

Ionospheric Perturbations and Their Impact on GNSS - Investigated by DLRs High-Rate Receiver Chain

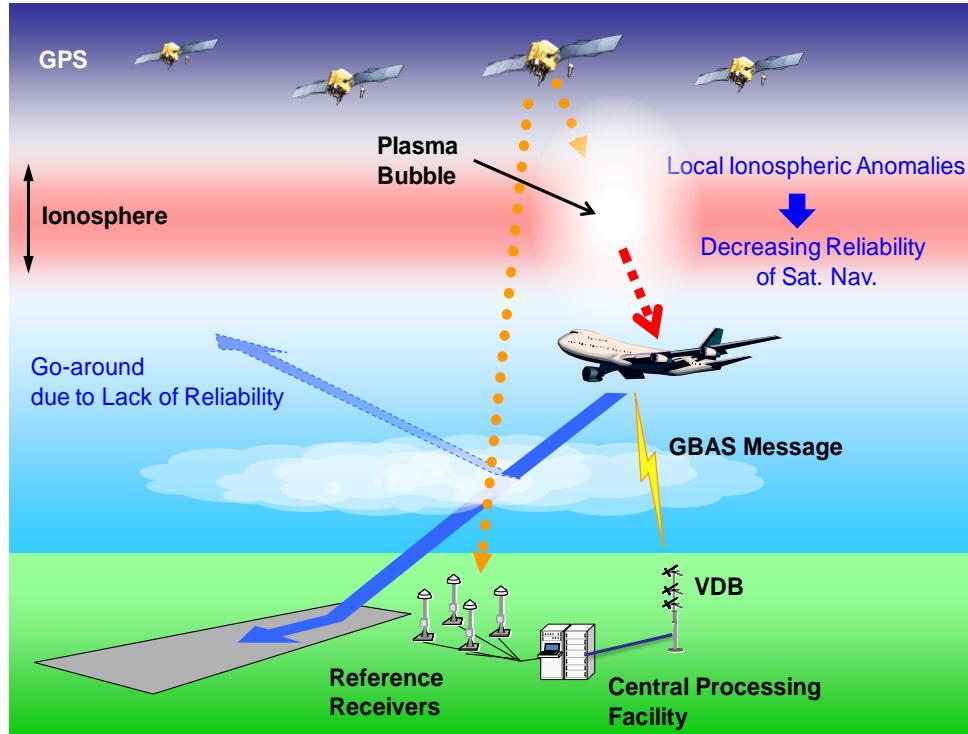
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Institute of Communications and Navigation,
German Aerospace Center

