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Volume 40 c

1985

VERLAG DER ZEITSCHRIFT FÜR NATURFORSCHUNG TÜBINGEN

Contents

Contents of Number 1/2	The Scent Substances of Pierid Butterflies (Hebo- moia glaucippe Linnaeus) and the Volatile Com-
Editorial: Zur Gründung der Zeitschrift für Natur- forschung	ponents of Their Food Plants (<i>Crataeva religiosa</i> Forst.)
P. Karlson 1	N. Hayashi, A. Nishi, T. Murakami, K. Maeshima, H. Komae, and T. Sakao 47
Original Communications	
Occurrence of 3,4-Diacetoxybutinylbithiophene in <i>Tagetes patula</i> and Its Enzymatic Conversion R. PENSL and R. SÜTFELD 3 Learnerin Di C. churchyllearner in Die (Finnen in	Chemical and Physical Characterization of Four Interfacial-Active Rhamnolipids from <i>Pseudomo-</i> <i>nas Spec.</i> DSM 2874 Grown on <i>n</i> -Alkanes C. SYLDATK, S. LANG, F. WAGNER, V. WRAY, and L. WITTE 51
Isomeric Di-C-glycosylflavones in Fig (<i>Ficus carica</i> L.)	
F. SIEWEK, K. HERRMANN, L. GROTJAHN, and V. WRAY 8	Production of Four Interfacial Active Rhamnolipids from <i>n</i> -Alkanes or Glycerol by Resting Cells of <i>Pseudomonas species</i> DSM 2874
Investigations on Callus Cultures of <i>Melissa officina-</i> <i>lis</i> L., II. Volatile Diterpene Hydrocarbons in Not Differentiated Static Cultures (In German)	C. Syldatk, S. Lang, U. Matulovic, and F. Wagner 61
I. KOCH-HEITZMANN, W. SCHULTZE, and FC. CZYGAN 13	Phosphatidylinositol-Specific Phospholipase C from Bovine Blood Platelets. Inhibition by Calmodulin- Inhibitors – Activation by ATP and ADP (In Ger-
Effect of 5-Azacytidine on the Formation of Sec- ondary Metabolites in <i>Catharanthus roseus</i> Cell Suspension Cultures	man) H. Benedikter, G. Knopki, and P. Renz 68
HA. ARFMANN, W. KOHL, and V. WRAY 21	Phospholipid Transfer from ER to the Peribacteroid Membrane in Soybean Nodules
Occurrence of "Stress"-Proteins in Yeast after Heat-	R. B. Mellor, T. M. I. E. Christensen,
Shock, Acrylonitrile Treatment and during the Stationary Growth Phase	S. BASSARAB, and D. WERNER 73
U. PFEFFER and B. SCHULZ-HARDER 26	Higher Cardol Homologues (5-Alkenylresorcinols) from Rye Affect the Red Cell Membrane-Water
Degradation of Glutathione in Plant Cells: Evi- dence against the Participation of a γ -Glutamyl- transpeptidase	Transport A. Kozubek 80
R. STEINKAMP and H. RENNENBERG 29	Effects of Carbohydrates on the Ion Conductance of
Purification and Properties of Adenosine Kinase from Rat Liver: Separation from Deoxyadenosine Kinase Activity	the Hemocyanin Channel G. MENESTRINA and F. PASQUALI 85
A. K. DRABIKOWSKA, L. HALEC, and D. SHUGAR 34	Kinetics of Calcium-Induced Fusion of Cell-Size Liposomes with Monolayers in Solutions of Dif-
Amino Acid Composition of Cockroach Hypertreha- losaemic Hormones	ferent Osmolarity N. Stoicheva, I. Tsoneva, D. S. Dimitrov,
G. Gäde 42	and I. PANAIOTOV 92

Control of the Activity of Brain Synaptosome-Asso-		
ciated Acetylcholinesterase by Acidic Phospholi	-	
pids		
S. Tsakiris 97	7	
In Vitro Cellular Muscle Calcium Metabolism. Char	_	

acterization	of	Effects	of	1,25-Dihydroxy-	Vita-
min D ₃ and	25-H	- Hydroxy-	-Vita	amin D ₃	
A. R. de Boi	AN	o and R.	Bo	LAND	102

Absorption Spectra of Phytochrome Intermediates P. FILFELD and W. RÜDIGER 109

Variability of the Light-Harvesting-System	during
the Cell Cycle of Chlorella fusca (In Germa	.n) -
P. Brandt, H. Gleibs, A. Köhne,	
and W. WIESSNER	115

- Effect of Light Intensity on Photosynthetic ¹⁴CO₂ Fixation of Anabaena flos-aquae G. DÖHLER and A. MÄRTE 122
- Photodestruction of Propionibacterium acnes Porphyrins T. B. MELØ, G. REISAETER, A. JOHNSSON, and M. JOHNSSON 125
- Inhibition of Photosystem II by UV-B-Radiation M. TEVINI and K. PFISTER 129

Notes

Enzymatic Nitrate Assay by a Kinetic Method ploying <i>Escherichia coli</i> Nitrate Reductase	Em-
J. SCHILD and JH. KLEMME	134
Fructose-Stimulated Ferricyanide Reduction by tact Blue-Green Algae	/ In-
S. Scherer and P. Böger	138
Male Produced Volatiles from Coreid Bug Le glossus australis (Heteroptera) A. J. E. GOUGH, D. E. GAMES, B. W. STADDON	•
and T. O. OLAGBEMIRO	142
Identification of Cyclic Enolethers from Ins Alkyldihydropyranes from Bees and A dihydro-4H-pyran-4-ones from a Male Moth	

W. FRANCKE, W. MACKENROTH, W. SCHRÖDER,

J. TENGÖ, E. ENGELS, W. ENGELS, R. KITTMANN. and D. SCHNEIDER 145

Isolation of Populations of Antipeptide Antibodies Directed against Different Epitopes of the Same Fragment A. CHERSI, C. GREGER, and R. A. HOUGHTEN 148

Contents of Number 3/4

Original Communcations

Molecular Pharmacological Investigation of Medici- nal Plant Substances. II. Inhibition of Acetylcho- linesterase by Monoterpene Derivatives <i>in vitro</i> (In German) L. GRACZA 151
L-Tyrosine as a Precursor of Flavonoids in Buck- wheat Cotyledons
U. Margna, L. Laanest, E. Margna, and T. Vainjärv 154
Two Different Chalcone Synthase Activities from Spinach
L. BEERHUES and R. WIERMANN 160
Enhanced Production of Cell-Bound and Extracellu- lar Streptolysin S by Hemolytic Streptococci Pre- treated with Proteases
A. TAKETO and Y. TAKETO
Regulation of β -Galactosidase Synthesis in Wild Type and in a Succinate-Resistant Mutant of <i>Rhi-</i> zohium meliloti
A. P. SINGH and J. B. SINGH 170
Do Cyanobacteria Contain a Membrane Bound

Cysteine Oxidase?	
E. L. Barsky, F. D. Kamilova,	
and V. D. SAMUILOV	176

Soybean Root Response to Symbiotic Infection Glyceollin I Accumulation in an Ineffective Type of Soybean Nodules with an Early Loss of the Peribacteroid Membrane D. WERNER, R. B. MELLOR, M. G. HAHN, 179 and H. GRISEBACH

