ProPIG

Farm specific strategies to reduce environmental impact by improving health, welfare and nutrition of organic pigs



CoreOrganic Research Seminar Paris, 29. Nov. 2011



ERA-net CORE Organic II ProPIG (2011-2014)



Aim of this project,

- to investigate the interaction of animal health and welfare, with nutrition and environmental impact
- to create and disseminate a tool to improve both aspects of organic pig production.



Partners

- 9 Partners in 8 Countries (AT, CH, CZ, DE, DK, FR, IT, UK)
- Coordination: BOKU, Austria

Austria: C. Winckler, G. Rudolph and C. Leeb (BOKU) Czechia: J. Urban (Bio-I), G. Illman (IAS, Prague) Denmark: T. Rousing, J.T. Soerensen (Aarhus Univ.) France: A. Prunier, J.Y. Dourmand, F. Vertes (INRA) Germany: S. Dippel (FLI) and C. Simatke (BAT) Italy: D. Bochicchio (CRA-SUI) Switzerland: B. Früh, M. Meier, A. Berner (FIBL) UK: S. Edwards, G. Butler (Univ. Newcastle) (Sweden: E. Salomon, K. Lindgren, A.K. Lind (JTI))





The working objectives are

 To identify animal - environment interactions in the three different housing systems for organic pigs (outdoor / partly outdoor / indoor with concrete outside run) across the European climate zones



- To develop and implement farm specific strategies to reduce environmental impacts by improving health, welfare, nutrition and management of organic pigs
- To disseminate knowledge to national advisory bodies and farmers

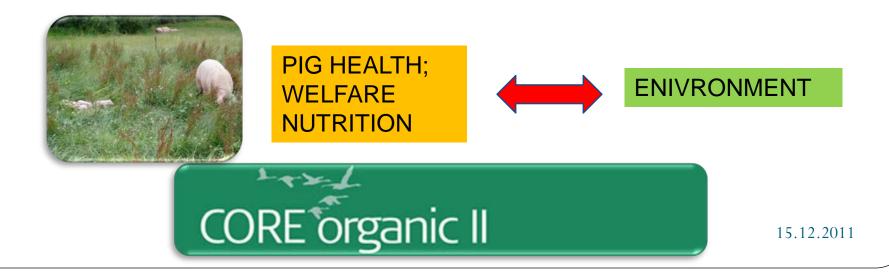


Hypothesis

• When well managed, all three housing systems are similar in respect to environmental impacts and animal health and welfare



 Good animal health, welfare and proper nutrition is correlated with decreased environmental impacts at farm level



Hypothesis

- Implementation of farm specific management strategies leads to an improvement of animal welfare and simultaneously to a reduction of environmental impacts within husbandry systems and improved profitability.
- Better feed management will simultaneously improve pig performance, welfare and environmental impacts



WP1: Definition of systems and development of assessment protocols of animal health, welfare and environmental impacts

(WP leader: United Kingdom, Sandra Edwards/Gillian Butler)

- Definition of **Systems** (indoor/partly indoor/outdoor)
- Development of Assessment protocols
 - Animal health and Welfare: e.g. Clinical scoring, medicine records
 - Environmental impact: LCA, nutrient balances
 - Farmer: qualitative interviews, basic economical data
- Automatic recording and feedback
- "Decision Support Tool" for environmental impact



Assessment and improvement tools

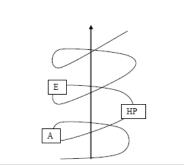


- CorePig HACCPbased MS Excel® Tool (Post weaning diarrhoea, Parasites, Piglet mortality, Fertility) if applicable
- Automatic recording and feedback tool (handheld benchmarking system)
- Catalogue of possible improvement strategies
- Decision Support Tool for Reducing Environmental Impacts



WP 2: On-farm assessment and application of improvement strategies of animal health, welfare and environmental impacts (WP leader: Denmark, Tine Rousing Nielsen)

Prospective cohort observational study 75 farms (3 systems of 25 farms each)



- 1. visit: Assessment and data collection of environmental impacts, animal health and welfare
- **2. visit** Feedback of summarised information as "benchmarking", "plan" written by the farmer (goals and improvement strategies).
- between farm visits, support by phone and email.
- 3. visit re-assessment of the farm situation, economic key data



Benchmarking and improvement strategies

- Decision on goal of farm
- Decision on measures how to achieve the goal

	Weaners					
	Α	В	С	D	Е	Visit 1 A099
N groups/piglets						4 / 70
% weaners ocular						
discharge	32.5 - 70	>70 - 82.5	>82.5 - 90	>90 - 98.3	>98.3 - 100	97,5
% conjunctivitis	0 - 0	>0 - 0	>0 - 0	>0 - 7.5	>7.5 - 40	8,8
% pens with resp. problems	0 - 0	>0 - 33.3	>33.3 - 50	>50 - 80	>80 - 100	75,0
% pens with severe resp.						
problems	0-0	>0 - 0	>0 - 0	>0 - 0	>0 - 100	0,0

goal: improve respiratory problems

Preventative measures

find reason - take blood samples; adapt vaccination if necessary improve ventilation

Therapy:

mild cases without fever: herbal cough tea; otherwise Antibiotic





WP 3: Analysis, evaluation and dissemination (WP leader: Germany, Sabine Dippel)

- 1. Comparison of three systems regarding animal health, welfare and environmental impact
- 2. detailed analysis of effect of farming type on health and welfare and productivity
- 3. Evaluation of improvement strategies
- 4. Dissemination:
 - Website, articles (farmer journals/scientific)
 - Handbooks and training material for advisors
 - National and international stakeholder meetings





Thank You – Questions?