Mogese Wassae, Baylie Damtie
Bahir Dar University,
Ethiopia

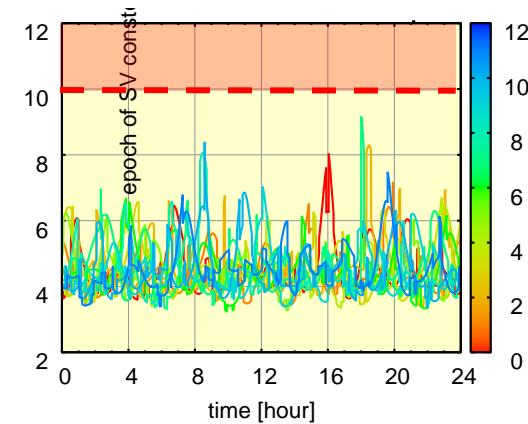


Wissen für Morgen

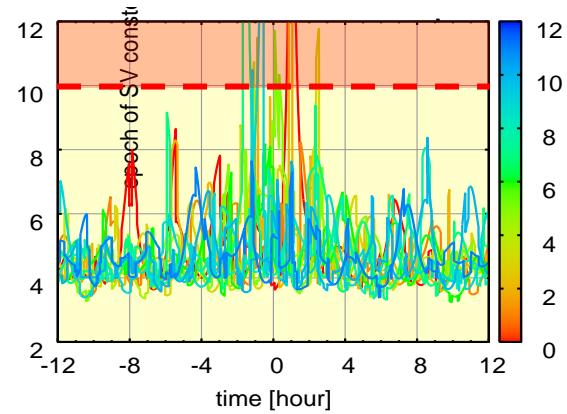
Aircraft Precision Approach



Plasma Bubble degrades availability of GNSS

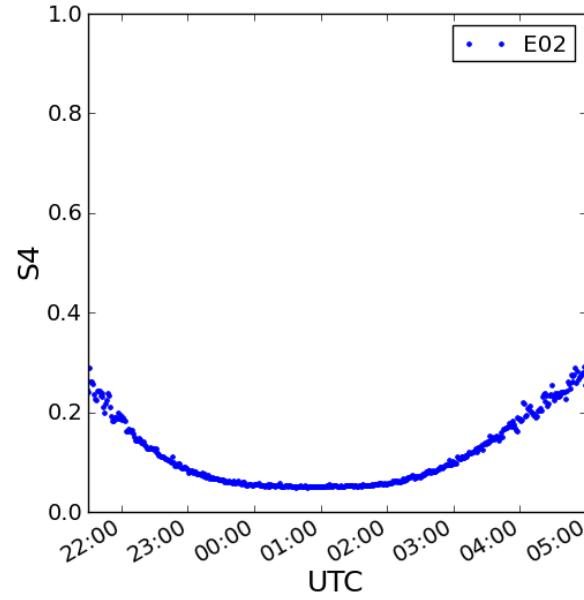
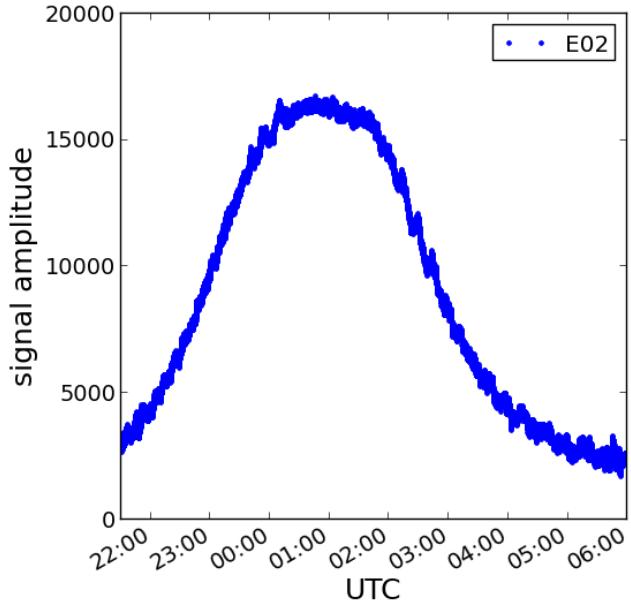


Simulated Availability (100%)



Approach Unavailable due to Bubbles

Normal amplitude data

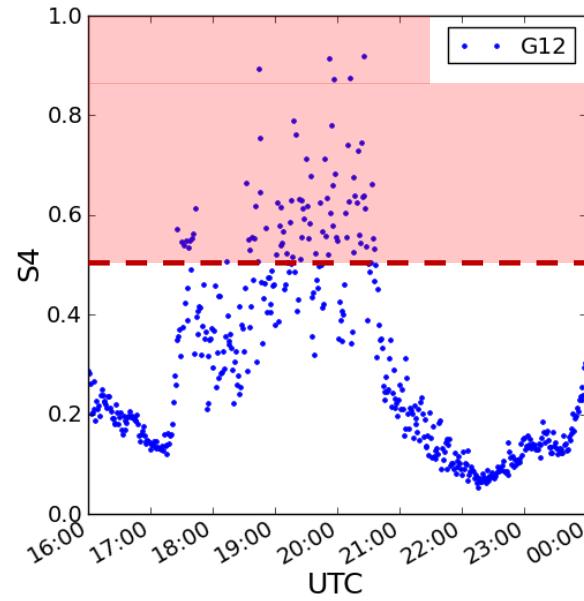
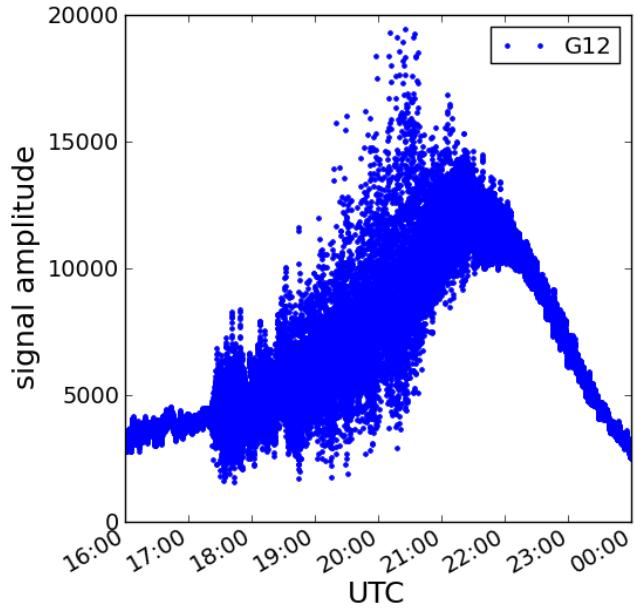