Contents

Acetate Concentration and Chloroplast Pyruvate Dehydrogenase Complex in Spinacia oleracea Leaf Cells B. LIEDVOGEL 182	 Small-Angle X-Ray and Light Scattering Studies on the Influence of Mg²⁺ Ions on the Structure of the RNA from Bacteriophage MS2 G. RIBITSCH, R. DE CLERCQ, W. FOLKHARD, P. ZIPPER, J. SCHURZ, and J. CLAUWAERT 234
Isolation of Vacuoles from the Upper Epidermis of <i>Petunia Hybrida</i> Petals. I. A Comparison of Isolation Procedures	Nucleotide Sequence of Bovine 1.723 Satellite DNA G. Plucienniczak, J. Skowronski,
J. M. F. G. AERTS and A. W. SCHRAM 189	A. PLUCIENNICZAK, and J. JAWORSKI 242
Isolation of Vacuoles from the Upper Epidermis of <i>Petunia Hybrida</i> Petals. II. Vacuolar Localiza- tion of Some Hydrolases J. M. F. G. AERTS and A. W. SCHRAM 196	Rate and Rate-Determining Step of Hydrogen- Atom-Induced Strand Breakage in Poly(U) in Aqueous Solution under Anoxic Conditions E. BOTHE and H. SELBACH 247
Dicyano-bis(pyridin-2.6-dicarbothioato)-ferrate (II)/ ferrate (III), a Further Fe Containing Redox System from the Culture Medium of <i>Pseudo</i> - menuncing (In Common)	Properties of Lectins from Snails of the Genus <i>Helix</i> Probed by Monoclonal Antibodies H. A. W. SCHNEIDER 254
<i>monas</i> sp. (In German) U. Hildebrand, K. Taraz, H. Budzikiewicz, H. Korth, and G. Pulverer 201	Sex Pheromone Components in the New Zealand Brownheaded Leafroller <i>Ctenopseustis obliquana</i> (Lepidoptera: Tortricidae)
Differential Inhibition by Mevinolin of Prenyllipid Accumulation in Radish Seedlings S. SCHINDLER, T. J. BACH,	H. YOUNG, R. A. GALBREATH, M. H. BENN, V. A. HOLT, and D. L. STRUBLE 262
and H. K. LICHTENTHALER 208	Sex Pheromone Components in the New Zealand Greenheaded Leafroller <i>Planotortrix excessana</i> (Leafroller) Tortrigidae)
On the Chemical Reactivity of the Phytochrome Chromophore in the P _r and P _{fr} Form F. THÜMMLER, P. EILFELD, W. RÜDIGER,	(Lepidoptera: Tortricidae) R. A. Galbreath, M. H. Benn, H. Young, and V. A. Holt 266
DK. MOON, and PS. SONG 215	Sex Attractant Blends for Field Trapping of Agrotis segetum Males (Lepidoptera: Noctuidae) in Israel
Physicochemical Characterization of Tetraether Lipids from <i>Thermoplasma acidophilum</i> . II. Film Balance Studies on the Monomolecular Organiza- tion of the Main Glycophospholipid in Monofilms	and Germany E. Dunkelblum, S. Gothilf, H. J. Bestmann, W. Knauf, and O. Vostrowsky 272
C. STROBL, L. SIX, K. HECKMANN, B. HENKEL, and K. RING 219	Calcium/Sodium Binding Competition in the Gat- ing of Light-Activated Membrane Conductance
Chemiluminescence in the Coupled Oxidation of Lecithin and Ascorbate	Studied by Voltage Clamp Technique in <i>Limulus</i> Ventral Nerve Photoreceptor H. STIEVE, M. PFLAUM, J. KLOMFASS,
K. Lichszteld, Z. Machoy, and A. Stępińska 223	and H. GAUBE 278
Temperature Dependence of Population Growth in	
a Green Microalga: Thermodynamic Characteris- tics of Growth Intensity and the Influence of Cell	Notes
Concentration	Site of H Atom Attack on Uracil and Its Derivatives
C. J. SOEDER, E. HEGEWALD, E. FIOLITAKIS, and J. U. GROBBELAAR 227	in Aqueous Solution S. Das, D. J. Deeble, and C. v. Sonntag 292

The Effect of Thiol Compounds on the Gluta	amate
Affinity of the Chloroplastic Glutamine	Syn-
thetase from Mustard Leaves	
R. MANDERSCHEID and A. WILD	295

Contents of Number 5/6

Original Communications

Adsorbent Filter - A Tool for the Selection of Plant Suspension Culture Cells Producing Secondary Substances B. KNOOP and R. BEIDERBECK 297 Localization of Chromenes and Benzofurans in the Genus Encelia (Asteraceae) P. PROKSCH, M. PROKSCH, W. WECK, and E. Ro-DRIGUEZ 301 The Widespread Occurrence in Nature of Anthocvanins as Zwitterions J. B. HARBORNE and M. BOARDLEY 305 Studies of the Sterolsynthesis in the Fungus Aureobasidium (Dematium) pullulans (In German) P. FLESCH and M. SCHAEFER 309 Isolation of the Phytoalexin Medicarpin from Leaflets of Arachis hypogaea and Related Species of the Tribe Aeschvnomeneae R. N. STRANGE, J. L. INGHAM, D. L. COLE, M. E. CAVILL, C. EDWARDS, C. J. COOKSEY, and P. J. GARRATT 313 Isoceroptene, a Novel Polyphenol from Pityrogramma triangularis K. R. MARKHAM, CH. VILAIN, E. WOLLENWEBER, V. H. DIETZ, and G. SCHILLING 317 Flavonoids and Terpenoids from the Leaf Resin of Pluchea odorata E. WOLLENWEBER, K. MANN, F. J. ARRIAGA, and G. YATSKIEVYCH 321 Biflavonoids, Ouinones and Xanthones as Rare Chemical Markers in the Family Iridaceae CHR. A. WILLIAMS and J. B. HARBORNE 325 Are Spinach Chloroplasts Involved in Flavonoid O-Methylation? K. THRESH and R. K. IBRAHIM 331

- The Influence of Low-Intensity Millimeter-Wave Radiation on the Growth of Cress Roots F. KREMER, A. POGLITSCH, L. SANTO, D. SPERBER, and L. GENZEL 336
- Amine-carbamoyl-dihydro-¹⁰B-borane, Preparation, and Biological Properties (In German) F. Dallacker, T. Böhmel, W. Müllners, and H. Mückter 344

Carrierfree Synthesis Products from Irradiated Valine by Means of Hot ¹¹C-Atoms of Giant Resonance Reaction (In German) G. GUNDLACH, E. L. SATTLER, and U. WAGEN-BACH 351

Acylchain Specificity and Kinetic Properties of Phospholipase A₁ and A₂ of Bone Marrow-Derived Macrophages I. FLESCH, B. SCHMIDT, and E. FERBER 356

