THE LANCET

Supplementary webappendix

This webappendix formed part of the original submission and has been peer reviewed. We post it as supplied by the authors.

Supplement to: Burn J, Gerdes A-M, Macrae F, et al, on behalf of the CAPP2 Investigators. Long-term effect of aspirin on cancer risk in carriers of hereditary colorectal cancer: an analysis from the CAPP2 randomised controlled trial. Lancet 2011; published online Oct 28. DOI:10.1016/S0140-6736(11)61049-0.

$\label{thm:continuous} \textbf{Supplementary Table 1. Study population in detail based on initial randomization to different intervention groups}$

	Included in this analysis (n=861 i.e. 427 + 434)				Excluded from this analysis	
	Aspirin		Aspirin Placebo (AP)		Randomised to Resistant Starch (RS) or Resistant Starch Placebo (RSP) only	
	Aspirin and RS	214	RS and AP	208	RS only	41
	Aspirin and RSP	204	RSP and AP	216	RSP only	35
	Aspirin only	9	AP only	10		
Total (937)		427		434		76

$Supplementary\ Table\ 2:\ The\ distribution\ of\ Serious\ Adverse\ Events\ by\ randomization\ group\ to\ aspirin\ intervention\ on\ intervention\ phase$

	Aspirin N (427)	AP N (434)
Probable or possible peptic ulcer	7	8
Cerebrovascular events	2	1
Cardiovascular events	1	5
Deep Venous thrombosis	2	0
Major other	4	9
Minor Other including bleeding	5	1
TOTALS	21	24

Supplementary table 2 continued: Detailed breakdown of Serious Adverse Events

Abdominal abcess	0	0
Acute cholecystectitis	1	1
Anaemia	1	0
Anal epithelioma	0	1
Aspergillosis	1	0
Atrial fibrillation	0	0
Black stools	1	1
Bladder stone	0	1
Bleeding from femoral artery	1	0
Breast cancer	1	2
Caecal spirochaetosis	0	0
Cardiac pain	0	1
Cellulitis in leg	0	0
Cerebral haemorrhage	0	0
Cerebral vasculitis	0	1
Coronary arterial stenosis	0	1
Coronary thrombosis	<u>_</u>	0
Died (before receiving therapy)	0	0
Duodenal ulcers	3	3
Deep venous thrombosis	2	0
Endophlebitis	0	0
Failure of anal stoma repair to heal	0	1
Gastric ulcer	0	1
Gastritis	0	1
Gastrointestinal bleed	1	<u>1</u>
Gum bleeding	1	0
Hernia with gastric reflux	0	0
Hip replacement	0	1
Liver cancer	<u></u>	0
Lung sarcoidosis	0	1
Malignant melanoma	<u></u>	0
Meningioma brain tumour	0	1
Myocardial infarction	0	2
Numbness on one side of body	0	1
Operation to close abdominal jejunostomy	0	1
Pancreatic cyst	0	1
Hysterectomy	0	1
Pre-tracheal lymphoma	0	1
Prostate cancer	1	0
Pyelonephritis	0	0
Rectal bleed	1	1
Severe nose bleed	1	0
Spinal canal stenosis	0	1
Stroke	2	0
Testicular mass	0	1
Vaginal bleeding	1	0
Vaginal bleeding Ventricular fibrillation	0	1
venurcurar morniation	U	1

Supplementary Table 3. Demographic details for those with follow-up information showing time on study in months

