PROSOCIAL BEHAVIOR

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EMPATHY AND AROUSAL

• According to Gaertner & Dovido (1977), Hoffman (1981), and Hornblow (1980), a state of arousal followed by the feeling of empathy is a very usual experience before acting prosocially.

Helping: Doing The Maths (Bystander – Calculus Model)

- Pivilian et.al. (1981) stated that people will work through three stages when they are bystanders. Those three stages are:
 - 1. Physiological Arousal The greater the arousal, the greater chance the bystander will help.
 - 2. Labeling the Arousal Arousal does not automatically produce emotions.
 - 3. Evaluating the Consequences Bystanders will evaluate the consequences of their behavior of helping before they really help the victim.

EMPATHY AND ALTRUISM

• The bystander – calculus model states that people intervene in an emergency because they find it unpleasantly arousing and they seek relief.

- Perspective Taking
 - Empathy requires us to see the position of another person from that person's point of view.