- A Small-Angle X-Ray Scattering Study on Pre-Irradiated Malate Synthase. The Influence of Formate, Superoxide Dismutase, and Catalase on the X-Ray Induced Aggregation of the Enzyme P. ZIPPER, R. WILFING, M. KRIECHBAUM, and H. DURCHSCHLAG 364
- Physicochemical Properties of Ferredoxin from Chlamydomonas reinhardii F. GALVÁN, A. J. MÁRQUEZ, and E. FERNÁNDEZ 373
- Fluorescence-ODMR of Light Harvesting Pigments of Photosynthetic Bacteria A. ANGERHOFER, J. U. v. SCHÜTZ, and H. C. WOLF 379
- Action of Methylthiopyrimidine Experimental Herbicids as Diuron-Like Inhibitors of Photosynthesis J.-M. DUCRUET and R. SCALLA 388
- Inhibition of Photosynthetic Electron Transport by Halogenated 4-Hydroxy-pyridines A. TREBST, B. DEPKA, S. M. RIDLEY, and A. F. HAWKINS 391
- Proton Uptake by Light Induced Interaction between Rhodopsin and G-Protein A. SCHLEICHER and K. P. HOFMANN 400

Physiology of Nitrogen Fixation in Two New Strains of Anabaena **Pei-Chung Chen** 406

- Biochemical Oxygen Activation as the Basis for the Physiological Action of Tetrachlorodecaoxide (TCDO) R. J. YOUNGMAN, G. R. WAGNER, F. W. KÜHNE,
 - and E. F. ELSTNER 409
- Isolation of Labeled Lipoprotein from Escherichia coli and Proteus mirabilis after Incubation with ¹⁴C]Penicillin G. GRUNER, M. H. TADROS, and R. PLAPP 415

- Studies on Protein Synthesis of Outgrowing Spores of Bacillus subtilis (In German) M. HECKER, A.-M. DUNGER, G. WACHLIN, and F. Масн 421
- On the Role of Branched-Chain Amino Acids in Protein Turnover of Skeletal Muscle. Studies in vivo with L-Norleucine K.-J. SCHOTT, J. GEHRMANN, U. PÖTTER, and V. NEUHOFF 427
- Regression of the Time-Keeping Ability in Carabid Beetles by Phylogenetic Adaptation to Cave Conditions

W. MARTIN and F. WEBER 438

Notes

γ-Radiolysis of 2'-Deoxyguanosine. The Structu the Malondialdehyde-Like Product	re of
D. Langfinger and C. v. Sonntag	446
Prosomes are Involved in the Repression of 'mRNA	Viral
A. Horsch, K. Köhler, and HP. Schmid	449
Inhibition of Bluelight-Induced, Flavin-Medi Membraneous Redoxtransfer by Xenon	ated
W. Schmidt	451
Photoaffinity Labeling of Spinach Thylakoids Cytochrome <i>b₆/f</i> -Complex by the Hydroph Reagent 3-(Trifluoromethyl)-3-(<i>m</i> -[¹²⁵ I] phenyl)-diazirine W. OETTMEIER, HJ. SOLL, and E. OLSCHEWS	nobic iodo- ĸı
	454

- Diversification of Chemoreceptors in Ectocarpus, Sphacelaria, and Adenocystis (Phaeophyceae) D. G. MÜLLER, W. BOLAND, L. JAENICKE, and G.
- GASSMANN 457
- Nonconventional Interactions between Photoreceptor Axons in the Butterfly Lamina Ganglionaris W. C. GORDON 460

Contents of Number 7/8

Original Communications

- Comparative Studies on the Production and Accumulation of Essential Oil in the Whole Plant and in the Cell-Culture of Pimpinella anisum L. (In German) J. REICHLING, H. BECKER, R. MARTIN, and G. 465 BURKHARDT
- New Flavone Glucoside Malonylesters from Bryum capillare W. STEIN, S. ANHUT, H. D. ZINSMEISTER, R. MU-ES, W. BARZ, and J. KÖSTER 469
- 3-Acetamino-4-hydroxy Benzoic Acid and 2-Acetamino Phenol from Pseudomonas Cultures (In German)
- S. WINKLER, W. NEUENHAUS, H. BUDZIKIEWICZ, H. KORTH, and G. PULVERER 474
- Comparison of pH Changes and Elicitor Induced Production of Glyceollin Isomers in Soybean Cotyledons W. F. OSSWALD, S. ZIEBOLL, and E. F. ELSTNER

477

- Isoneorautenol and other Pterocarpan Phytoalexins from Calopogonium mucunoides J. L. INGHAM and S. TAHARA 482
- Natural Inhibitors of Germination and Growth, III. New a-Pyrones from Seeds of Rosa canina E. LOHAUS, C. ZENGER, W. RÜDIGER, and E. CMIEL 490
- The Regulation of Acetyl Coenzyme A Synthesis in Chloroplasts H.-J. TREEDE and K.-P. HEISE

496

Contents

Isomerase and Decarboxylase Activities in the 4-Hy-Three-Dimensional Models of the Carbohydrate Moieties of Murein and Pseudomurein droxyphenylacetate Catabolic Pathway of Pseudomonas putida H. FORMANEK 555 M. L. MARTÍN and A. GARRIDO-PERTIERRA 503 Composition and Distribution of Lipids in Tissues of The Presence of a Specialized-\beta-Glucosidase: Lina-Bogue (Boops boops) marase, in the Leaves of Trifolium repens is Con-V. M. KAPOULAS and S. MINIADIS-MEIMAROGLOU trolled by the Gene Li 562 P. KAKES and H. EELTINK 509 X-Ray Studies on Phospholipid Bilayers. V. Inter-Biosynthesis of Trichothecene Mycotoxins in Fusaactions with DDT rium culmorum Cultures M. SUWALSKY, N. BUGUEÑO, J. TAPIA, and F. N. C. P. BALDWIN, B. W. BYCROFT, P. M. DE-NEIRA 566 WICK, J. GILBERT, and I. HOLDEN 514 2-Hydroxy-Swietenin, a New Limonoid from Swiete-Invariance of Stoichiometry of the Sarcoplasmic Retnia mahagoni DC. (In German) iculum Calcium Pump at Physiological Calcium A. DAILY, O. SELIGMANN, H. LOTTER, and H. Concentrations - a Reevaluation WAGNER 519 W. HASSELBACH and A. MIGALA 571 The Action of Saraca asoca Roxb. de Wilde Bark on Nature of Yeast Cells Immobilized by Radiation the PGH₂ Synthetase Enzyme Complex of the Polymerization Activity Dependence on the Mo-Sheep Vesicular Gland lecular Motion of Polymer Carriers T. B. MIDDELKOOP and R. P. LABADIE 523 T. FUJIMURA and I. KAETSU 576 Effect of Salinity on Photosynthetic ¹⁴CO₂ Fixation and Amino Acid Pools of Bellerochea yucatanensis (v. Stosch) and Thalassiosira rotula (Meunier) G. DÖHLER and J. ZINK 527 Notes ESR and ENDOR Investigations of Adrenochrome Semiquinone and Related Amino-1,2-Benzosemi-Fast Atom Bombardment Mass Spectrometry of quinone Radicals **Coumaric Acids** H. B. STEGMANN, H. DAO-BA, K. SCHEFFLER, and CH. G. DE KOSTER, G. J. NIEMANN, and W. HEER-M. G. Peter 531 580 MA Detection of Semiquinone Radicals of N-Acylcate-Flavonoid Glycosides from Thymus membranaceus F. TOMÁS, L. HERNÁNDEZ, F. A. T. BARBERÁN, cholamines in Aqueous Solution M. G. PETER, H. B. STEGMANN, H. DAO-BA, and and F. FERRERES 583 K. Scheffler 535 Chichoric Acid and Its Derivatives from Echinacea Species (In German) A Comparison of Decoration Techniques for the Demonstration of Immunocomplexes by Scanning H. BECKER and W. CH. HSIEH 585 Electron Microscopy: Labeling of a Protein Antigen on the Surface of the Yeast Candida albicans Pattern Formation and Marangoni Convection du-(In German) ring Oscillating Glycolysis M. Borg S. C. MÜLLER, T. PLESSER, A. BOITEUX, and B. 539 HESS 588 Isotopic Effect on the Kinetic of Thermal Denaturation of Ceruloplasmin Hyperglycemia in Freshwater Field Crab (Oziotel-L. SPORTELLI, A. DESIDERI, and A. CAMPANIELLO phusa senex senex) Produced by Pesticides K. S. J. RAO 592 551

