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Title	Biological monitoring in west bay, Laguna Lake: Phytoplankton composition and water pollution.
Author(s)	Francisco, Jose C.; Perez, Teresita R.
Citation	Francisco, J.C. and Perez, T.R. (2001). Biological monitoring in west bay, Laguna Lake: Phytoplankton composition and water pollution (Abstract only). In CB Santiago, ML Cuvin-Aralar and ZU Basiao (Eds.). Conservation and Ecological Management of Philippine Lakes in Relation to Fisheries and Aquaculture (p. 158). Southeast Asian Fisheries Development Center, Aquaculture Department, Iloilo, Philippines; Philippine Council for Aquatic and Marine Research and Development, Los Baños, Laguna, Philippines; and Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources, Quezon City, Philippines.
Issue Date	2001
URL	http://hdl.handle.net/10862/840

This document is downloaded at: 2013-07-02 07:28:24 CST



## Biological Monitoring in West Bay, Laguna Lake: Phytoplankton Composition and Water Pollution

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Francisco JC and Perez TR. 2001. Biological monitoring in west bay, Laguna Lake: Phytoplankton composition and water pollution, p. 158. In CB Santiago, ML Cuvin-Aralar and ZU Basiao (eds.). Conservation and Ecological Management of Philippine Lakes in Relation to Fisheries and Aquaculture. Southeast Asian Fisheries Development Center, Aquaculture Department, Iloilo, Philippines; Philippine Council for Aquatic and Marine Research and Development, Los Baños, Laguna, Philippines; and Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources, Quezon City, Philippines. 187 pp. (Abstract only)

## **Abstract**

Phytoplankton composition and density were studied in three (3) stations in West Bay, Laguna Lake. Blue-green algae and diatoms were the most abundant in terms of cell density. Green algae had the most number of species. Diatoms predominated in the early parts of the year, under intense light conditions. Pulses of green algae were evident toward the end of the year, under high nitrogen concentrations. BIP (Biological Index of Pollution) values were very much affected by seasonal variations in the phytoplankton community.