Bahir Dar/ Ethiopia

26/27.01.2012

S4	
< 0.3	low noise
0.3 to 0.5	enhanced
> 0.5	scintillation event

Scintillating amplitude data

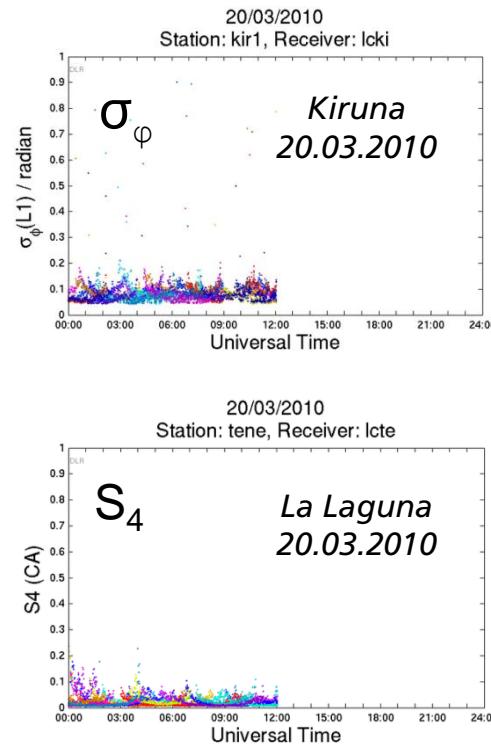
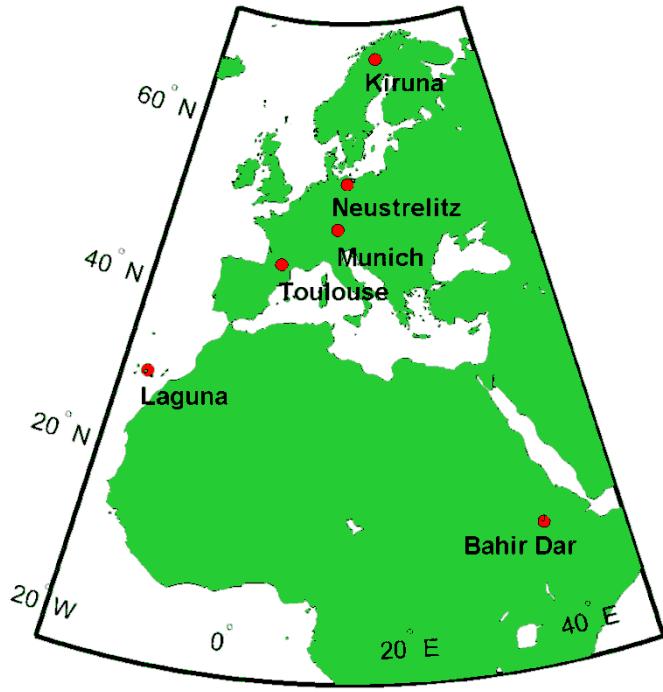


Bahir Dar/ Ethiopia

10/11.04.2012

S4	
< 0.3	low noise
0.3 to 0.5	enhanced
> 0.5	scintillation event

Scintillation Monitoring Network of DLR



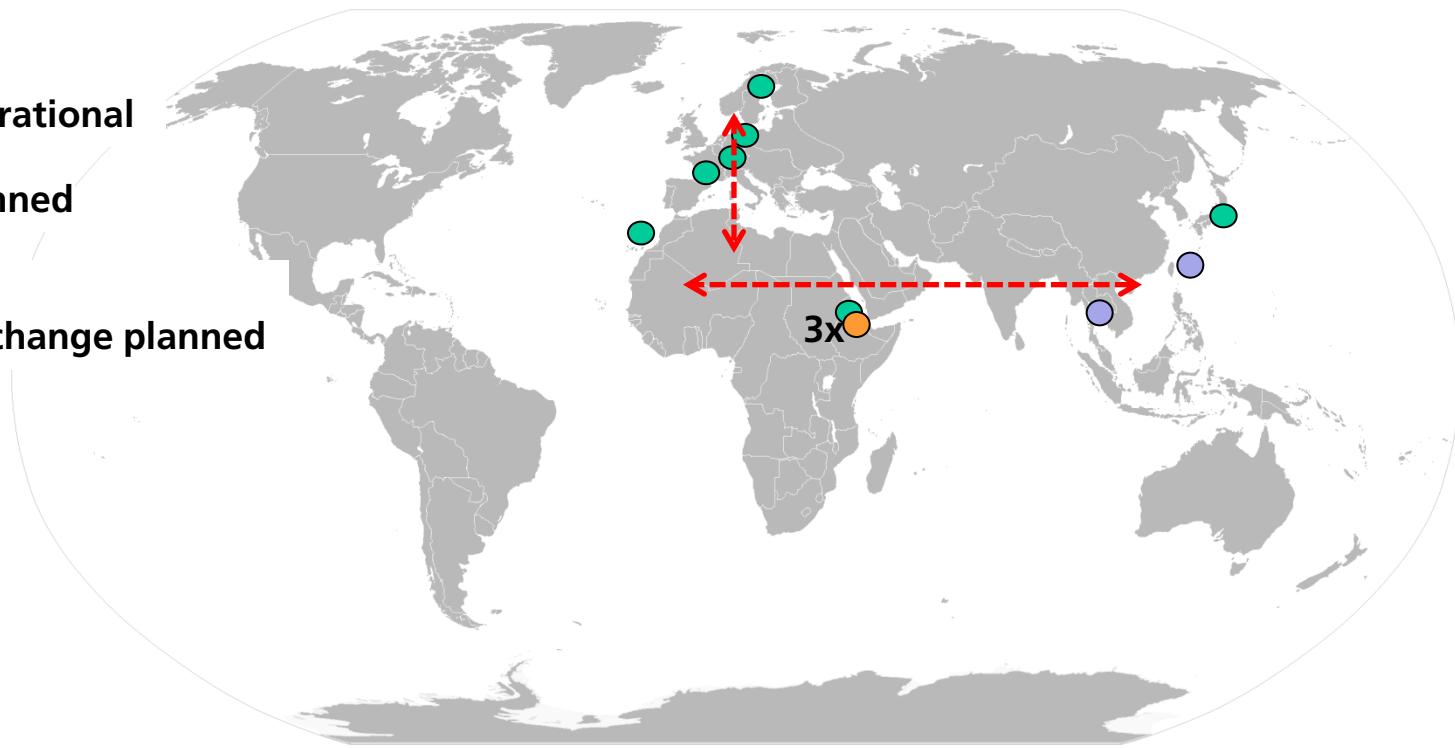
- Network of high rate dual frequency GPS receivers (20-50 Hz)
- Network provides actual scintillation data, distributed via SWACI
<http://swaciweb.dlr.de>