Contents of Number 9/10

- Original Communications
- Synthesis of 1,2-Dipalmitoyloxypropyl-3-(2-ammoniumethyl) Phosphinate M. C. MOSCHIDIS 595
- Comparative Analysis of Epicuticular Waxes from Some High Alpine Plant Species C. LÜTZ and P.-G. GÜLZ 599
- Physicochemical Characterization of Tetraetherlipids from *Thermoplasma acidophilum*. IV. Calorimetric Studies on the Miscibility of Tetraetherlipids with Dipalmitoyl Phosphatidylcholine and Dipalmitoyl Phosphatidylglycerol
 - D. Blöcher, R. Gutermann, B. Henkel, and K. Ring 606
- Occurrence and Characteristics of Amino Alcohols and Cyclohexenone. Components of Fungal Mycosporines
 - F. Lemoyne, J. Bernillon, J. Favre-Bonvin, M. L. Bouillant, and N. Arpin 612
- Isoflavonoids from *Bolusanthus speciosus* (Bolus) Harms Leguminosae K. Asres, P. MASCAGNI, M. J. O'NEILL, and J. D. PHILLIPSON 617
- Studies on Sporopollenin Biosynthesis: The Effect of Inhibitors of Carotenoid Biosynthesis on Sporopollenin Accumulation A.-K. PRAHL, H. SPRINGSTUBBE, K. GRUMBACH, and R. WIERMANN 621
- Origin of Cardenolides in Rhizomes and Roots of Convallaria majalis L.. Biogenesis in situ or Transport from Leaves?
 R. SCHRUTKA-RECHTENSTAMM, B. KOPP, and W. LÖFFELHARDT 627
- On the Active Principles of the Spurge Family (Euphorbiaceae). XI. [1] The Skin Irritant and Tumor Promoting Diterpene Esters of *Euphorbia tirucalli* L. Originating from South Africa G. FÜRSTENBERGER and E. HECKER 631
- Effects of Norfloxacin and Rifampicin on Growth and Streptolysin S Production in Hemolytic Streptococci

A. TAKETO and Y. TAKETO 647

- Acetohydroxyacid Synthase Inhibitors: N-Phthalyl-L-valine Anilide and Related Compounds J. L. HUPPATZ and J. E. CASIDA 652
- Volatile Secretions in Three Species of Dufourea (Hymenoptera: Halictidae) Bees: Chemical Composition and Phylogeny
 J. TENGÖ, I. GROTH, G. BERGSTRÖM, W. SCHRÖ-DER, S. KROHN, and W. FRANCKE 657
- Volatile Constituents of the Red Wood Ant Formica rufa L. (Hymenoptera: Formicidae) W. FRANCKE, J. BORCHERT, and D. KLIMETZEK 661
- Mandibular Gland Secretions as Alarm Pheromones in Two Species of the Desert Ant *Cataglyphis* A. HEFETZ and H. A. LLOYD 665
- (Z)-9-Dodecenyl Acetate, a Component of the Sex Pheromone of *Cnephasia longana* Haworth (Lepidoptera: Tortricidae) H.-J. BESTMANN, A. ATTYGALLE, H. PLATZ, O. VOSTROWSKY, and M. GLAS 667
- Mode of Action of the Hypertrehalosaemic Peptides from the American Cockroach G. GÄDE 670
- The Kinetics of the Reaction of Thiocyanate and Nitrite Ions with Orconectes limosus Oxyhemocyanin

R. GONDKO, E. SERAFIN, J. MAZUR, B. JEŻOWSKA-TRZEBIATOWSKA and A. JEZIERSKI 677

- Regioselective O-Demethylation of Scoparone: Differentiation between Rat Liver Cytochrome P-450 Isozymes D. MÜLLER-ENOCH, E. BÜTTGEN, and A. NONNEN-
 - MACHER 682
- Degradation of Bacteriochlorophyll a in Rhodopseudomonas sphaeroides R 26 H. HAIDL, K. KNÖDLMAYR, W. RÜDIGER, H.
 - SCHEER, S. SCHOCH, and J. ULLRICH 685
- A Photoreversible 39 kDalton Fragment from the P_{fr} Form of 124 kDalton Oat Phytochrome U. REIFF, P. EILFELD, and W. RÜDIGER 693
- On the Correlation between Oxygen Uptake in Plastids of Greening Etiolated Oat Leaves and Pigment Photooxidation
- F. FRANCK and G. H. SCHMID 699

- Separation of Chloroplast Thylakoid Membrane Polypeptides by Electrophoresis on Polyacrylamide Gradient Gels with a Length of 60 cm H. O. SCHMIDT and K.-H. Süss 705
- Phosphorylation of Coformycin and 2'-Deoxycoformycin, and Substrate and Inhibitor Properties of the Nucleosides and Nucleotides in Several Enzyme Systems

A. BZOWSKA, P. LASSOTA, and D. SHUGAR 710

- Stereospecific Synthesis by the Sodium Salt Glycosylation Method of Halogeno Benzimidazole 2'-Deoxyribose Analogues of the Inhibitor of hnRNA Synthesis, 5,6-Dichloro-1-(β-D-ribofuranosyl)benzimidazole (DRB)
 - Z. KAZIMIERCZUK, R. STOLARSKI, and D. SHUGAR 715
- Potassium and Rubidium Effluxes in Saccharomyces cerevisiae

M. D. Ortega and A. Rodríguez-Navarro 721

- Thyroxine Induced Transformation in Sarcoplasmic Reticulum of Rabbit Soleus and Psoas Muscles M. T. NUNES, A. C. BIANCO, A. MIGALA, B. AGOSTINI, and W. HASSELBACH 726
- Protoplast Dielectrophoresis in Axisymmetric Fields N. STOICHEVA, I. TSONEVA, and D. S. DIMITROV 735

