

FREE Access to all 18 IMechE Journals •

until the end of July 2011

SSAGE journals

Search all journals

Advanced Search

Search History

🍰 Sign In |

My Tools | Contact Us | HELP

Uni of Southern Queensland

Journal of Reinforced Plastics and Composites

jrp.sagepub.com

Published online before print December 8, 2010, doi: 10.1177/0731684410391512 Journal of Reinforced Plastics and Composites February 2011 vol. 30 no. 3 216-221

Thermal behavior of MWNT-reinforced thermoplastic natural rubber nanocomposites

Mouad. A. Tarawneh

School of Applied Physics, Faculty of Science and Technology, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, Malaysia, moaath20042002@yahoo.com

Sahrim Hj. Ahmad

School of Applied Physics, Faculty of Science and Technology, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, Malaysia

Rozaidi Rasid

School of Applied Physics, Faculty of Science and Technology, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, Malaysia

S.Y. Yahya

Institute of Sciences, Universiti Teknologi Mara, Malaysia

Kin-tak Lau

Center of Excellence in Engineered Fibre Composites, Faculty of Engineering and Surveying, University of Southern Queensland, Australia, Department of Mechanical Engineering, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, China

Ina Kona

School of Applied Physics, Faculty of Science and Technology, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, Malaysia

Se Yong Eh Noum

School of Applied Physics, Faculty of Science and Technology, Universiti Kebangsaan Malaysia, Malaysia

Abstract

This article studies the thermal properties of a multi-walled carbon nanotube (MWNT)-reinforced thermoplastic natural rubber (TPNR) nanocomposite. The nanocomposite was prepared using a melt blending method. Various percentages (1, 3, 5, and 7 wt%) of MWNTs were added into TPNR to improve its thermal properties. The laser flash technique was also employed to determine the thermal conductivity, thermal diffusivity, and specific heat capacity of the nanocomposite. The DMA result showed that the glass transition temperature $\langle T_g \rangle$ increased with the increase in MWNT content. TEM micrographs also demonstrated that a good dispersion of MWNTs was achieved in the TPNR environment.