Scintillation network sites

● DLR operational

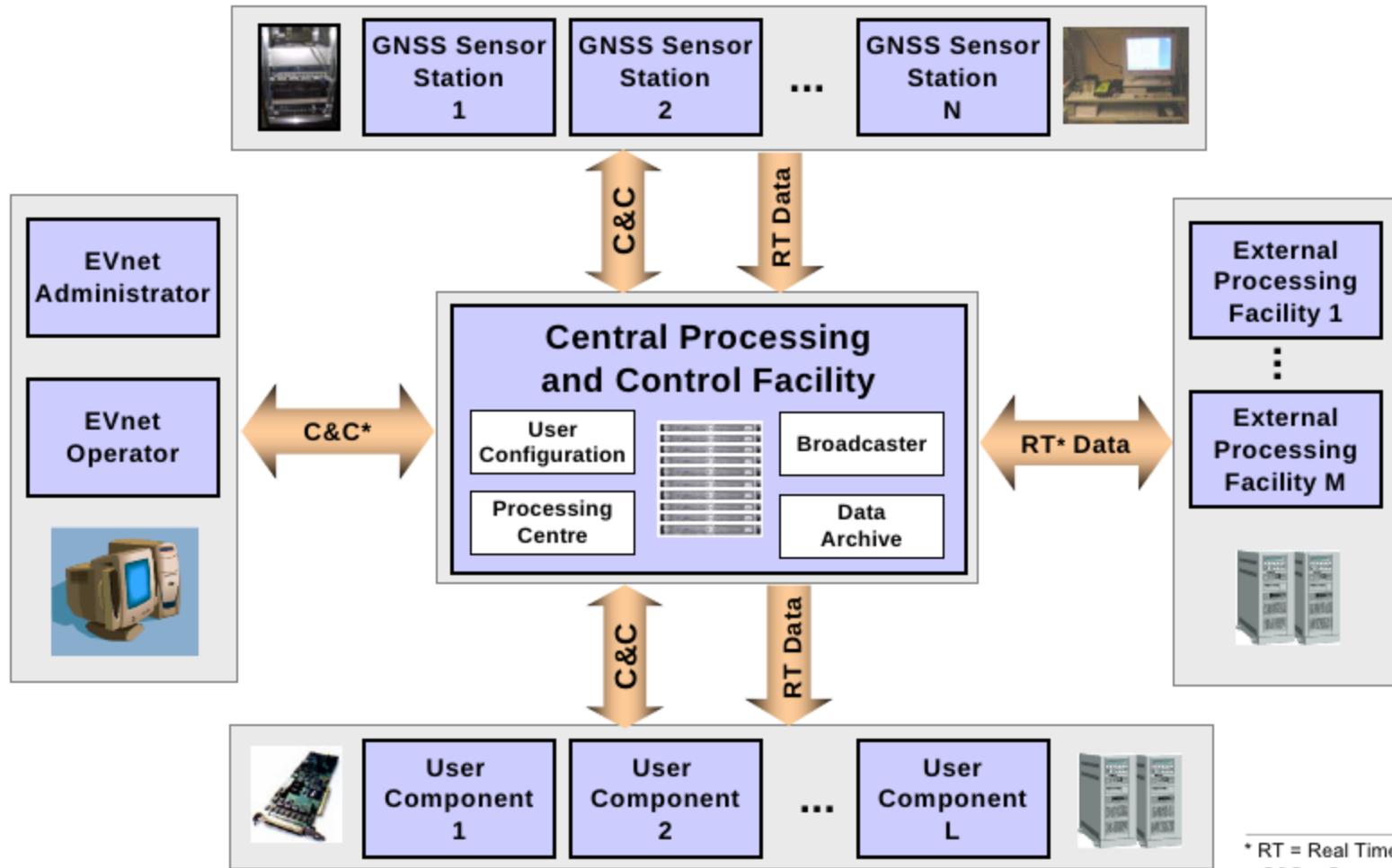
● DLR planned

● JAXA –
Data exchange planned



- Network from high to low latitudes in European sector
- Coordinated measurements at European and Asian region

Setup of EVNet



* RT = Real Time
C&C = Command & Control

EVNet cont'd

The screenshot shows the EVNet software interface with three main windows:

- Browser Tree**: A tree view of the system structure, including Senior Stations, EVN Data Archive, and User accounts.
- CPCF Status**: A central window displaying CPCF Status, Control Authority (admin-ka), System Configuration, and Broadcast information. It lists various stations like Javad, N_EGGD_0131, and N_EGGD_0132.
- Sensor Properties**: A detailed configuration dialog for a specific sensor. It shows Sensor ID (N_EGGD_0131), Facility ID (inr01), and a Script section containing several commands. It also includes sections for General, Communication, and Data Settings.

Annotations highlight specific areas:

- Working Area**: Points to the CPCF Status window.
- Information desk**: Points to the bottom log window showing archive capacity warnings.