Notes

- Biotransformation of Tryptophan to Indole-3-acetic Acid by *Xanthomonas campestris* pv. *campestris* D. J. ROBESON and D. R. COOK 740
- A Fungal Elicitor of the Resistance Response in Wheat K.-H. KOGEL, B. HECK, G. KOGEL, B.
 - K.-H. KOGEL, B. HECK, G. KOGEL, B. MOERSCHBACHER, and H.-J. REISENER 743
- Water Relations in Young Growing Wheat Leaves after Application of (2-Chloroethyl)trimethylammoniumchloride (CCC) to the Roots of Wheat Seedlings J. BODE and A. WILD 745
- Associations of Mitochondria with Desmosome-Like Structures in the Oocytes of *Raillietiella aegypti* (Pentastomida, Cephalobaenida) R. RIEHL and V. WALLDORF 748

Contents of Number 11/12

Original Communications

Studies on the Triple Helical Structure of β -D-Xylan	1,3
	751
A-α-hydroxymesobiliverdin, a New Bile Pigment E. BENEDIKT and HP. Köst	755
Alteration of Tocochromanol Pattern in Some Pl Oils (Soybean, Lupine, Sunflower and Whe during Germination and Growth (In German) H. SCHULZ, G. LAUSCH, and W. FELDHEIM	at)
Quinolizidine Alkaloids as Nitrogen Source for I pin Seedlings and Cell Cultures M. WINK and L. WITTE	Lu- 767
Cellular Differentiation of Sucrose Metabolism Anabaena variabilis N. Schilling and K. Ehrnsperger	in 776
The Crystal Structure of Ectoine, a Novel Am Acid of Potential Osmoregulatory Function (In German) W. Schuh, H. PUFF, E. A. GALINSKI, and H.	ino
Elimination of Ammonium Ion from the α-H droxyalkyl Radicals of Serine and Threonine Aqueous Solution and the Difference in the Re tion Mechanism G. BEHRENS and G. KOLTZENBURG	in
A Disappearance of a 24-kDa Acid-Soluble Prot from Liver Chromatin of Normal and Starv Hens Following D-Galactosamine Administrati J. PALYGA	ved
Further Evidence for a Functional Relationship tween L-Amino Acid Oxidase Activity and Pho synthetic Oxygen Evolution in Anacystis nidula Effect of Chloride on the Two Reactions	oto- ns.
E. K. Pistorius	806

Antiserum Against the 33-kDa Herbicide-Binding

Protein G. Herrmann, A. Thiel, and P. Böger 814

Preparation of an Enzyme Associated with Carth- amin Formation in <i>Carthamus tinctorius</i> L. K. SAITO, Y. TAKAHASHI, and M. WADA 819	Formation and Decay of the Vanadate Complex of the Sarcoplasmic Reticulum Calcium Transport Protein
	P. Medda and W. Hasselbach 876
Binary Oscillation of Delayed Luminescence: Evi- dence of the Participation of Q_B^- in the Charge Recombination	Linear Dichroism Spectroscopy of Retinal with Picosecond Time Resolution
É. Hideg and S. Demeter 827	M. E. LIPPITSCH, M. RIEGLER, F. R. AUSSENEGG, N. FRIEDMAN, M. SHEVES, Y. MAZUR, and L. MAR-
The Role of NADPH in the Reversible Phototrans- formation of Chlorophyllide P_{682} into Chlorophyl-	GULIES 880
lide P ₆₇₈ in Etioplasts of Oat F. Franck and G. H. Schmid 832	A Patch Clamp Study of Tonoplast Electrical Prop- erties in Vacuoles Isolated from <i>Chenopodium</i> <i>rubrum</i> Suspension Cells
Biochemical Characterization of Propylglyoxal Bis(guanylhydrazone). Facile Synthesis of Mono- alkylglyoxal Bis(guanylhydrazones)	FW. BENTRUP, B. HOFFMANN, M. GOGARTEN- BOEKELS, J. P. GOGARTEN, and CH. BAUMANN 886
H. ELO, R. LAINE, L. ALHONEN-HONGISTO, J. JÄN- NE, I. MUTIKAINEN, and P. LUMME 839	Reculturing of Cells from Primary CFU-C Colonies G. E. HÜBNER, F. ALI-OSMAN, M. KASTNER, C. PAPADIMITRIOU, and H. R. MAURER 891
Tumor Inhibition by Ferricenium Complexes: Sys- temic Effect <i>in vivo</i> and Cell Growth Inhibition <i>in vitro</i> P. KÖPF-MAIER 843	Mammalian Spermatogenesis as a Biological Indi- cator for Ionizing Radiation (In German) U. HACKER-KLOM, EM. MEIER, and W. Göнde
 Chemical Composition of the Wing Gland and Ab- dominal Hair Pencil Secretions of the Male Afri- can Sugarcane Borer, <i>Eldana saccharina</i> (Lepidoptera: Pyralidae) B. V. BURGER, W. M. MACKENROTH, D. SMITH, H. 	898 Notes Analytical Ultracentrifugation of Proteins in Solu-
S. C. Spies, and P. R. Atkinson 847	tions of Triton X-100 Using Absorption Optics D. Schubert and K. Boss 908
Presumed Sex Pheromone from Androconial Glands of Male Cotton Harlequin Bug <i>Tectocoris dio- phthalmus</i> (Heteroptera; Scutelleridae) Identified as 3,5-Dihydroxy-4-pyrone D. W. KNIGHT, B. W. STADDON, and M. J.	Calcium, Iron and Cobalt Accumulation in Root Hairs of Soybean (<i>Glycine max</i>) D. WERNER, KP. KUHLMANN, F. GLOYSTEIN, and FW. RICHTER 912
THORNE 851 Further Observations on Periodicities of Nucleotide Occurrences in Natural DNA's	Seasonal Variation of Free Flavone Aglycones from Sideritis leucantha (Lamiaceae) F. A. T. BARBERÁN, F. Томás, and J. M. Núñez
N. Burr Furlong and K. Marien 854	914
MTD Approach to Quantitative Structure-Activity Relationships for Cardiotonic Steroids M. BOHL and Z. SIMON 858	On the Specificity of the Herbicide Chlorsulfuron in Intact Spinach Chloroplasts U. HOMEYER, D. SCHULZE-SIEBERT, and G. SCHULTZ 917
Reaction of Fluorescein Isothiocyanate with Thiol	Bleomycin-Iron Complex and Oxygen Activate Al-
and Amino Groups of Sarcoplasmic ATPase G. Swoboda and W. HASSELBACH 863	gal Ribonucleotide Reductase R. Hofmann and H. Follmann 919

Growth Response of Mouse Lymphoma Cells to Low Concentrations of Mercuric Chloride ST. P. JOST, J. COLE, and B. C. GOODWIN 922	Female Urinary Chemosignals Influence Scent- Marking Behavior in Male Mongolian Gerbils (Meriones unguiculatus) B. PROBST 936
The UV Absorption Spectra of the C(5) and C(6)OH Adduct Radicals of Uracil and Thymine De-rivatives. A Pulse Radiolysis StudyD. J. DEEBLE and C. VON SONNTAG925	Specificity of Sexual Attractants in Xestia triangulum Hufn. and X. ditrapezium Schiff. (Lepidoptera: Noctuidae) E. PRIESNER 939
High Yields of DNA-Transfer into Mouse L-Cells by Electropermeabilization H. STOPPER, U. ZIMMERMANN, and E. WECKER 929	Inhibitors of Sexual Attraction in the Moth Agrotis exclamationis E. PRIESNER 943
DNA in the Nucleomorph of Cryptomonas Demon- trated by DAPI Fluorescence	Subject Index 947
P. HANSMANN, H. FALK, and P. SITTE 933	Authors Index 969

.

