resources, Richard A. Leopold, Director
Iowa Geological Survey, Robert D. Libra, State Geologist

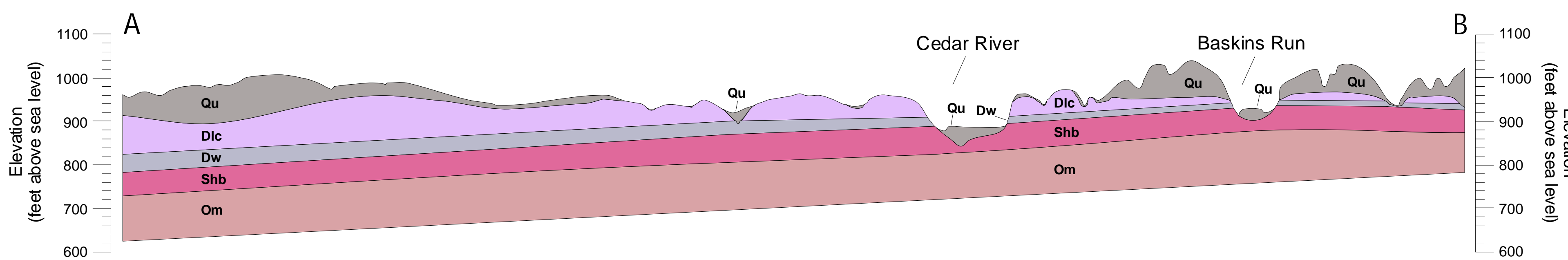
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GEOLOGIC CROSS-SECTION A-B



LEGEND

CENOZOIC

QUATERNARY SYSTEM

Qu - Undifferentiated unconsolidated sediment. Consists of loamy soils developed in loess and glacial till of variable thickness, and alluvial clay, silt, sand and gravel. Total thickness can be up to 56 m (180 ft) in the northeast part of the quad. Unit shown only on cross-section, not on map.

PALEOZOIC

DEVONIAN SYSTEM

Dcv - Limestone and Dolomite (Coraville Formation) Middle Devonian. Thickness of this formation varies between 9 and 10 m (30-33 ft), and is dominated by limestone, dolomitic limestone, and dolomite, in part laminated and argillaceous; brachiopods and corals are usually abundant in the limestone facies.

Dlc - Dolomite and Limestone (Little Cedar Formation) Middle Devonian. The thickness of this formation ranges from 27 to 36 m (90-120 ft) in this quad. It is dominated by slightly argillaceous to argillaceous dolomite and dolomitic limestone, usually vuggy and partially laminated and/or cherty. This unit is commonly fossiliferous and brachiopods are especially abundant in lower portion.

Dw - Dolomite, Limestone, Shale, and minor Sandstone (Wapsipicon Group) Middle Devonian. This map unit usually contains the Fincon Ridge Formation only, with a total thickness that varies between 6 and 12 m (18-40 ft) in the mapping area. It is dominated by laminated or beccated, unfossiliferous limestone and dolomite that is sometimes sandy and cherty at its base.

SILURIAN SYSTEM

Shb - Dolomite with Chert (Hopkinton and Blanding Formations) Lower Silurian. Total thickness up to 20 m (65 ft). Fossiliferous to vuggy dolomite, and cherty to very cherty with nodular to bedded chert in the upper part of the Blanding. Fossils include corals, brachiopods and stromatolites.

ORDOVICIAN SYSTEM

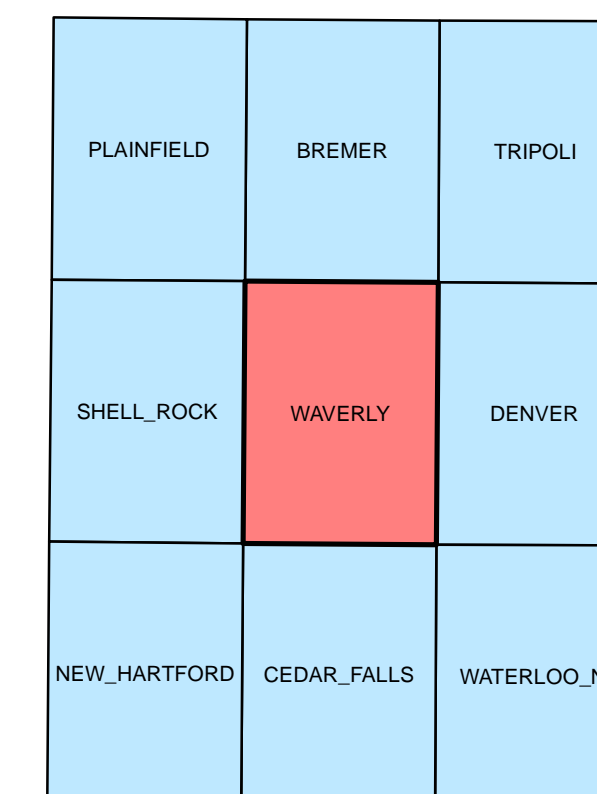
Om - Shale and Dolomite (Maquoketa Formation) Upper Ordovician. Total thickness up to 78 m (250 ft). Interbedded dolomitic shale and shaly dolomite; variably cherty and fossiliferous with brachiopods and graptolites.