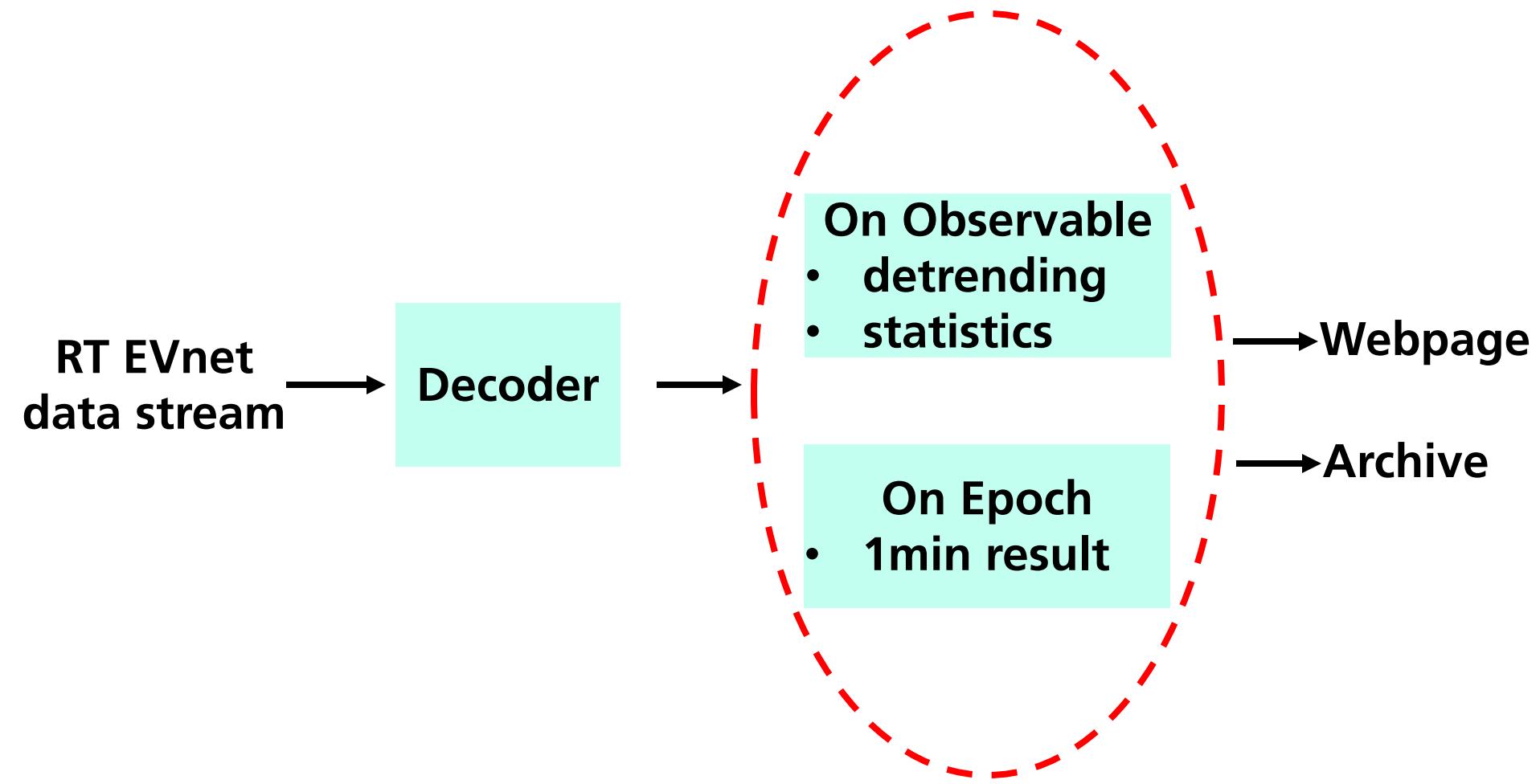
- CPCF Monitoring
- Sensor Station config.
- User configuration
- Processor config.
- Archive configuration

- Status information
- Sensor properties
- Sensor configuration
- Archive settings

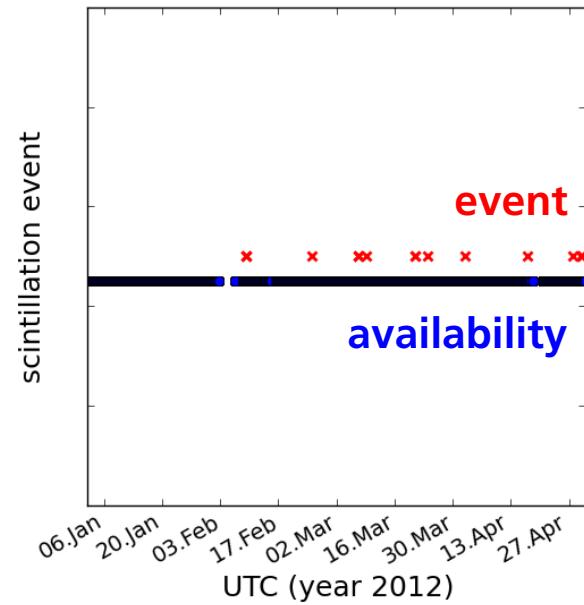
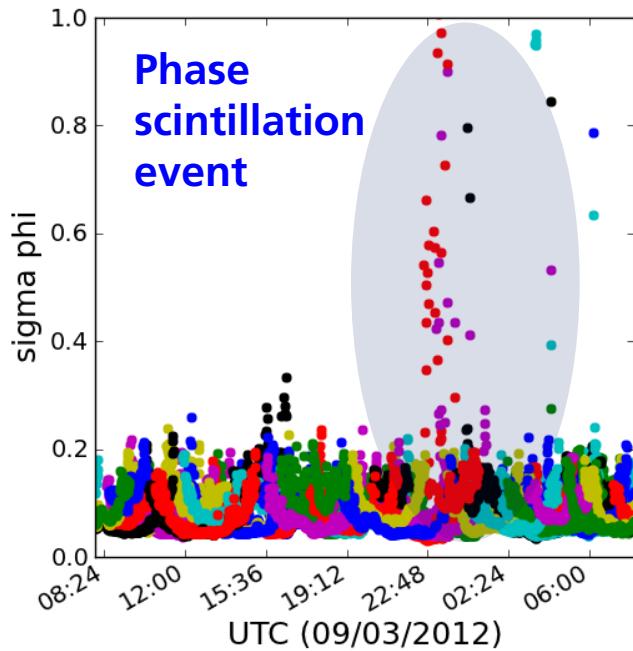
- Logging information
- Error detection
- Warnings