	Participants with further long-term follow up data	Participants without long-term follow up data	Total
Number of participants	671	190	861
Time on CAPP2 intervention study mean (sd) (range)	27.0 (13.0) (1.1, 74.4)	18.6 (12.9) (0.8, 60.6)	25.2 (13.4) (0.8,74.4)
0-23 months	186 (27.7%)	115 (60-6%)	301 (35·0%)
24-47 months	395 (58.9%)	66 (34·7%)	461 (53·5%)
48+ months	90 (13.4%)	9 (4·7%)	99 (11·5%)
Time since study entry mean (sd) (range)	66·1 (26·8) (2·5, 128)	18.6 (12.9) (0.8, 60.6)	55.7 (31.4) (0.8,128)
0-23 months	28 (4.2%)	117 (61-6%)	145 (16.8%)
24-47 months	123 (18·3%)	64 (33·7%)	187 (21.7%)
48-59 months	126 (18·8%)	8 (4·2%)	134 (15.6%)
60+ months	394 (58·7%)	1 (0.5%)	395 (45.9%)
Age at recruitment mean (sd) (range)	44.7 (10.6) (24.7, 75.5)	43.0 (10.7) (21.5, 77.9)	44-3 (10-6) (21-5,77-9)
21-36 years	159 (23.7%)	56 (29.5%)	215 (25%)
37-45 years	166 (24·8%)	49 (25.8%)	215 (25%)
46-53 years	170 (25·3%)	45 (23.7%)	215 (25%)
54- 78 years	176 (26·2%)	40 (21.0%)	216 (25%)

$Supplementary\ Table\ 4.\ \ Number\ of\ years\ until \ first\ colorectal\ cancer\ diagnoses\ by\ years\ since\ randomization\ for\ those\ with\ a\ CRC\ diagnosis$

Years Since randomization	Randomized to aspirin (N=427)	Randomized to AP (N=434)	Randomized to RS or RSP only (N=76)*
0-1	1	0	0
1-2	5	6	0
2-3	5	7	2
3-4	1	1	2
4-5	2	3	1
5-6	1	4	2
6-7	1	2	0
7-8	1	4	0
8-9	1	1	0
9-10	0	0	0
10-11	0	2	0
Total	18	30	7

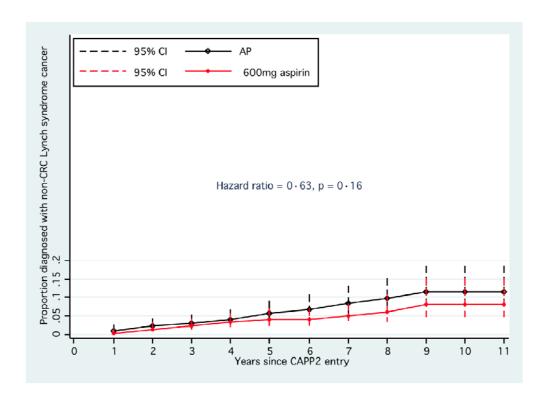
^{*} This group was not included in the analysis for this study.

Supplementary Table 5. Distribution of Lynch Syndrome related cancers

	Randomized to aspirin (N=427)	Randomized to AP (N=434)	Randomized to RS or RSP only (N=76)*	Total
Participants with cancer attributed to				
Lynch Syndrome				
Colorectal cancer	18	30	7	55
Other Lynch Syndrome cancers:	16	22	4	42
- Endometrial				
 Pancreas 	5	13	3	21
- Ureter	3	2	0	5
- Brain	2	1	0	3
 Small Bowel 	2	0	0	2
- Gastric	0	2	1	3
 Cholangiocarcinoma 	0	2	0	2
- Kidney	1	0	0	1
- Ovarian	0	1	0	1
	3	1	0	4
TOTAL	34	52	11	97

^{*} This group was not included in the analysis for this study.

Supplementary figure 1. Kaplan-Meier function of time to first non-CRC Lynch syndrome cancer comparing those randomized to aspirin with those randomized to aspirin placebo (AP) adjusted for gender. Each point on the plot shows the estimated cumulative incidence by years of follow-up together with the corresponding 95% confidence interval.



Supplementary Table 6 CRC by participants' molecular diagnosis

Gene Status	CRC not detected N(%)	CRC diagnoses* N(%)	Total
Clinical diagnosis	156 (96)	7 (4)	163
MSH2 mutation carrier	264 (93)	20 (7)	284
MLH1 mutation carrier	436 (94)	28 (6)	464
MSH6 mutation carrier	26 (100)	0 (0)	26
Total	883 (94)	55 (6)	937

^{*}Includes 7 cases with CRC randomized to RS or RSP only