Contents

XII

Degradation of Bacteriochlorophyll *a* in *Rhodopseudomonas sphaeroides* R26

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Z. Naturforsch. 40c, 685-692 (1985); received May 24, 1985

Rhodopseudomonas sphaeroides, Bacteriochlorophyll a, Bacteriopheophytin a, Bacteriopheophorbide a, Pigment aggregation

A series of pigments of the bacteriopheophytin a spectral type have been isolated from ageing cultures of *Rhodopseudomonas sphaeroides* strain R26. These pigments are formed in varying amounts, and can be most readily analyzed *in vivo* by their absorption in the 530 nm spectral range. They are enriched in sedimenting cells, but their formation is not affected by light. By chromatographic comparison with authentic pigments and chemical correlation, the following pigments have been identified: bacteriopheophytin a, bacteriopheophorbide a (which is the predominant product), pyrobacteriopheophorbide a and a fourth, very polar bacteriopheophytin a, the cells in a state, in which the near-infrared absorption band is shifted to longer wavelengths. As shown by low temperature fluorescence spectroscopy, these forms are very similar to bacteriopheophorbide a aggregates.

Introduction

One of the most widely accepted indicators for plant senescence is the disappearance of chlorophylls. Nonetheless is the biochemistry of this process – in contrast to chlorophyll biosynthesis [1-3]and to the degradation of the structurally related hemes [4] – at present only poorly understood. In senescing green plants, products have been identified which arise from demetalation [5], hydrolysis of the phytylester [5, 6] and/or oxidation at the isocyclic ring [7, 8]. Loss of the $[13^2]$ carbomethoxy group has been reported for Euglena [9]. Beyond these relatively early stages, a phytol containing pyrrol derived from ring D has been reported by Park et al. [10], but most of the phytol is assumed to be scavenged as fatty acid esters [11]. There is even less known about the degradation of bacterial chlorophylls.

The major handicap in chlorophyll breakdown studies is probably the lack of suitable systems,

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which accumulate the early products sufficiently. During a screening for suitable systems, we had observed, that cultures of the carotenoid – less mutant R26 from the purple photosynthetic bacterium, *Rhodopseudomonas spheroides*, often change color if they are kept over times extending the common growth periods of approx. 7 days. Here, we wish to report the results of a spectroscopic and chemical analysis of the major newly formed pigments, which indicate a rather similar breakdown pattern for bacteriochlorophyll a than has previously been reported for chlorophyll a.

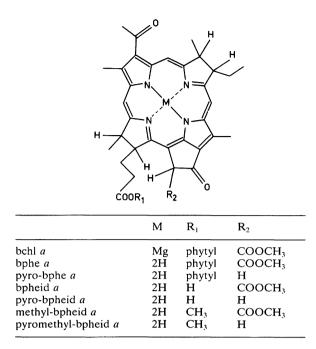
Materials and Methods

Rp. sphaeroides (strains 2.4.1 and R26) were grown anaerobically in the light (\geq 1500 Lux from incandescent lamps) in 0.7 l bottles in Hutner's medium [12]. The cultures were not stirred. The cells were harvested by centrifugation at 10,000 × g.

Pigments were extracted with methanol according to Strain and Svec [13]. Reference pigments (see Scheme 1 for formulas and abbreviations) were prepared by the following standard procedures: Bacteriopheophytin *a*: Demetalation with dilute hydrochloric acid [14]; bacteriopheophorbide *a*: Hydrolysis with cold hydrochloric acid (18%) [15]; bacteriopyropheophytin *a*: Refluxing of bacteriopheophytin

Abbreviations: bchl, bacteriochlorophyll a; bphe, bacteriopheophytin a; bpheid, bacteriopheophorbide a; (see also formulas); Rp. *Rhodopseudomonas*; tlc, thin layer chromatography; HPLC, high performance liquid chromatography.

Verlag der Zeitschrift für Naturforschung, D-7400 Tübingen 0341–0382/85/0009–0685 \$ 01.30/0



a in pyridine [16]. Methyl esters (*methyl-bpheid* and *pyromethyl-bpheid*) were prepared by refluxing in methanol containing 5% (v/v) sulfuric acid (modified from Fischer and Stern [17]). All pigment handling was done under subdued light, and all reactions were carried out under nitrogen.

Absorption spectra were recorded with a PE320 (Perkin-Elmer, Ueberlingen), a Unicam SP1800 (Philips), or a ZWS II spectrometer (Sigma, Berlin) equipped with a model 8000 "intelligent recorder" (Bryans, Mitcham).

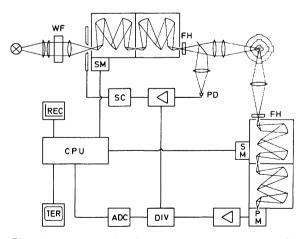


Fig. 1. Apparatus for fluorescence measurements. See materials and methods for details.

Fluorescence spectra were recorded with a homebuilt apparatus (Fig. 1). The light of a Xenon arc lamp (Osram XBO 900) was focused on the entrance slit of a double monochromator (Spex 1672). Part of the light leaving the monochromator was reflected by a quartz plate onto a photodiode (PD). The signal of the photodiode was used as a reference for the slit control (SC). It controled a variable slit at the entrance of the monochromator to obtain a constant excitation intensity over the entire spectral range. The sample was cooled to 4K in a liquid helium cryostate. The light emited by the sample passed a double monochromator (Spex 1680) and was detected by a photomultiplier (PM) (S1 photocathode, type EMI 9684 for near infrared detection; S20 photocathode, type EMI 9558 for the visible region). In order to compensate for the intensity minima in the spectral output of the xenon lamp, which cannot be adequately regulated by the slit control, the amplified signal from the photomultiplier was divided by the signal from the photodiode.

Analytical thin layer chromatography was done on reverse phase HPTLC plates (Merck, Darmstadt, RP-8, F254S) and methanol or mixtures of methanol/ water (95:5, v/v) as eluents. HPLC was performed on a system consisting of 2 model 6000A pumps and a model 660A solvent programer (Waters, Königstein), a LiChrosorb RP-18 column 250×4.6 mm (Merck, Darmstadt) and two absorption detectors model spectro monitor II (Latek, Heidelberg) set at 525 and 595 nm. Flow: 1.5 ml/min, solvent A: methanol-water = 80:20 (v/v), solvent B: ethyl acetate, program #8 from 0 to 50% B in 30 min.