Scintillation Processor



Phase scintillation Sweden

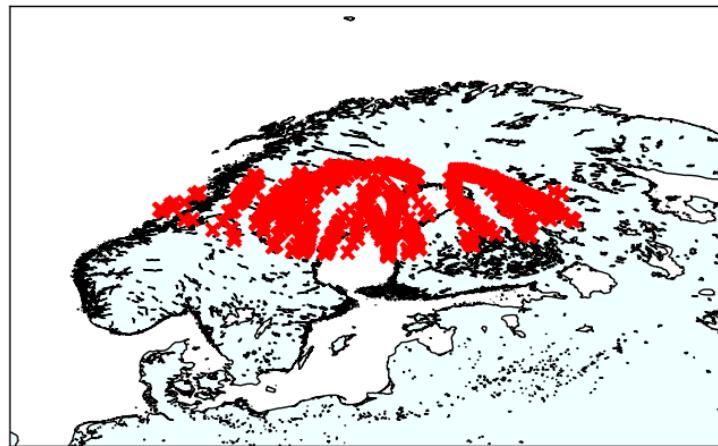


Kiruna / Sweden

09/10.03.2012

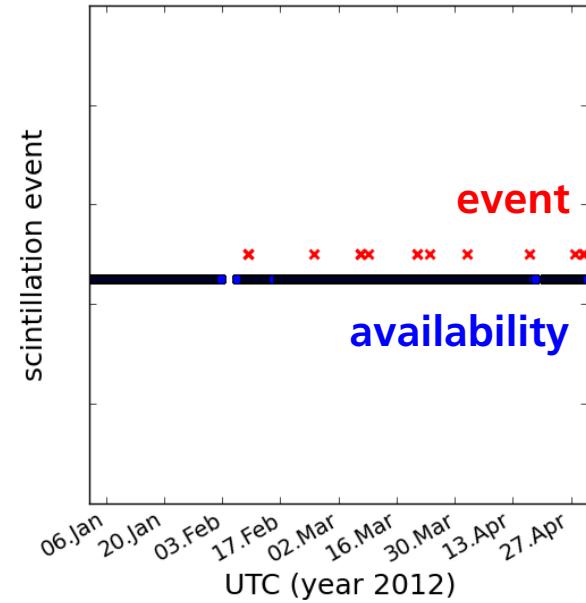
L1 $\sigma\phi$	Elevation
> 0.5	$50 < x < 130$

Phase scintillation Sweden cont'd



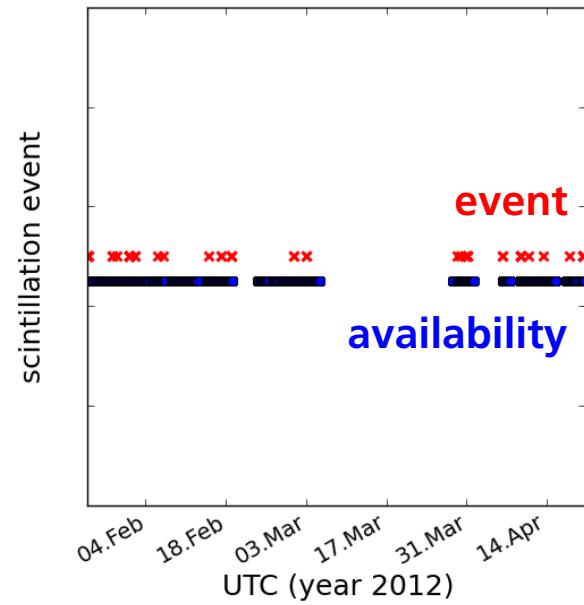
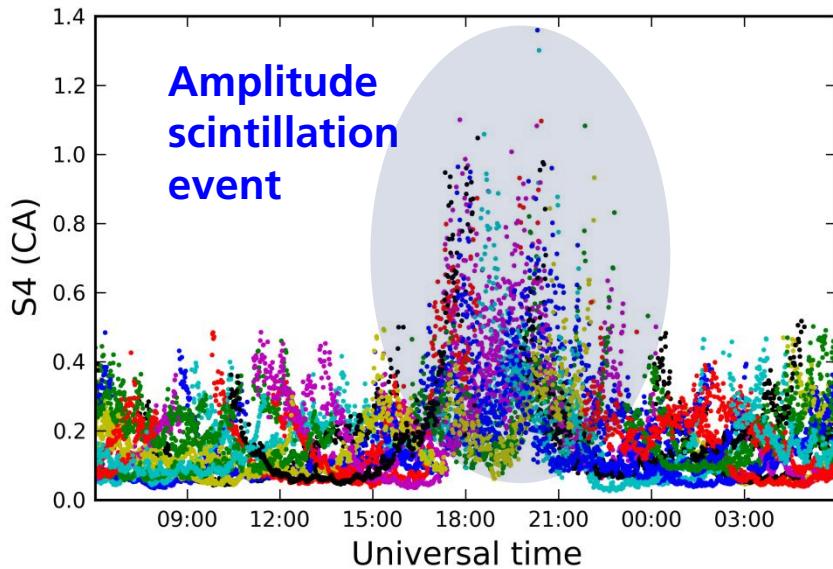
Kiruna / Sweden