- Drill Holes
- D Outcrops

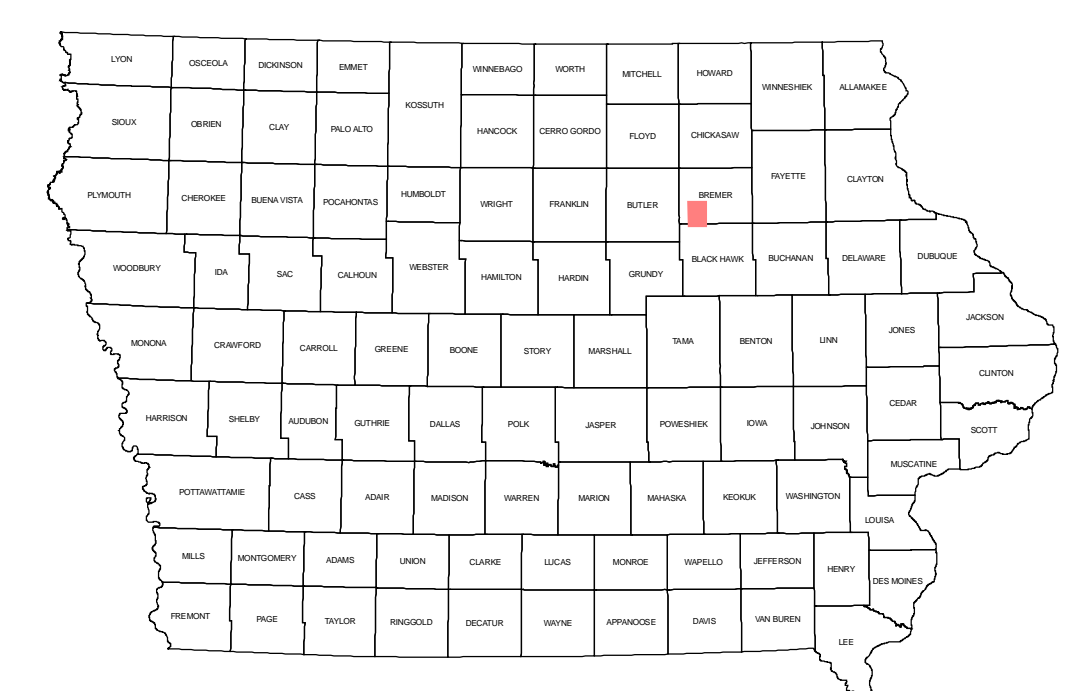
Correlation of Map Units

AGE (Ma)	SYSTEM	SERIES	STAGE	MAP UNIT
2.58	QUATERNARY			Qu
385	DEVONIAN	Upper	Frasnian	
			Givetian	Dcv Dlc Dw
			Eifelian	
436	SILURIAN	Llandoveryan	Aeronian	Shb
			Rhuddanian	
			Gamachian	
			Richmondian	Om
			Maysvillian	
450	ORDOVICIAN	Upper Cincinnati		
		Edenian		

Adjacent 7.5' Quadrangles



Location Map



Base map from USGS Waverly 7.5' Digital Raster Graphic (IGS GIS file DRGH35.TIF) which was scanned from the Waverly 7.5' Topographic Quadrangle map, published by US Geological Survey in 1983, photorevised in 1972. Topographic contours and land features based on 1958 aerial photography, field checked in 1963. Land elevation contours (10' interval) based on NGVD 1929.

Iowa Geological Survey digital cartographic file Waverlyquad_bedrock09.mxd, version 6/15/09 (ArcGIS 9.2). Map projection and coordinate system based on Universal Transverse Mercator (UTM) Zone 15, datum NAD83.

The map and cross section are based on interpretations of the best available information at the time of mapping. Map interpretations are not a substitute for detailed site specific studies.