Results

In vivo absorption spectra

Ageing cultures of *Rp. spheroides* R26 change gradually their color from a clear blueish-green to a violet hue. The time evolution of this color change is rather different for different cultures and culture conditions. Two extreme situations are illustrated in Fig. 2. The slowly degrading culture (Fig. 2a) shows over a period of 46 days a decrease of the bchl Qx-band at 592 nm by about 50%. At the same time, there is an increase of a broad and structured band around 530 nm. This region is typical for the Qx-band of demetalated bchl, *e.g.* bacteriopheophytin (bphe) type pigments. The changes in the Qy region

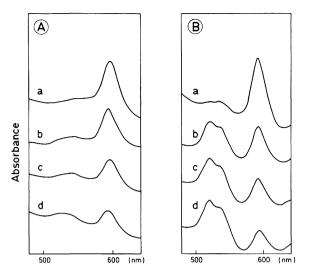


Fig. 2. In vivo absorption spectra (Qx region of the tetrapyrrolic pigments) of ageing cultures of *Rhodo-pseudomonas sphaeroides* R26. A: Slowly degrading culture after 6 (a), 14 (b), 22 (c) and 46 days (d) of inoculation; B: Rapidly degrading culture after 4 (a), 14 (b), 20 (c) and 27 days.

are less significant with a uniform decrease and a minor blue-shift (see Fig. 3).

The fast degrading culture shows qualitatively the same changes, but both the decrease around 590 nm and in particular the increase around 530 nm are much more pronounced and rapid (Fig. 2b). In this culture, the 530 nm region shows two well resolved maxima at 522 and 538 nm. The difference between

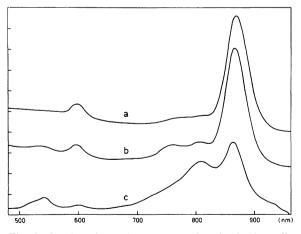


Fig. 3. *In vivo* absorption spectra of a slowly degrading culture of *Rhodopseudomonas sphaeroides* R26 after 6 (a) and 46 days (b) of inoculation, and sedimented cells after 30 days of inoculation (c).

the two cultures is as yet only poorly defined. It is noteworthy, however, that light is not an important factor. Parallel cultures grown under otherwise identical conditions in the dark or under continuous illumination ($\leq 2000 \text{ lux}$), respectively, yield the same spectra.

The occurrence of a prominent absorption around 530 nm is accompanied by the formation of a purplish sediment, which in light grown cultures may also extend to the walls of the culture vessel facing the light source, where generally a blanket of cells develops in cultures which are more than 10 days old. The sediments show the aforementioned spectral changes in the Qx band region much more clearly than the still suspended cells. Pronounced changes are visible even in the sediments of slowly degrading cultures. Moreover, the sedimented cells show also distinct changes in the Qy region which was obscured in the absorption spectra of the whole culture (Fig. 3, trace c). The maximum of this band is shifted to 860 nm, and second band arises at its shortwavelength shoulder ($\lambda_{max} = 805 \text{ nm}$). In the fast degrading culture, the sediment is completely free of bchl if judged from the absence of the Ox band around 600 nm, and the 805 nm band becomes a distinct absorption band in the near infrared region (data not shown).

Identification of the pigments

The spectra of the methanolic extracts of aged cultures are typical for pigment mixtures of the bchl and bphe spectral type, which can be analyzed most readily by their Qx absorptions around 600 and 530 nm, respectively. In contrast to the in vivo spectra, the extracts have only a single, unstructured absorption around 530 nm (data not shown). Tlc and HPLC analysis of the extracts yielded besides bchl several fractions which all have the same absorption spectrum identical to bphe. The following pigments have been found in the extracts: Bacteriopheophytin a (bphe), bacteriopheophorbide a (bpheid), bacteriopyropheophorbide a (pyro-bpheid) and a fourth, unidentified pigment. The latter is the most polar product in the extract and is only found in the sediment of fast degrading cultures. The identification of these pigments is based on (a) their absorption spectra, (b) chromatographic comparison (tlc, HPLC) with authentic samples (s. Table I) and (c) conversion to the methyl esters and subsequent

Pigment	bchl a	bphe a	pyro-bphe a	bpheid a	pyro-bpheid a
Retention time [min]	32	34	36	6	9

Table I. Retention times of bacteriochlorophyll *a* and its degradation products (see materials and methods for details of the HPLC system).

chromatographic comparison with the authentic methyl- and pyromethyl-bacteriopheophorbides a. The quantitative analysis of a fast degrading culture at different times, as well as of the sediments after prolonged standing, is given in Table II. The bchl content decreases continuously in all cultures, and the major new products are the unesterified, demetalated pigments, *e.g.* bpheid and pyro-bpheid. The relative amounts of these pigments varies, but bpheid is generally formed in larger amounts than is pyrobpheid (the latter is absent in slowly degrading cultures). The esterified, demetalated pigment, bphe, never amounts to more than 5% of the total pigment.

Fluorescence spectra

Fresh cultures of Rp. spheroides R26 have a single major emission maximum at about 910 nm, with a typical bchl excitation profile [18]. Other pigments have been reported to be present in minor amounts, most likely as biosynthetic precursors of bchl. A slowly degrading culture of this bacterium shows essentially the same major fluorescence pattern (Fig. 4a, excitation at 600 or 400 nm, Fig. 4b, emission at 925 nm). However, a distinct second near-

Table II. Pigment composition in ageing cultures of *Rhodopseudomonas sphaeroides* R26. The data are taken from the HPLC analysis of the samples shown in Fig. 1B, all values are given in (%) of the total tetrapyrroles (bacteriochlorophyll + bacteriopheophytin type pigments). "X" is the unknown polar compound with bphe type absorption spectrum (see text). The same extinction coefficients have been assumed for all the pheophytin-type pigments in the analysis. See Fig. 2 for the absolute decrease in pigment contents, which is always $\leq 50\%$ but difficult to quantify from the *in vivo* spectra due to the uncertainties in the extinction coefficients.

Age of culture [days]	bchl a	bphe a	bpheid a	pyro-bpheid a	x
4	90	2	2	6	_
14	56	4	31	5	4
60	-	-	46	10	44

infrared emission maximum is visible at 873 nm under conditions favorable for the excitation of bphe type pigments (Fig. 4a, excitation at 525 and 400 nm). This assignment is supported by the excitation spectra with typical maxima in the 530 nm region and the absence of a 600 nm maximum (Fig. 4b, emission at 865 nm). Interestingly, two types of bphelike pigments can be resolved by fluorescence spectroscopy. The major one emitting around 860 nm has a split and relatively weak Qx band, whereas a minor component emitting at about 770 nm has a more intense and unstructured Qx band.

These changes are again most pronounced in the sediment of fast degrading cultures. Only traces of bchl can be detected in the excitation spectra (Fig. 5b, emission at 909 nm), and the two distinct spectral forms of bphe-type pigments are clearly visible both in the emission (Fig. 5a) and the excitation spectra (Fig. 5b). In the sediments, both forms are present at about the same amounts.

The shorter wavelength (754 nm) emitting form has spectral properties which are typical for bphetype pigments in monomeric solution. Excitation and emission spectra of bpheid are shown in Fig. 6 for comparison. The excitation spectra of the longer wavelength form are very similar to the absorption of bphe aggregates in micellar or mixed aqueous/organic solvents [19, 20].