Jan – Apr 2012



L1 $\sigma\phi$	Elevation
> 0.5	$50 < x < 130$

Amplitude scintillation Ethiopia

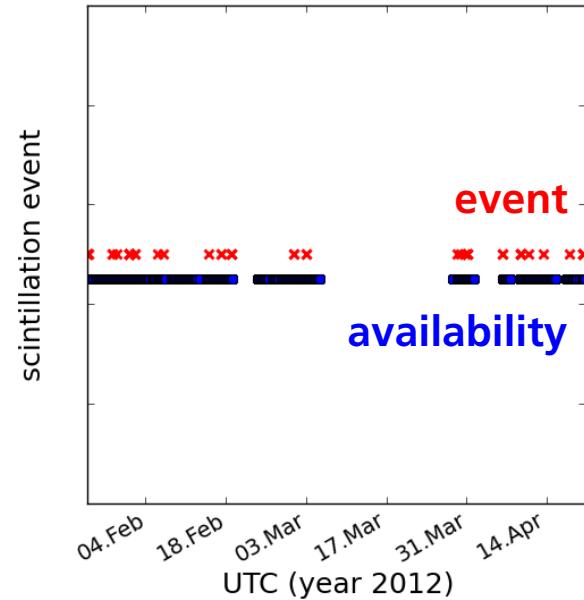
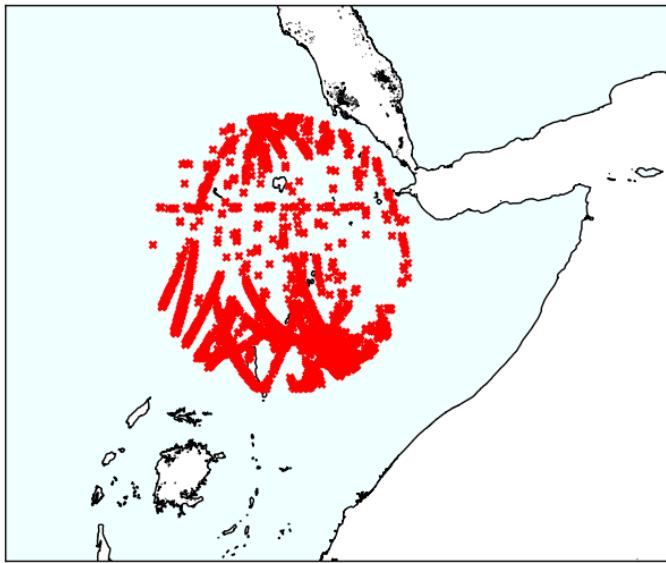


