

L-15

THE ORGTRACE PROJECT: CONTENT, BIOAVAILABILITY AND HEALTH EFFECTS OF TRACE ELEMENTS AND BIOACTIVE COMPONENTS OF FOOD PRODUCTS CULTIVATED IN ORGANIC AND CONVENTIONAL AGRICULTURAL SYSTEMS

S. Husted^{1*}, K.H. Laursen¹, E.H. Larsen², E. Kapolna², P. Knuthsen², M. Søltøft², S. Bügel³, A.B. Mark³, C. Lauridsen⁴, M. Jacobsen⁴, H. Jørgensen⁴, U. Halekoh⁵ and K. Kristensen⁵

¹ University of Copenhagen, Faculty of Life Sciences, Department of Agriculture and Ecology, Plant and Soil Science Laboratory, Thorvaldsensvej 40, DK-1871 Frederiksberg C, Denmark

* E-mail: shu@life.ku.dk; Tel: +4535333498; Fax: +4535283460

² Technical University of Denmark, The National Food Institute, Mørkhøj Bygade 19, DK-2860 Søborg, Denmark

³ University of Copenhagen, Faculty of Life Sciences, Department of Human Nutrition, Rolighedsvej 30, 1958 Frederiksberg C, Denmark

⁴ Aarhus University, Faculty of Agricultural Sciences, Department of Animal Health, Welfare and Nutrition, Research Centre Foulum, P.O. Box 50, 8830 Tjele, Denmark

⁵ Kristian Kristensen, Senior Scientist, Department of Genetics and Biotechnology, Statistics and Decision Analysis, Danish Institute of Agricultural Sciences, P.O.Box 50, 8830 Tjele, Denmark

Trace elements, bioactive secondary metabolites and vitamins are among the most important quality parameters in plants. Yet, very little information is available on their content, bioavailability and health effects in organically grown plant food products. The main objective of OrgTrace is to study the impact of different agricultural management practices relevant for organic farming on the ability of cereal and vegetable crops to absorb trace elements from the soil and to synthesize bioactive compounds (secondary metabolites, antioxidant vitamins and phytates) with health promoting effects.

Based on different plant products produced in OrgTrace, diets were composed and the bioavailabilities of health promoting substances were analyzed in a human intervention study. Moreover, various health effects such as immune system responses were studied using rats as model organisms.

OrgTrace is the first study, which follows selected elements and bioactive compounds all the way from the plant and soil system to absorption in the human body. All experimental studies have now been finalized and we are able to draw final conclusions.

In this oral and poster presentation the overall scientific idea of OrgTrace and the main results obtained will be presented.

Keywords: minerals, secondary metabolites, vitamins, diets, absorption

Acknowledgement: *The funding provided by ICROFS, International Center for Research in Organic Food Systems, Denmark contract 3304-FOJO-05-45 is greatly appreciated.*