Since no data were available on the aggregation of the respective unesterified pigment, such studies have been performed with bpheid. The absorption spectra indicate a similar, although less pronounced aggregation both in detergent micelles and in aqueous glycerol. The low temperature fluorescence spectra of bpheid in the latter system are shown in Fig. 7. Monomeric and aggregated bpheid can be clearly distinguished by their excitation and emission spectra. The former emitting at 775 nm has a single and relatively intense Qx excitation band at 539 nm (Fig. 7a, emission at 780nm), which is only slightly shifted as compared to the methanol/glycerol solution (Fig. 6). The aggregates emitting at 900 nm have a split and decreased Qx excitation band $(\lambda_{max} = 510 \text{ and } 528 \text{ nm}).$

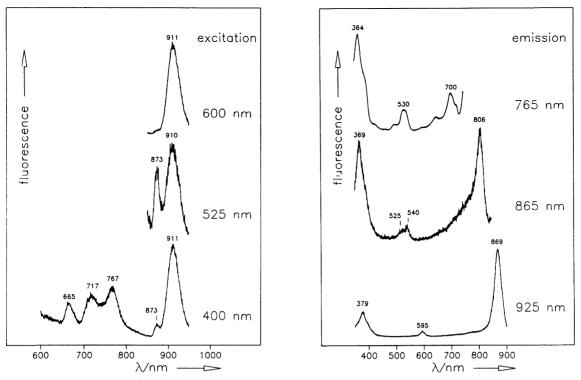


Fig. 4. Low temperature (4K) fluorescence emission (A, left) and excitation spectra (B, right) of a 28 day old slowly degrading culture of *Rhodopseudomonas sphaeroides*.

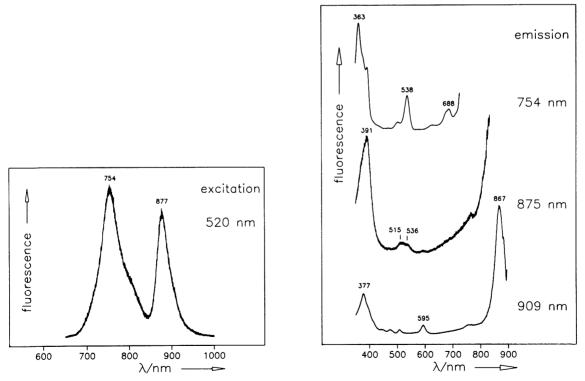


Fig. 5. Low temperature (4K) fluorescence emission (A, left) and excitation spectra (B, right) of the sedimented cells of a fast degrading culture.

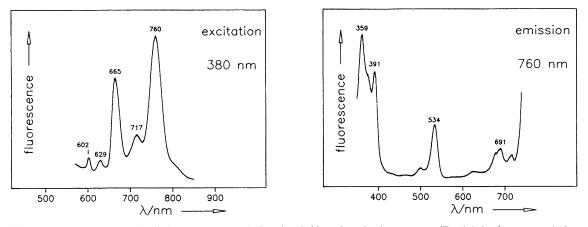


Fig. 6. Low temperature (4K) fluorescence emission (A, left) and excitation spectra (B, right) of monomeric bacteriopheophorbide a in methanol/glycerol = 1:1. The emission band at 665 nm in (A) and the excitation band at 691 nm (B) are due to impurities.

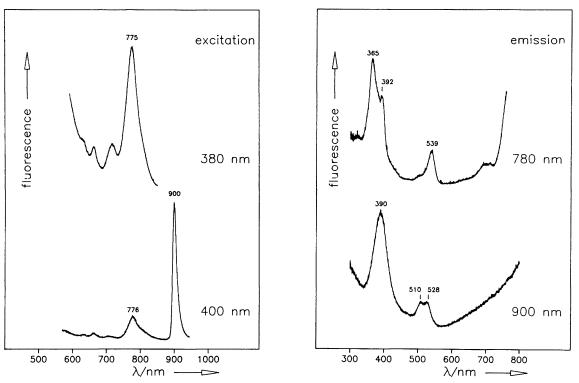


Fig. 7. Low temperature (4K) fluorescence emission (A, left) and excitation spectra (B, right) of aggregated bacteriopheophorbide a in water/glycerol = 1:1.

Discussion

All the degradation products investigated are of the bacteriopheophytin a spectral type. The degradation is thus most easily detectable in the 530 nm

spectral range, where bacteriopheophytins but not the related bacteriochlorophylls possess a moderately intense absorption band. This finding is in agreement with the reports on degradation of chlorophyll a in higher plants, where the demetalation to pheophytin *a*-type pigments seems to be an early or even the first degradation step [5, 9, 21, 22]. There are furthermore distinct similarities in the nature of structural modifications among the pheophytin-type pigments. Products arising from the hydrolysis of the propionic acid phytyl ester as well as from the decarbomethoxylation at C-13² are found for both the plant and bacterial chlorophylls. However, no 13^2 -hydroxy bacteriochlorophylls have been observed under our experimental conditions, although bacteriochlorophyll and its pheophytin are amenable to ready oxidation at this position during extraction [23, 24].

The changes in the in vivo absorption spectra are most significant in the spectral region around 530 nm. This absorption originates from the Qx transition of the demetalated bacteriochlorophyll type pigments, e.g. bacteriopheophytin and its derivatives. Since there is no corresponding increase in the spectral region around 750 nm related to the Qy band of these pigments, the major portion must be present in a red-shifted spectral form. Long wavelength absorbing forms of bacteriochlorophylls are characteristic of most of the functional bacteriochlorophyll-protein complexes of the photosynthetic apparatus. Long-wavelength absorbing forms of bacteriochlorophylls and bacteriopheophytins are formed, too, with many natural and synthetic amphiphiles and also in mixed aqueous-organic solvents (see [19, 20, 25-29]). In both cases, they have been related to aggregation of the pigments. Unlike the well characterized in vitro-aggregates which are

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typical for the green chlorophylls [30, 31], this aggregation is in the bacteriochlorophyll series not dependent on the presence of the central Mg atom [19, 20].

All earlier studies have been performed with esterified pigments. However, the propionic acid side chain is not esterified in the major portion of the degradation products identified in ageing Rp. sphaeroides. We have, therefore, studied the aggregation of bacteriopheophorbide a. The absorption (not shown) and in particular the low temperature fluorescence spectra show clearly that the aggregation is principally similar with the esterified pigments. The question then arises whether the pigments in the ageing cells are still bound to proteins, or possibly present as aggregates similar to the ones observed in vitro. A detailed inspection of the fluorescence spectra of whole cells revealed small but distinct shifts as compared to the aggregates formed in aqueous glycerol. While these results clearly show a different environment, further studies are required to identify the state of the pigments within the cells.

Acknowledgements

Part of this work (H.S.) was supported by the Deutsche Forschungsgemeinschaft (SFB 143). We thank Ms. C. Bubenzer for expert technical assistance. We acknowledge the support of H. C. Wolf and helpful discussions with A. Angerhofer (both Stuttgart).

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