Bahir Dar/ Ethiopia

10/11.04.2012

L1 S4	Elevation
> 0.8	$50 < x < 130$

Amplitude scintillation Ethiopia cont'd



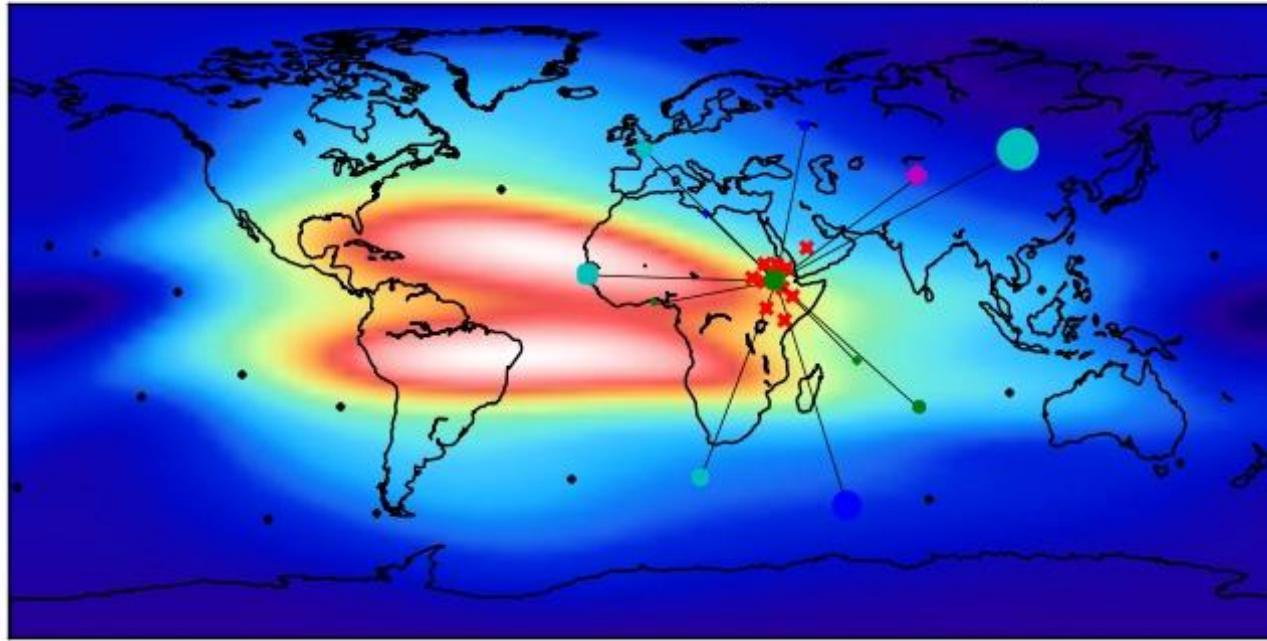
Bahir Dar/ Ethiopia

Jan – Apr 2012

L1 S4	Elevation
> 0.8	$50 < x < 130$

Scintillation in Bahir Dar

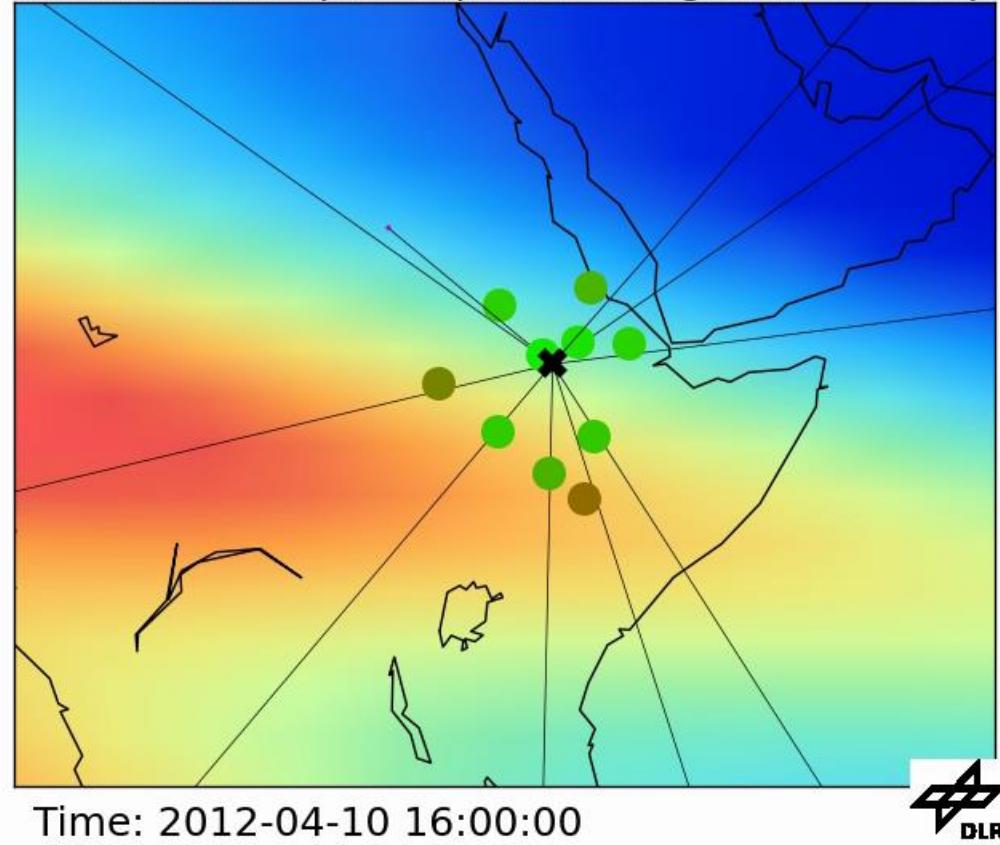
Satellite Scintillation and global TEC map



Time: 2012-01-26 16:00:00

Amplitude Scintillation in Bahir Dar

Scintillation at pierce points and global TEC map



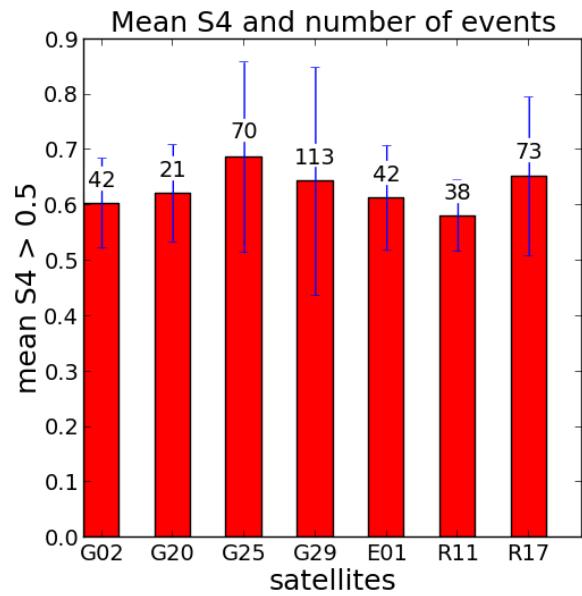
**Ionospheric Pierce
points**

Color ~ S4

**Background:
Global TEC model**



New frequencies



Gxy: GPS satellites on different positions

E01: Galileo test satellite

Rxy: Glonass satellites



Planned new stations



● DLR prototype

● planned



Nov 2012



Summary - Outlook

- **Scintillations -> even with new signals non negligible**
- **Prototype system for real-time scintillation monitoring running
<http://swaciweb.dlr.de>**
- **Now begin developed to 24/7 service**
- **Expansion of system to Africa**

